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## Trial Transcript, Vol. 24, Afternoon Session

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case # 4993

File # 131.

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
WASHAKIE COUNTY, STATE OF WYOMING
IN RE:
THE GENERAL ADJUDICATION ) OF RIGHTS TO USE WATER )
IN THE BIG HORN RIVER ) Civil No. 4993 SYSTEM AND ALL OTHER )
SOURCES, STATE OF ) WYOMING. FILED
3/11 19.81
Margaret Lempte CLERK
DEPUTY
WATER OA
VOLUME 24  Afternoon Session
Thursday, March 12, 1981
•

409 WEST 24TH STREET CHEYENNE, WY 82001 13071 635-8260

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PRONTIER REPORTING SERVICE

201 MIDWEST BUILDING CASPER, WY 82601 (307) 237-1433

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THE SPECIAL MASTER: Please come to order.

We will begin and resume.

MR. WHITE: Before I go forward with Mr.
Billstein's cross, Your Honor, I wanted to do
two things. First, I wanted to apologize on
the record to Ms. Sleater for not receiving at
her office the State's Ninth Interrogatories
and Requests for Production. It was sent to a
street address and not your Post Office box
number. One was sent to Mr. Echohawk, so we'll
deliver one now.

I haven't found that one yet, it's coming up from Denver.

The second thing I'd like to do, Your Honor, has to do with the involvment of groundwater in this case. As you know, it's been the State's position that the reserved right did not apply to groundwater. Yesterday or the day before you engaged in the colloquy with either Tribal counsel or Justice Department lawyers, I can't remember which, in which there was some discussion whether western water law required senior water right users to use wells, and I wasn't sure about it at the time, but I have since become sure, and I wanted to give to Counsel and to the

Court, a copy of the District Court Decision in Colorado by Judge Eakes, January of last year, in what's commonly referred to as Rules and Rights Case in the Rio Grande and he addresses this problem on Page 23 through 26 of the opinion -- excuse me, 23 through 29. The facts of that case are roughly described on Pages 23 through 26, and the portion of the opinion that applies to the question raised by the Master is on Page 27. The first full sentence, 10 the Court has been discussing the United States 11 Supreme Court case that goes by the name of 12 13 Schodde, a 1912 case that was described in the 14 opinion which said that "Every appropriator or 15 every user of water was required to have an 16 efficient means of diversion."

And then on Page 27, the first full sentence:
This may take the form of requiring the senior
appropriator to drill a new well or wells to
augment or replace the surface diversion before
I can require the curtailment of junior rights.

Now, Your Honor, I want to make clear the State's position that reserved rights do not apply to groundwater, but I felt constrained because I was quiet, to let you know what I had

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1	found.
2	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Did you file appearances
3	for both gentlemen from your office?
4	MR. WHITE: Yes, sir, during oh,
5	several weeks ago we
6	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Okay.
7	MR. WHITE: I don't believe I showed that
8	Scott Krob was in attendance, and he's been in
9	and out, Your Honor. Both of them were admitted
10	for purposes of this case several weeks ago.
11	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I just didn't remember.
12	MR. WHITE: Mr. Rifkin and Mr. Krob,
13	they're my lawyers, Your Honor.
14	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Okay.
15	Q (By Mr. White) Mr. Billstein, do the annotations
16	indicating tract numbers on Exhibits HB-1083,
17	1082, 1084, 1097, 1099, 1098, 1111 and 1110
18	include all the parcels of land which comprise
19	the 1;204 acres in use shown for Muddy Creek
20	area on C-137?
21	A To the best of my knowledge they are.
22	Q Okay. Do you know, excuse me, is it true that
23	Tract 20-1 contains less than one acre of land?
24	A That's correct. I should point out that both,
25	billstein-cross-white

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1	· · ·	for Tracts 20-1 and 20-2, being that they are
2		less than one acre, they were rounded down and
3		aren't officially in our tabulations. I hope
4		the Court recognizes that at times we rounded up
5	•	and it gives us that proper
6		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Balance.
7		THE WITNESS: Balance, yes.
8	Q	(By Mr. White) Twenty-three contains 57.3
9		acres of Class 4 land?
10	A	That's right.
11	Q	Twenty-four, 95.1 acres of Class 4 land? It
12		should be on photo "13" 120.
13	A	95.1 acres?
14	Q	Yes, sir. Class 4?
.15	A	Yes.
16	1	
17		
18		
19		. * * * *
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10-1 V-eg			2326
	1	Q	(By Mr. White) 20-5, 19.7 acres, Class 2?
•	2	•	THE SPECIAL MASTER: 19.7, did you say?
•	3	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	MR. WHITE: Yes, sir.
,	4	A	(By the Witness) I didn't write the types during the
	5		break. I'll have to check my individual aerials.
	6	Q	(By Mr. White) Let's come back to this and get the types
	7		later.
•	8	A	That's fine.
	9	Q .	The most important thing, next to the types, is to find out
	10		which parcels go with which figure.
	11		In 20-6, 7.3?
	12	A	I didn't think I responded to 20-5.
•	13	Q	I'm sorry. 20-5, 19.7?
	14	- A	That's correct.
•	15	Q	20-6, 7.3?
	16	Å	Yes.
	17	Q	20-7, 4.6?
	18	A	Yes
	19	Q	20
	20		MR. PERRY: Your Honor, excuse me. I would object
	21	•	to this. It seems that we are back to the same line of
	22		questioning that we were on yesterday, and you said then
	23		that the next time this came up and he was just checking
	24		numbers that he had already from the information that he
	25		had available to him, you would cut him off.
		billst	## CYOSS White   FRONTIER REPORTING SERVICE   201 MIDWEST BUILDING   CASPER, WY 82601   (307) 636-8280   (307) 636-8280
		3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	3

10-2	V-eg	2327	
	1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Objection overruled.	
	2	Go ahead.	
	3	MR. WHITE: I might state for the record we are	
	4	trying to make a record as to which parcels there are.	
	5	I'm sorry.	
	6	Q (By Mr. White) 20-8, 5.4?	
	7	A Yes.	
	8	Q 20-9, 5.5?	
	9	A I have 5.6.	
	10	Q 6. Okay. 20-10, 3.6?	
	11	A I have 3.9.	
•	12	Q 20-11, 8.0?	
	13	A Yes.	
	14	Q 20-12, 13.9?	
	15	A Correct.	
	16	Q 20-13, 15 even?	
	17	A Yes.	
	18	Q 20-14, 50.6.	
	19	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Five ôh you asked?	
	20	MR. WHITE: Yes. We couldn't read it.	
	21	A (By the Witness) 50.6.	
	22	Q (By Mr. White) We couldn't figure out the acreage at all	
	23	for 20-15. Could you give me that one, please?	
	24	A 37.6.	
	25	billstein - cross - white	
		AND WAST 24TH STREET FRONTIER REPORTING SERVICE 201 MIDWE	EST B

10-3	V-eg	<del></del>	2328
	1	Q	Is 20-21, 125? Have you got "16"-92 on your photo?
	2	A	1.5.
	3	Q	Okay. 20-22, 48.9?
	4	Α	.5.
	5	Q	20-23, 16.7?
	6	Α	6.7.
	7	Q	6.7. Okay. 20-24, 18.3?
	8	A	18.7.
	9	Q	7. Thank you.
	10	  -  -	MR. ECHOHAWK: What number was that?
	11		MR. WHITE: 20-24.
	12	0	(By Mr. White) 20-25, 14.9?
	. 13	A	Correct.
	14	0	20-26, 2.3?
	15	A	Correct.
	16	Q	20~18, 48.9?
	17	`	MR. ECHOHAWK: What photo is that on?
	18		MR. WHITE: That's "16"-96, I believe.
	19	A	(By the Witness) 48.9.
	20	Q	(By Mr. White) Okay. 20-19, 100.8?
	21	A	Correct.
	22	Q	20-20, 85?
	23	À	Correct.
		0	20-16, it's either 35.1 or 55.1, or is it something else?
	24	`	
	25	DII	Istein - cross - white  AGG WEST 24TH STREET FRONTIER REPORTING SERVICE 201 MIDWEST RUMBS.

