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United States v. Anderson (Spokane Tribe)

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Proposed Conclusions of Law by State of Washington, Department of Natural Resources

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FILED IN THE U. S. DISTRICT COURT Eastern District of Washington

JUN 1 6 1978

J. R. FALLOUIST, Clerk
Deputy

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SPOKANE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff.

CIVIL NO. 3643

v.

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PROPOSED CONCLUSIONS OF LAW BY STATE OF WASHINGTON, DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

BARBARA J. ANDERSON, et al.,

Defendants.

- 1. The effective date of the creation of the Spokane Indian Reservation is January 18, 1881, the date of the Executive Order signed by President Rutherford B. Hayes.
- 2. The federal government reserved the right to use the water for lands withdrawn from the public domain to the extent necessary to fulfill the purpose of the Reservation and no more.
- 3. Waters reserved are of a final amount and priorities and are appurtenant to specifically define lands.
- 4. The reservation of waters by the federal government in creating the Spokane Indian Reservation was for the purpose of domestic and irrigation purposes.
- 5. No reservation of waters were intended or implied for fishery of trout in Chamokane Creek or its tributaries.
- 6. No reservation of waters were intended or implied for ceremonious, religious, aesthetic, or recreational purposes in Chamokane Creek or its tributaries.
- 7. Settlement and payment of claims to the Spokane Indian
 Reservation for the lands and property ceded to the United States
 lying outside the boundaries of the Spokane Indian Reservation

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pursuant to proceedings before the Indian Claims Commission eliminates any extra territorial rights as to water by the Spokane Indians and any water right reservations of waters that affect land outside the Spokane Indian Reservation.

- 8. Settlement and payment of claims by the Spokane Indians for the land and property rights ceded to the United States pursuant to the proceedings before the Indian Claims Commission lying outside the boundaries of the Spokane Indian Reservation permits use of waters on such lands lying outside such boundaries consistent with State law and not subject to any implied reservation of water rights.
- 9. Plaintiffs and intervenors in the exercise of any water rights and protection thereof have only the rights through State law afforded them by reason of ownerships of lands riparian to Chamokane Creek.
- 10. In the alternative, the Act of May 29, 1908 (35 Stat. 45) terminated any reservation of waters by reason of the creation of the Spokane Indian Reservation except for the purpose of management of timber, domestic uses, irrigation of individual Indian allotments made prior to January 1, 1909.
- 11. The State of Washington, Department of Natural Resources is entitled to the right to utilize 1,905,018.40 gallons annually on the lands and in the individual amounts as shown on Exhibit 24, with the priority dates as shown on Exhibit 67, except that indemnity land shall have a priority date of statehood.
- 12. Nothing in this action shall prohibit the State of Washington to utilize such amounts of water from Chamokane Creek, its tributaries or any waters of the Chamokane Creek basin for fire protection.
- 13. The plaintiffs are not entitled to an injunction against any defendants in this action.
- 14. Plaintiffs have failed to establish what portion of the partial irrigable land lying within the Chamokane Creek watershed are not:

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- a. lands classified as timber lands under the Act of May 28, 1908,
- b. lands classified as agricultural lands under the Act of May 28, 1908,
- c. lands allotted prior to January 1, 1909 and not subsequently alienated.
- 15. Lands classified as timber lands under the Act of May 28, 1908 have reserved waters for timber management purposes only.
- 16. Lands classified as agricultural lands under the Act of May 28, 1908 have no reserved water rights.
- 17. Lands allotted prior to January 1, 1909 and not subsequently alienated have reserved water for agricultural purposes if contained within the approximately 6000 acres of irrigable land within the Chamokane basin.
- 18. Lands with reserved rights must be irrigated out of the Spokane and Columbia Rivers first if such is economically feasible.

 Dated this 15 day of June, 1978.

Respectfully submitted,

SLADE GORTON Attorney General

THEODORE O. TORVE

Assistant Attorney General

Attorneys for State of Washington Department of Natural Resources