10 4	)-4 V-eg		2329
₹	1	A	64.0.
ਤੋਂ , ਭ	2	Q	64.0?
ਰ ਰ	3	A	Right.
ਬ਼ੇ	4	Q	For 20-16?
<b>∃</b> 	5	A	20-16. There's probably several types. You have to add
র ব	6	,	the accumulative types.
3	7	Q	Okay. 20-7, 1.2?
<b>J</b>	8	A	That's 20-17.
<u>ব</u>	9	Q	17. I'm sorry.
্ ব্	10	À	1.2.
ત્	11	Q	20-27, 23.2?
<b>ਦ</b>	12	A	Which photo?
જ ⊯	13	Q	"16"-94.
	14	Ä	What was the number again?
	15	Q	23.2.
	16	Α	23.2 for 20-27.
مورد مورد	17	Q	Right. 20-28, 9.8?
فوب	18	A	Correct.
فير	19	Q	20-29, we couldn't figure it out.
الويوم المسدد	20	A	6.2.
مويدن. مويدن	21	Q	20-30, is that comprised of one parcel of 34 and one parcel
فييد	22		of 51.6?
فورد اليوار اليوار اليوار	23	A	I'd have to check the aerial.
اليوار خصف	24	Q	Well, what's the total?
المال المال	25	6177	stein - cross - white

	10-5	V-eg		2330
9		1	A	19.4.
		2	Q	19.4. That was beyond our guess.
		3	,	Could you check your photo and tell us if that
5		4		was made up of some component parts?
300	•	5	A	Just looking at it, I know it was.
		6		THE SPECIAL MASTER: That should be a sufficient
		7		answer, I think. He said, "Just looking at it, I know it
		8		was."
50		9		MR. WHITE: Okay.
		10	Q	(By Mr. White) 20-31?
		11		MR. ECHOHAWK: Photo number?
4		12		MR. WHITE: "17"-83.
		13	Q	(By Mr. White) That's 150 something, I think.
ولم		14	A	156.7.
سِلْم		15	Q	20-31?
ملية		16	A	8.9.
العلمية الما		17	Q	That's probably better if you can give me 20-33.
		18	A	0.9.
a cho		19	Q	20-34?
ملم		20	A	19.7.
		21	Q	20-35?
		22	A	15.9.
4		23	Q	20-36?
		24		2.7.
الله		25		1stein - cross - white
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4	V-eg	<del></del>	
			2331
	1	Q	20-37?
	2	A	54.1.
	3	Q	20-38?
8 -3	4	Α	7.4.
	5	Q	20-39
	6		THE SPECIAL MASTER: May I catch the last one,
	7		please?
8	8		THE WITNESS: 7.4.
	9	Q	(By Mr. White) That was for 20-38?
	10	A	Correct.
<b>S</b>	11	Q	20-39?
	12	A	3.4.
-	13	Q	20-40?
	14	A	This is on photo "17"-81, 33.8.
	<b>15</b>	Q	20-41?
	16	A	20.1.
	17	Q	20-42?
-	18	A	7.8.
	19	Q	20-43?
	20	A	19.9.
	21	Q	Do all of the parcels which we have just gone through for
طساحة	22		the individual acreage numbers comprise all of those parcels
3	23		which make up the 1,204 acres shown on Exhibit 137 for Muddy
	24		Creek?
-	25	bills	stein - cross - white
• 4		•	

1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: What?
2	MR. WHITE: Muddy Creek.
3	A (By the Witness) That should be correct.
4	MR. WEBSTER: Your Honor?
5	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yes, Mr. Webster.
6	MR. WEBSTER: We are to a point where it might
7	be a little break in the State's case. I wonder if it
8	would be appropriate and not too much of an imposition upon
9	the various parties if I proceeded to ask Mr. Billstein
10	a few questions in cross-examination concerning the Owl
11	Creek area?
12	THE SPECIAL MASTER: It would be appropriate,
13	as far as I'm concerned unless I hear objections from the
14	United States.
15	MR. ECHOHAWK: No objections from the United
16	States.
17	MR. PERRY: No objection from the Tribe.
18	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I have no problem. Regina?
19	MS. SLEATER: Tom has stated the United States'
20	position.
21	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Very well, Mr. Webster,
22	please proceed. We will switch subject matter on you for
23	a little bit.
24	
25	billstein - cross - white
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1		CROSS-EXAMINATION
2	BY MR.	WEBSTER:
3	Q	I'm not going to ask any hard questions, Mr. Billstein.
4		Mr. Billstein, during your investigation and
5		determination that there were approximately 340 additional
6		acres irrigated in the Owl Creek area, did you make any
7		determination or have any consideration with regard to the
8		availability of water in that area?
9	A	We were mapping lands in current use. That was the object
10		of the study.
11	Q	And so the answer, I guess, to that is no; is that correct?
12	A	Water was being delivered to those lands. In terms of
13		overall: water availability, no investigation was undertaken.
14	Q	Thank you. With regard to water being delivered to those
15		lands, as I picked up on the examination yesterday and as
16		I read the transcript from Monday and Tuesday morning, it
17		indicated that you had been on the parcels in February and
18		that your team had been on the property sometime last summer.
19		Is that basically correct?
20	A	That's correct.
21	Q	Was any determination made as to how recently water had
22		been delivered to those lands? I'm talking about the
23		parcels now in Owl Creek that make up 340 acres.
24		I'm sorry. I'm advised that the visits of your
25	billst	ein - cross - webster

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	1		(actually last delivered on those parcels of land?
	2		( citose parcers or rainer
	3	A	(By the Witness) I believe that the field notes reflect
	4		for the Owl Creek basin that water was being delivered in
	5		1980. The only system that I had major concern about that
	6		was Typer No 3, and I had made some contacts with the Water
	7		Commissioner, and he described that tract and said that it
	8		was reinstated, and being that it was not adjudicated, that
)	9		probably this field season they were going to have to take
<b>1</b>	10		steps to take it out of direct service.
•	11	Q	Which tract was that please, Mr. Billstein?
	12	A	Typer No 3.
	13	Q	Where was that located?
;	14	A	In the upper watershed.
•	15	Q	On Owl Creek?
	16	A	Yes, South Fork, Owl Creek.
<i>:</i>	17	Q	So you are prepared to advise the Court that water was
•	18		delivered to all of these tracts and these acreages during
	19	,	the 1980 water season; is that what you are saying?
,·	20		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I would be leary of the
•	21		question because I don't think that's what he really said.
	22		"All of these tracts" makes it quite an ambiguous question.
	23		He was testifying to a specific one.
,•	24		* * * *
•	25	b111	stein - cross - webster
, <del></del>			409 WEST 24TH STREET FRONTIER REPORTING SERVICE 201 MIDWEST BUYDU CASPER WY 82601

As I read the transcript of the Monday hearings,
I believe there was some indication that Type IV
lands were those lands, Type IV and V were
those lands that had sporadic water use and there
was some problem with getting water onto those
lands; is that correct?

billstein-cross-webster

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1	A	That's not correct.
2	Ω	Would you tell me what Type IV is then.
3	A	Type IV basically refers to an area that receives
4		good irrigation with water
5	Q	Received what kind of irrigation water?
6	A	A good supply of irrigation water for a duration.
7		Usually the drainage itself may have some water
8		supply limitations such as you referred to,
9		relative to Owl Creek or there may be some
10		physical problems with delivery which doesn't
11		allow water to reach all portions of the tract
12		in a in a level sufficient to qualify it as
13		a full-service acre.
14	Q	And yet all of those acres were included within
15		the totals that you made on Owl Creek, isn;t
16		that correct, even those that weren't
17	A	Absolutely. I think, if you look back at the
18		SCS irrigated lands inventory, the vast majority
19		of their typings, which have been roughly the
20		same categories throughout the whole Basin, show
21		the same type of delineations.
22	Q	When you classified some of the lands as No. Iy,
23		and I think in one instance No. V, then you must
24		have taken into consideration some of the
25	billstein-cross-webster	

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1		limitations of water availability in that water-
2		shed, isn't it correct? In your definition.
3	A	At this point in time it's a subjective type
4		of determination.
5	Q	Do you have any knowledge as to strike that.
6		Isn't it true, Mr. Billstein, that the
7		Owl Creek area is an area of extreme water
8		shortage for the
9		MR. ECHOHAWK: Objection, Your Honor.
10		The question is ambiguous as to what he means
11		as to extreme:
12		MR. WEBSTER: Maybe I'll try and rephrase
13		it, Your Honor.
14		THE SPECIAL MASTER: That would be good.
15		MR. WEBSTER: Knock out the word extreme.
16	Q	(By Mr. Webster) Isn't it true, Mr. Billstein,
17		that the Owl Creek area is an area of water
18		shortage for the irrigable
19		MR. PERRY: Objection.
20	:	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let him finish the
21		question please.
22	Q	(By Mr. Webster) Water shortage for the average
23		irrigable season?
24		MR. ECHOHAWK: Objection, Your Honor. It's
25	bi	Llstein-cross-webster

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beyond the scope of direct examination.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: It's beyond the subject matter on which this witness has been testifying. He's not an expert on the availability of water nor has he testified to it.

MR. WEBSTER: May I address that?

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Surely.

MR. WEBSTER: He just got through testifying he classified some acreage as acreage where there might be IV because water supply limitations.

MR. ECHOHAWK: That was Mr. Webster's interpretation.

MR. WEBSTER: I think he just testified to that and the record will so indicate.

on Type IV was its definition, which is land irrigated sporadically or irregularly by water spreading systems or by conventional system. The heading on Type IV land is occasionally irrigated, partial service, but I don't think that because he types land as Type IV that he is testifying as to the availability of water in that general area.

I don't know whether he can answer that billstein-cross-webster

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question or not because he has been typing some
lands that he observes as to whether they fall
in class meadow irrigation or Class 4, occasionally
irrigated or whether they are seeped lands, but
I'm going to overrule the objection and say to
the witness that he may answer the question if
he's able to answer the question or has knowledge
of the availability of water on Owl Creek.

THE WITNESS: A lot of things go into the typing rather than the classing of land use. Basically it's the appearance of the vegetation on the land tract, it's obvious whether it's getting a full water supply or a partial water supply. With respect to Owl Creek, literature has defined that it is water short, but it's a function of priority as to how it's water short. The problem of Anchor Reservoir compounds the issue with the leakage that's now occurring. Any of the old water availability issues are now somewhat into a gray area because the hydrology It was basically the physical has changed. appearance of the land, and the appearance of the physical systems that led to the typing of the land.

billstein-cross-white

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1	Q	(By Mr. Webster) Just to try to confuse the " . '
2		record a little further, perhaps, that's not
3		my intention, isn't it one of the determinations
4		that you make in typing Class 4 lands as to
5		water supply limitations, isn't that what
6		you just testified to a few minutes ago?
7	A	It's a subjective determination.
8	Q	Can you tell me how many of the acres included
9		within that figure for the Owl Creek Basin are
10		subject to existing permits with the State of
11		Wyoming?
12	A	Permits or certificates?
13	Q	Permits:
14	A	Permits?
15	Q	Yes.
16		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I don't recall him
17		testifying under direct anything regarding permits.
18		MR. WEBSTER: I don't know if he did, Your
19		Honor. I was just asking if he could tell me
20		that.
21		MR. ECHOHAWK: Well, Your Honor, if it's
22		beyond the scope of direct examination the cross
23		is improper.
24		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I hate to provoke Counsel,
25	bil	lstein-cross-webster

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but I guess I should have shut up. MR. WHITE: I should say he did testify some of the lands that are in current use unadjudicated were the use of unadjudicated permits. He didn't specify which ones, and that was on direct examination. MR. WEBSTER: What prompted my question was what came out yesterday, basically what Mr. White indicated. 10 THE SPECIAL MASTER: He may answer if he knows the answer. 11 THE WITNESS: There are certainly some of 12 the unadjudicated areas that have a permit of 13 record. That wasn't important to us in that our 14 breakout was between adjudicated lands and 15 unadjudicated lands. It helps delineate the 16 area of study for us. 17 (By Mr. Webster) So can you answer that question 18 or not, Mr. Billstein? 19 You want a listing of every single permit? 20 No. I just want to know approximately how many 21 acres included within that 340 acres or whatever 22 you finally determined, are subject to some 23 type of permit with the State of Wyoming, if you 24

billstein-cross-webster

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1		know?
2	A	It's really not important.
3		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Whether it's important
4		or not is really up to me to decide, I suppose,
5		but if you can answer it, if you can't, say you
6		can't, that's all.
7		THE WITNESS: To the best of my recollection,
8		most of those acres are a matter of permit of
9		record, unadjudicated.
10	Q	(By Mr. Webster) Mr. Billstein, yesterday,
11		while you were testifying with regard to Exhibit
12		130, for annotation purposes it was referred :to
13		as 35 a parcel on there, Parcel A was referred
14		to as 35.1 A, and I wonder, somehow it didn't
15		get put on the map, I wonder if you would
16		annotate that for the record so the record would
17		be clear, in marking 35.1 A.
18	A	If someone could clarify to me that this is
19		actually 35.1 A. I can't recall.
20	Q	Why don't you take a look at HB-11.
21		(Brief pause.
22	Q	Would you please annotate that then on U.S.
23		Exhibit C-130.
24		(Witness complied.
25	bil	lstein-cross-webster

Thank you. I think that will help clarify the record a little bit.

> Mr. Billstein, in review of the record and my conversation with you this morning, you indicated that you determined the acreages in these various parcels by use of a plan meter, basically on those aerial photographs; is that correct?

It's called a planimeter.

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- I appreciate that. And that, I think I under-10 Q stand what the devise is, Mr. Billstein, even if I can't pronounce it. Some of the parcels 12 which you have indicated as being within the 13 total figure in the Owl Creek Drainage, are one 14 acre or 2.7 acres or something like that. Do 15 you have confidence that your planimeter is 16 that accurate that it can define a one-acre 17 parcel or a 2.7-acre parcel or a 5.9-acre parcel? 18
  - The standard procedure for planimetering A require three determinations of the acreage, and then taking the average of those. If there's a great amount of deviation between those you go back and repeat the process. That type of analysis is very accurate.

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1	Q	Did you ever, through the use of your field
2		workers or yourself when you viewed the acres,
3	]   	take any steps to confirm the acreage you had
4		previously set forth for these parcels?
5	A	Well, of course, the standard procedure of
6		running acreage on a tract three times, of course,
7		is the first step. Then we had a lot of
8		modifications with changes of boundaries in
9		adjudicated areas, changes in land use types,
10		all of which required additional breakouts of
11		those lands into either smaller or larger tracts
12		over the course of the investigation. Cumulative
13		adding and subtracting of the tracts always
14		came within the very small variance.
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12-1 V-eg		2346
1	Q	(By Mr. Webster) Was any of this confirmed on the ground?
2	Α	There were no surveying efforts made. The scale of the
3		photographs, the accuracy of the sectionizing of the
4		photographs, allowed an accurate planimeter determination
5		to be made.
6	Q	You mentioned earlier to me the Typer No 3 area, I believe?
7	A	Right.
8	Q	Right. As on the upper drainages of the Owl Creek; is that correct?
9	A	Yes.
10	Q	Would you be able to identify what parcel that particular
11		area was designated as?
12	A	Certainly. While I'm researching this, you may have to
13		grab the Owl Creek exhibits because I don't believe I have
14		the tract numbers written down in front of me.
15		(Pause.
16	A	(By the Witness) H4-17.
17		MR. WHITE: That's not the number.
18		THE WITNESS: No, that's not right.
19		(At this time an off-the-record (discussion was held.
20		
21	A	(By the Witness) H5-270. That is tract 33-2.
22	Q	(By Mr. Webster) And do you know offhand how many acres
23		that is?
24	A	Approximately nine acres.
25	bill	stein - cross - webster

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12-2 V-eg	2347
1	Q I'll get that off your desk.
2	Do your field notes indicate that this area had
3	been irrigated?
4	A The field notes for the October visitation said: Good
5	laterals in field. Ditch in very good condition. Diversion
6	is in low area next to creek. Creek's banks are very low.
7	In the backup or follow-up form that the field
8	inspectors put together when they returned to the office,
9	it says: Typer Number 3 Ditch is in very good condition,
10	has run water this year. Diversion is just a cut in creek
11	bank and would run water when creek is high.
12	My observation
13	Q Before we go on, could you tell me
14	MR. ECHOHAWK: Your Honor, he's entitled to finish
15	an answer.
16	MR. WEBSTER: Well, while he's got that out, Your
17	Honor, may I ask him the book and page number that he takes
18	that from on his field notes?
19	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Sure.
20	A (By the Witness) Mr. Johnston's book, Book A.
21	Q (By Mr. Webster) And what page?
22	A Page 1-6-2. The follow-up field form would be in the Owl
23	Creek file under H5-270. My notations were: System needs
24	some rehabilitation. Evidence of recent use.
25	billstein - cross - webster

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الاستراق الاستراق it's appropriate that we proceed to discuss it now because if we can arrive at an agreement on this now, it will alleviate a day or a half a day devoted to this special matter in the weeks ahead.

This is an order proposed by Mr. Webster -- well, go ahead, Mr. Webster. You are there and you may proceed.

MR. WEBSTER: You were doing fine.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Okay. I'll try it. It's on his oral motion to limit access onto and through private lands within Water Division Number 3, and the order would have me order that the United States, as well as the Tribes and including the State, shall enter -- shall not enter onto, fly over, or obtain access through any private land in the Division for the purpose of gathering information or conducting tests or interviewing occupants thereof pertaining to the lawsuit without first having, one, identifying the owner of said parcel and determining if such owner is represented by counsel.

I'll stop there to observe that it will be very difficult for them to comply with number one without breaking the admonitions before it which is that they shall not enter the land without first having identified the owner. They may have to first enter the land and ask the owner if he has counsel. I don't know how else he could find out if

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the owner has counsel in this complicated lawsuit. MR. WEBSTER: Can I address that, Your Honor? THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yes, I welcome it. MR. WEBSTER: It seems to me they can find out, once they find out the owner of the property, they can go to the pleadings in this case to determine whether or not a pleading has been entered on behalf of those private landowners. For every individual I've entered a lawsuit for, I have entered an appearance and I've identified the land 10 and I've certainly identified the owner. 11 THE SPECIAL MASTER: A year and a half ago I 12 can almost see Mr. Jack Palma getting up and saying, "Well, 13 I think the Attorney General's Office maybe could help with 14 this," and maybe if we can inquire of your office, is that 15 still true, Mr. White? He's been gone a year and a half, 16 but --17 MR. WHITE: Well, I'm sure if Jack said it it 18 was true or was true at that time. 19 THE SPECIAL MASTER: Would you find out if it's still maybe the case? 20 MR. WHITE: It's my impression that we have gone 21 through the pleadings in the case and have tried for our 22 23 own purposes to identify those persons who have appeared pro se, who have appeared by counsel, or who have not appeared 24 at all. 25

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If we have such a list, I doubt that it is up to date more than within about a month. It's probably about a month old because that's the way our bookkeeping seems to work.

We will provide it to the Court. Mr. Webster is right that anybody could develop the list, but we'll be glad to provide it to the Court for the Court's files, for the convenience of the parties and the Court.

I can't say that it's a hundred percent accurate, but it's accurate enough that we rely on it.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, you have the computers. You have the personnel, and in the early stages of the lawsuit, you had, you know, the facilities to offer to try to help and expedite it.

Let's assume that a genuine or an attorney or an engineer with BLM would have need to inquire of places and have need to comply with this other than to determine whether an owner is represented by counsel. He ought to be able to understand that they are making an effort to comply with the order that says they have to talk to the attorney before they can get onto the ground and they are making that inquiry by going to the owner's house and asking.

I don't think that's an intrusion or a trespass.

The Defendant can say, "No, I don't have any lawyer and I don't want any lawyer, and you get off of my land."

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He found out in a hurry if he has counsel or not.

MS. SLEATER: I would like to raise a procedural point at this point before we go any further, which is to state that as Mr. Webster represents certain specified individuals, he can probably make motions for them, but unless he has the agreement of all other counsel in this case to make such a motion on behalf of everyone, I don't think it's appropriate to consider this motion at this time.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, it would be inappropriate to sign it at this time, but I think we can go ahead with the discussion.

MS. SLEATER: Further, Your Honor, I would like to point out that this motion is totally untimely and inappropriate insofar as there is no pending request for entry onto the Reservation.

The United States has not at any time made such request. The Rules of Evidence, Rule 34 of the Wyoming Rules of Evidence, particularly makes provisions for what is and is not required.

Now, it may be when we get to the situation where the United States is asking, as Wyoming did for the third or fourth entry, that it would be appropriate for the Court to make some modifications in the Rules of Evidence, but until that time, Rules of Evidence are set up for exactly

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the situation, and when it becomes appropriate, it ought to be available, and as of this time there has been no such pending request, and this order would be totally inappropriate and untimely, whatever its conditions are.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let me meet your observation by saying I would be remiss in my duties as The Special Master if I didn't take the time and the trouble to alleviate the potential of hostility and ugliness that I see down the road involving the Forest and BLM lands that we have experienced some degree on on the Reservation with the Indians, and that's why I think it's altogether proper that we discuss this at this time, Regina.

If we can come to a meeting of the minds on a few landowners here regarding the visits from the BLM people, we will be diffusing something that has been growing and growing to some very strong degree in all western states in the last four or five years.

MS. SLEATER: If I could point out that the Rules themselves, when you deal with discovery, the appropriate place to serve notice of discovery is on their counsel.--

THE SPECIAL MASTER: We are not talking about discovery now at all. We are talking about the difficulties brought on by the fact that some of the Indians on their own fee lands, so to speak, in Class 2 don't like to have a visit on the area without knowing who is coming in for

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what purpose, and a non-Indian is in exactly the same category. A human is a human.

MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, I quite understand that, and I would point out that this is, in fact, discovery.

Rule 34 addresses in particular and specifically entry onto land. The only time the situation came up was that the fact that the State of Wyoming's request was outside of the normal discovery and that they were coming back for a third and fourth bite of the apple, as it were.

At this point in time, I asked Mr. Webster to identify any particular areas so we could check them out and see if there was a problem.

As far as I am aware -- and I have done a little checking -- we have not had people out in those areas doing any checking in regards to this case. I think it is a problem that is premature at the very best.

I appreciate Mr. Webster's concern and will make every effort, as we have instructed people in the past, not to enter onto private lands. When we wish to enter onto private lands, we will comply with the Rules of the State of Wyoming at that time and at that time perhaps a motion would be appropriate.

Until that time occurs, the motion is premature, and, in fact, what they are asking the Court to do is

modify the laws that were passed upon by the Supreme Court and the Legislature of this State for the conduct of court proceedings.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: It may be premature, but I was involved in the subject matter and, hopefully, in the hopes that I would rather have it be premature now than be behind the fact after an incident or after an unfortunate occurrence happens, it can only add to misunderstandings, tempers, and other things that I want to keep out of this litigation, which has no place in the adjudication of these water rights.

Let's have a look at the Rule, please.

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, for the record, the State of Wyoming, which is one of the parties against whom the proposed order would be issued, has absolutely no objection to it being considered now. I have a feeling we have been one of the unintentional offenders, and we are more than happy to deal with the problem now.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: It's a Rule of Civil Procedure, Regina, not a Rule of Evidence.

MS. SLEATER: Yes, I'm sorry. It's Rule 34...

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Rule 34.

MR. WEBSTER: Your Honor, my attempt in all of this is to give my clients the same protection as the Indians got this morning, nothing more, nothing less.

1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, particularly the
2	Indians could say they didn't get it this morning, but
3	they tried.
4	MR. WEBSTER: Well, they have got an order that
5	is going to be very similar to this, Your Honor.
6	THE SPECIAL MASTER: " to permit entry upon
7	designated land or other property in the possession or
8	control of the party upon whom the request is served for
9	the purpose of inspection and measuring, surveying, photo-
10	graphing, testing, or sampling the property or any desig-
11	nated object or operation thereon, within the scope of
12	Rule 26(b)."
13	And the request will be served upon the Plaintiff
14	after commencement of the action and upon any other party
15	with or after service of the summons and complaint upon
16	that party, which shall set forth the items to be inspected
17	either by individual item or category and describe each.
18	item and category with reasonable particularity.
19	The request shall specify a reasonable time,
20	place, and manner of making the inspection and performing
21	the related acts.
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MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, as I previously stated, the United States, when it would get to the point of wishing to conduct discovery on private lands, would comply with that, and to the extent a party was represented by Counsel, the appropriate thing to do would be to serve that counsel. All I'm trying to state is that's how things went with respect to the IndiansTribes for the first entries of the State of Wyoming.. It was only when it became burdensome that we felt it was necessary to have the Court enter into it.

I think most of the items Mr. Webster is talking about are covered by the rule to begin with, but I think furthermore, until there is a request pending, it is inappropriate for the Court on its own to modify the rules of discovery. And that when and if such an occasion arises that we would wish to make entry on the land, we would comply with the Rules of Civil Procedure.

MR. WHITE: On behalf of the State of Wyoming, we will confess the order. We have no objection, and I think it's perfectly within the rules.

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THE SPECIAL MASTER: The rule giveshthe control of the court a right to make a shorter or longer time and to make modifications, so I'm not violating the rule by doing this, Regina. I may be premature.

MR. WEBSTER: Your Honor, may I address
that? That just simply isn't the case. The
United States has had people out in the field
time and time again checking out private
landowner's rights on public and private land.
I know that to be a fact, Your Honor. The Court
can take notice that last summer --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: In this case.

MR. WEBSTER: Yes, sir. Last summer when we had those hearings in Worland, you recall the young lady from BLM, and she started testifying with regard to private landowner's rights, and it just isn't the case, and it's a misrepresentation for the United States to come in at this time and say, hey, Judge, we haven't done any of this. That isn't the situation.

The Forest Service has been working for two years on it, Your Honor. I don't know how long the BLM has been, but we know they were billstein-cross-webster

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1	working prior to last summer.
2	MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, if I could
3	correct Mr. Webster's statement. For the
4	record, Ms. Biarley, when she testified, testified
5	about three rights. The reason for the testimony
6	was those rights were filed on Federal lands.
7	MR. ECHOHAWKE I might also point out, Mr.
8	Webster is about a year late on his motion.
9	MR. WHITE: Oh, for crying out loud.
10	THE SPECIAL MASTER: He can't be both late
11	and early.
12	MR. ECHOHAWK: He's been a year late as
13	to the instances he's addressing.
14	THE SPECIAL MASTER: That's true. He's
15	a little late on those, but he's anticipating
16	some.
17	MR. WEBSTER: You aren't kidding. And when
18	they start to challenge my individual water
19	rights, I'm entitled to some protection.
20	The only difference is the State of Wyoming
21	asked for permission, the Federal Government
22	has never asked for any permission, they've just
23	gone in there and done it.
24	MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, again I request

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that Mr. Webster document the specific instances he's alleging occurred.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: We're not into that.

He's just reading some examples that happened

to be true edges on this sword is what he's

saying, and that's pretty obvious.

actual pragmatic circumstances, and one of them is the BLM official and an engineer and lawyer want to examine a ditch on somebody's land or have to traverse that land to get to it and they want to comply with this order, Mr. Webster.

And they'll go to the owner's home and ask, "Sir, we're identified under Big Horn Water Case and we need to do some research here." And he'll say, "Who are you with"?

"We're with the United States."

"Well, get the hell off of my property"
might be the next question, but before he makes
that charge, which is an unreasonable one, I
think, he might say "What do you want to know"

"Well, the first thing we like to know, sir, is do you have an attorney because we want to get permission to do this. If we're right we

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want to see your lawyer if we do. We have a
right to ask that." So this order has to be
reflected, should any of your clients or : : : :
any owner of water rights be asked if they have
counsel, they should answer forthwith whether
they do or don't. That's the first thing. And
if they do have counsel, the parties will then
leave immediately and check with counsel. And
then the matter comes into court for orders as
was done this morning in the case of the Indians
living on allottees. So that makes it in
compliance, and I think if we will restate the
numbers that way, add the words from said
counsel. Number 2, if it's determined from
said counsel.

Now, let's go to Number 3. If it's determined that he's not represented by counsel, that written permission should be obtained prior to the inspection.

MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, I point out that that's exactly the condition you refused to impart against the State of Wyoming this morning when they were asking for repeat entries. In this case the United States does not even have ---

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let's see if that's

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exactly what I refused to allow this morning.

We'll get a look at the rough draft, the order that Tony had prepared. Kind of wish he was still here, frankly, because we went over it point by point, but I don't recall refusing that exact situation on his order.

(Brief pause.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Number 2 ordered the State of Wyoming to identify the legal owner and the beneficial owner and show proof of notice to each individual owner by the State when requesting to enter his or her tract.

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, I would state for the record, Mr. Rogers and I have agreed on provision in paragraph 2 which is very similar to the one that you read. It just simply said that the State should notify the United States, the Tribes and individual owners, if any, by writing, which identifies the legal owner and any beneficial owner. We're willing to assume it for the Reservation; the United States ought to do it for non-Indians.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: You agreed to Number 2, in fact, by notifying the United States, the Tribes and the individual owners.

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MR. WHITE: Yes, sir, if any.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Then Number 3 should

stand in this order.

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MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, what Mr. White just said is he agreed to notify them, he did not agree to receive written permission, which is a totally different thing. I would like to point out the United States has not seen whatever Mr. White and Mr. Rogers has agreed to.

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, if we could stop yaking about this long enough --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Regina has a point. Let's change the language in Number 3 that if he determines the owner is not represented by counsel, written request to enter the lands shall be -- shall be given to the owner prior to inspection.

Now, if the owner is arbitrary or capricious, did not give a reasonable request to enter, then we'll have to have a hearing on it, and I'll give some language along the line of what the agreement is. In other words, let's use a similar burden on each of the two parties.

MR. WEBSTER: I thought I was, Your Honor.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: What?

MR. WEBSTER: I thought that's what I was doing.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I can appreciate that, but I wasn't around when Mr. Rogers and Mr. White agreed on the language of 2.

MR. WHITE: We haven't agreed on the whole language, but we have just gotten it back from the typist and before he left we agreed, or I agreed to his proposed language that I read to you.

I think is -- there should be no problem on that. The purpose of the entry is to detail what is to be examined, what is to be tested. Who designates the individuals that will actually go on the land, they may or may not be consulted, the lawyers, engineers or something, I don't know. It's just a thought, and it specifies the purpose, that's all right.

I think Number 1 is appropriate, vice versa, it's almost the same as this one. In fact, it is, you've taken it verbatim.

Number 2. All right, that's exactly identical, and the party shall be prohibited from making any written or oral inquiry with respect

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to any issues in this litigation, with respect to -- what does the other one say?

MR. WEBSTER: I think it's more restrictive than that.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Parties shall be prohibited from making written or oral inquiry, formal or informal. It doesn't say with respect to, but that sounds all right.

Okay. I think if you'll take a few suggestions that I made, you can have an order that I can sign next time we get together.

MS. SLEATER: : Your Honor, I'd like to again object insofar as to who Mr. Webster represents. He does not represent everyone. I would like to point out that as a matter of fact, the Court is now applying a stricter standard --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: He doesn't represent everyone. What's your next one?

MS. SLEATER: The Court is applying a stricter standard to the United States than it has applied to the State of Wyoming in this action insofar as the State of Wyoming was granted unlimited entry for three times previous. Furthermore, I'd like to point out that the motion as stated, seems to be to be over-broad

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and that Mr. Webster is trying to, he is concerned about fly-overs. Now, perhaps I can see his concern with low level helicopter fly-overs, however, I do not believe people are entitled to have control over the air space, and ---

THE SPECIAL MASTER: We're not raising that point. If I want to take a Bonanza and fly it, I'll fly it. If anybody else wants to they will.

MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, if I could read from the proposal. It is prohibiting any entry onto, fly-over or obtaining access --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, by fly-over he means a helicopter hovering and studying, which I think that's understandable. If you want to have to define it any further, we can modify it. Let's don't quarrel that closely again.

MS. SLEATER: Well, Your Honor, I just wanted to make this clear that --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Do you want to put the world "Helicopter" in? Would that be better?

MR. WEBSTER: That would be satisfactory to me, Your Honor. It's limited for the purposes of gathering information for this litigation, so

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THE SPECIAL MASTER: Surely.

MR. WEBSTER: -- think you're protected.

MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, low level flights might be possible but in some areas whether you're in a helicopter, you fly over people's lands.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right, Regina.

MS. SLEATER: But the most important thing I would like to stress is a double standard is being applied here, which is, I think, grossly unfair insofar as the Rules of Discovery have been held more than adequate for everyone, apparently, except for the United States.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Once again I take your objections last first. A double standard is exactly what we have avoided by the careful comparison, paragraph to paragraph and word to word of the order drafted by Mr. Webster and of the order submitted to me by Mr. Rogers this morning on behalf of the Indians.

The next item that there is a definite --well, the next item I cannot agree with either,
and the first one, that Mr. Webster does not

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	represent all of the parties. Of course he
	doesn't, but he does represent some and some
	is enough to justify the order. I don't propose
	that Mr. Webster should have a duty to check
	with everyone of the attorneys for other
	defendants. If he wishes I guess he will, but
	if he doesn't want to I don't think that he
	should have to in order to get an order of
	this kind any more than the other way around.
•	I'm not sure who's speaking for the particular
	Indians who own, who live on allotted lands
	The one position was that nobody represents them.
	MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, that's possible.

MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, that's possible.

The United States is trustee for certain trust assets. The people who own other lands are entitled to take their own positions. If they don't agree with me they can come in and represent themselves. I do not represent individual Indians in their individual capacity. .

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well --

MS. SLEATER: Let me just say once more, the order this morning was on a third request, it wasn't on a first shot. We haven't gotten out there yet.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I haven't signed an

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order here on the first shot. I said let's draft what we have and probably I will sign: it as an order at our next gathering. In the meantime you have chances to raise additional objections.

MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, all I would like to be is very clear and say we have not yet requested discovery on the land, and as such the State has requested previous times, which is --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I appreciate that very, very much.

MS. SLEATER: Okay, all right.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: And if the -- In the first place regarding the BLM portion of this, any rancher who has lands that he is enjoying on BLM lands, recognizes that he occasionally has to let BLM service people on as a part of his a.u.m. management, so he's not going to be all that put out.

Secondly, if a rancher has a forest grazing permit, he's used to seeing forest people coming around and asking questions about that annually. It's with regard to this particular case and water rights that this thing is going to apply to and it won't disturb too much of the

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interfacing, interaction of federal people and state people in this area except that this water suit means this particular application.

MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, as long as it doesn't interfere with the obligations of the government. And I've made my other objections and we are going to discuss it at a later point in time when perhaps more people will have notice that this is happening, and with that, I'll shut up.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right.

MR. ECHOHAWK: That just brought one other thing to mind. I have Forest Service people, they said they were going to conduct some of their additional work during the same time they're doing their normal daily routine or whatever, and they might just be out working someplace and go over and check a certain parcel or whatever that's on our land, but, you know, that seems like it's going to unduly restrict their work if we've got to go through this big to do every time they want to go look at something.

MR. WHITE: That's what the State has got to do, Your Honor.

MR. ECHOHAWK: They're just doing it in the

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course of their daily activities.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: We have completed this subject matter, let's go to the next subject matter.

MR. WHITE: Mr. Perry and I would like to have a very brief recess. We believe we've agreed to the language of our order and we'd like to have a recess so we might share it with Ms. Sleater and see if we are able to present an order without having --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: You and who would like this?

MR. WHITE: Bill Perry.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. Mr. Perry and Mr. White, take five minutes and work out what you can.

MR. RADOSEVICH: May I say something before we conclude?

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yes, Mr. Radosevich.

MR. RADOSEVICH: I've had the opportunity of reading the motion, and I would like to say that I support the order that has been drafted or the oral motion that Mr. Webster made as another representative of private parties in this litigation.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Very good. Okay, we'll

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(Thereupon a 15 minute (recess was taken.

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have a 15 minute recess.

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1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let us resume on the
2	record. Mr. Radosevich?
3	MR. RADOSEVICH: Yes, Your Honor. I have mainly
4	a question because of several concerns either of clients
5	or individuals who I personally know in the Lander area
6	with respect tows who is representing who on the Reserva-
7	tion.
8	It's been this person's understanding that the
9	Federal Government is representing his interests on the
10	Reservation. They are fee simple land, and in some cases
11	it is leased land, and my question here is, what I would
12	like clarified, is actually who the Federal Government, is
13	representing.
14	I understand there was a discussion on this this
15	morning.
16	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Is your person an Indian or
17	non-Indian?
18	MR. RADOSEVICH: No, this person is a non-Indian.
19	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Did he take that land from
20	an Indian individual?
21	MR. RADOSEVICH: This land is held in fee at the
22	moment. I think there is sufficient concern in and around
23	particularly Lander and some of the areas there as to exactly
24	who is representing their claims, and I presume there was
25	a part of the discussion this morning, but I think it has

1	to be clarified with respect to the representation of
2	non-Indian fee-held land.
3	THE SPECIAL MASTER: There was an excellent
4	question this morning that answers your question. Do you
<b>5</b> ,	want it from the record, or do you want it repeated by
6	Regina?
7	MS. SLEATER: I can do it very simply, leaving
8	out the theory.
9	Mr. Echohawk and I represent the United States
10	as Trustee for the trust assets on the Reservation.
11	We do not represent any Indian or non-Indian fee
12	land:
13	The only claims we are making are claims that
14	we think are appropriate for the needs of the trust assets
15	within the Reservation.
16	MR. PERRY: If I might add, Your Honor, the
17	Tribes are making a claim with respect to fee lands owned
18	by Tribal members and direct descendents of Tribal members,
19	but not to the people you have been referring to, non-
20	Indians.
21	MR. RADOSEVICH: Would that also include then lan
22	that is presently being leased by a non-Indian on the
23	Reservation?
24	THE SPECIAL MASTER: That's strictly between the
25	Lessor and Lessee.

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1	MS. SLEATER: Is it trust land?
2	MR. RADOSEVICH: Yes.
3	MS. SLEATER: We are concerned with both the trust
4	land.
5	MR. RADOSEVICH: Then I would suggest that some-
6	how or another notice be given to many of these individuals.
7	I am sure they are under the impression that they are being
8	represented by the Federal Government in this particular
9	case.
10	Just in general discussions in that area and a
11	person who is not a client of mine in a water matter, but
12	he is under the impression that he is being represented by
13	the Federal Government, and I would presume there are other
14	individuals in the same situation.
15	THE SPECIAL MASTER: It's hard to answer that
16	question.
17	MR. WHITE: Your Honor, I'might state that the
18	Attorney General's Office, one way or the other, has had
19	inquiries from, I believe, approximately half a dozen non-
20	Indians who are situated exactly the same as Mr. Radosevich's
21	clients are situated.
22	For some reason they are under the impression that
23	their interests are being protected by the Federal Government
	and he's called us to get confirmation of that, and we have
24	and he a curred us to see contribution of chat, and we have

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suggested either that they are not being represented by the

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Federal Government or that they contact Regina or Tom.

I know that -- or I believe and have some personal knowledge that that's a widespread belief among non-Indians on the Reservation, and I think Mr. Radosevich has hit the nail on the head that something ought to be done.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Aren't virtually all of those non-Indians on the Reservation residing in the ceded portion that was given by title from the patent by the United States after the ceding, in which case they are owned in fee simple in effect and they have State water rights?

MR. RADOSEVICH: Yes, Your Honor. I'm not sure whether that is true, but being located within the Reservation boundaries, my impression is from discussion that they are being represented simply because they are in the Reservation boundaries.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: That's not necessarily so.

MR. RADOSEVICH: Well, I realize this, but the question is if, in fact, it is not so, and particularly now when we are concerned about who has rights to water, whatever information or permission we are going to have to have in order to determine what the land is being used for and the water on it and particularly the ground water, I think these individuals should somehow be noticed, whether it be through directly the Federal Government in terms of a

statement of who they are representing --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: If you, Mr. Radosevich and Regina and Mr. White and Mr. Rogers and Mr. Sachse and Mr. Perry were to agree on what that notice should contain and would direct that I publish it, I'll be glad to, but I would be a little wary of drafting that notice.

You have non-Indians living in the ceded portion of patented. land and State water rights and, certainly they should know better than the United States is going to defend them, but maybe they do so.

The Attorney General's Office in some ways is:

defending them, but I don't think the Attorney General
would want to say they have a duty to.

They have been served like anybody else and so some have lawyers and some do not.

Then you have the non-Indians living on the leased land, and maybe some fee land on a portion of the Reservation that is still trust land, and it may be a unique area, so I'm not sure that a notice could apply to all of them without adding to the confusion, and that is something to avoid, and if you can all agree on what you think that notice should be, I'll be happy to look it over.

MR. RADOSEVICH: I think there is one more aspect to it which is being brought to light by the proposed Rules for the Indian Water Code.

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If these Rules are placed into effect, the question is if you have land within a Reservation to administer those lands, if the Code does not allow or if the IndiansCode is not consistent with the State Code, for the administration of water, somehow or other these people have to be taken into account to administer in an efficient manner.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Now, what you say is a philosophical subject matter that I have discussed before.

When I go back to my rather well-worn old cliche that you simply cannot have two managers on a river -- and I have had some experience of trying to make peace? by use of a joint council or a joint commission for the management of the levels of the lake and with power generation, agriculture and the other interests all represented, and that has to be of major concern in this State, but I can't do it in my lifetime unless I were to drop everything else I'm doing and the good Lord gave me about twenty more years than I'm entitled to, but maybe you younger people can fashion the right kind of laws that will give the total management of the Wind River number 3 -- or Water Division 3 and all the rivers in it to a State official, be he the State Engineer, and he understands that he's charged with the Constitutional duty of protecting all the water rights in that area, including those interests involved of the United

State of America, of the Indians, and of various types of individuals, the Tribes, and all others.

When he does and the codes are simplified, when he recognizes the exceptions from existing State law now, of these Indians' rights and when the Indians understand that we are trying not to integrate the society, but certainly make possible the management of these resources with a fair hand to everybody, that day will come, but I don't think you can do that now.

I would like to do that now in this case if I can, and maybe I will take a whack at it in the Decree and probably get in trouble, but I would like to do something like that if I can.

The longer I'm in the case the more I'm restricting myself back to the fundamentals of what Judge Joffee asked me to do, and that is to adjudicate any interests in the right to use the water and all other sources arising from the premise described in paragraph two, and I'm going to do that and nothing else, and if I have to say I haven't had time to look at the permits, all I did was adjudicate a water right, he'll understand.

MR. RADOSEVICH: I certainly understand you want to focus and understand the parameter, but I think in this particular case there is sufficient question that this ought to be addressed somehow giving these people notice

that they are not being represented and should seek

independent counsel or themselves participate in its

these matters.

Several other questions arise whether because the land was originally part of the Reservation and later -- I'm not sure when that was -- will actually that water right relate back to 1868? These individuals may have sufficient claims. If they have irrigable land that is not presently being irrigated, should they be --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: This Decree will certainly state with clarity and unambiguous language, I hope, that a reserved right going back to 1868 shall inure to and it will be specific and as to who it will not inure to, and that will be quite clear.

or approximately the entire Reservation, I suppose there ought to be some notice with virtually none of the State rights, but if it applies to only a certain portion, then we will have to open up the whole stipulation, and you may be years in the United States wanting an examination of every water right as meticulously as you see the Reservation being examined now in virtually every acre, so all we can do is hope that as we progress, some of these matters will be attended to, reconciled, laid to rest or resolved, and if you think we have to put a notice in the papers regarding

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those specific people on the Reservation whose water position is a unique one and they are not sure whether they are in the Federal protection or State protection or neither, again I say if you will confer on it with the Attorney General of Wyoming and with Regina and somebody through the Indian Tribes, we'll try to work out something agreeable, but I don't feel the duty to have to do that. I feel that service has been had on all Defendants and all parties involved.

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MS. SLEATER: Your Honor, if I could state for the record, the United States has tried, I've only personally received one inquiry from a fee owner on the Reservation who wanted to know if I was representing them, and I told them no, regrettably I wasn't. But we did serve our Statement of Claims because we wanted as much as possible people to know who we were representing and who we weren't, and when we served our statement of claims, it says in its opening portion, this claim is only for trust lands or trust lands on the Reservation, was served on the mailing list of 800 or 1,400, whatever, the counsel and pro se, because I remember I got hassled by my office for the copying bill. But we did try to let them know what our claim was, and I feel at this time in an awkward situation because I understand Mr. Radosevich's concern. It's been a concern of mine not only insomuch as people on the Indian Reservation, but there are a lot of people in the Basin who you bump into on the street and they say I'm not participating because I don't want to get involved in that, I want to keep my rights separate. And the people don't

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understand a legal process, and the fact that if there's been a notice of a lawsuit, they have to come in or not, but either way it might affect their rights.

But I don't think it's appropriate at
this time for all of us to send out notices
saying who we represent and who we don't
represent. Perhaps = generally as the suit
is going on there's been coverage in the local
papers, and I think that's one of the reasons
these questions are coming out more now because
people are becoming aware of it, and as individuals,
are talking to a lawyer or talking to someone
involved, that the issue is resolving itself
with some clarification.

MR. RADOSEVICH: I think there are as
many lawyers that are confused about this particular
issue as there are individual water rights and
landowners in that area. And I disagree with
Regina to the extent that I don't think we
should do nothing. I think we ought to have a
procedure, whether there's a legal notice, who
is represented and who is not so that they can
make this choice. I think they can call down
to the office, they can check with some attorneys,

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but I've had an attorney call me and he said
who is really representing who here. And
frankly, I presumed in all honesty that you were
representing all of the area in the Reservation.
And that I think the question is legitimate
enough and it's important enough, and in the
aggregate, the acreage may not be very large,
but to the individual —

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THE SPECIAL MASTER: Again, I repeat what

I've said twice now regarding my willingness

to cooperate. I don't feel a duty upon me to

proceed much further by way of notice. I've

run some big notices, not that I'm worried about

the coverage, but everytime I run one I get

some back in the mail with big language across

it; "What's this all about? If this affects me

I'm all 'agin' it."

What this stuff means, all sorts of stuff comes back in the mail to me. But if you feel there are some who should have a notice and you all will agree to that notice, your agreement ended as a concurrence, and Counsel don't take exception to it or find that in some way that I erred, I will certainly do it.

MR. WEBSTER: I'd like to, on behalf of

some people in Owl Creek, I notice there is substantial confusion with regard to those water rights. But I've set through here today and I heard the discussion this morning, and I've heard what Mr. Perry just said this afternoon, and I'll be doggone if I'm still not confused as to who is representing the Indians owning feelland on the Reservation.

Now, if their claim includes some land on the Reservation that's in fee, the Indians claim, the Tribal claim, then it would seem to me that they would be representing the Indians who own that fee land. From the discussion this morning, I understood that they were not, and I think Mr. Radosevich, what he's saying is absolutely correct, because I think it's far from clear, and it's a problem in my mind and I'm sure it's a problem in yours as to who are representing those people.

MR. PERRY: If I could respond to that.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yes.

MR. PERRY: First of all, the United States is making no claim on behalf of Indians who own fee lands on the Reservation.

MR. WEBSTER: I'misunderstood you, I'm sorry.

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MR. PERRY: Your Honor, excuse me -THE SPECIAL MASTER: Maybe we ought to
adjourn.

MR. PERRY: Excuse me, Your Honor, If
I was misunderstood, we do not represent the
individuals involved, we represent the Tribes.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: You just got through saying that you represent those individuals who own their own land if they're members of the Tribe.

MR. PERRY: I'm making a claim on behalf of the Tribes, only on behalf of the Tribes to serve lands that are owned by Tribal members in fee.

The clan is a Tribal clan.

MR. WHITE: I'd just like to find out, Bill, are you saying the Tribes are claiming water rights based on land owned by people that you don't represent?

MR. PERRY: The Tribes, it's the same as we were talking about this morning with lands owned in trust by individual members. The Tribes are asserting a claim based on lands owned by the Tribes, by individuals in trust and by Tribal members in fee. It's a Tribal claim, Tribal members have a right to share in the use

1	MR. PERRY: The Tribes now I represent
2	the Shoshone Tribes. The Tribes are making
3	claim for lands owned by Tribal members and
4	direct descendants on the Reservation. It's
5	a portion of the Tribal claim and that seems to
6	me that that's a clear explanation for you.
7	Does that
8	MR. WHITE: I sure don't understand it:
9	now.
10	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Does it By that
11	token, does Mr. Rogers and his firm, represent
12	the Shoshones: who own their own land in fee
13	who are members of the Tribe?
14	MR. WEBSTER: That's the issue.
15	MR. WHITE: That's the point.
16	THE SPECIAL MASTER: You just got through
17	saying your firm represents the Indians on the
18	Reservation who owned their own fee as long as
19	they are members of the Tribe. That's just what
20	you said, I believe. Is that a fact?
21	MR. PERRY: Yes, Your Honor.
22	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. That's
23	not what I understood this morning.
24	MR. WHITE: That's right, Your Honor. And

I'm not sure I still understand it.

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of that water.

notes, and I think they're accurate, taken from Regina's statement this morning. And this will be in the record, and I think it will govern and it deals with three classes of Indian and their land on the Reservation. Class 1 is Tribal trust land period. and that's owned and administered by the Tribal officials. And it's theoretically owned by every member, the beneficial owner of it is every enrolled member of the Tribe.

Class 2, those lands, the title is in the United States but it's beneficially and in trust for certain particular individuals who live on it who are Indians.

And Class 3, the Indian is the owner is fee simple having taken a title in fee simple.

MR. PERRY: That's right, Your Honor. On behalf --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: You have garbled that up a little bit by now telling us that you do not -- First you said you represent people in all three of these categories.

MR. PERRY: We don't represent people in all three categories, we represent the Tribes.

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1	The Tribes are asserting a claim on behalf of
2	the lands which fall in these three categories.
3	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All three categories?
4	MR. PERRY: That's right, Your Honor.
5	MR. WHITE: Your Honor
6	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Then you do represent
7	the fellow whose got himself a piece of land?
8	MR. WHITE: I think I got it figured out
9	I think, Your Honor, and I've got a motion.
10	I would move, Your Honor, that those
11	portions of the Tribes' claim which are based
12	on lands owned by persons which either Mr.
13	Rogers' firm or Mr. Sachse's firm do not
14	represent, in other words, if they're claiming
15	water for lands owned by people that they do
16	not represent, that those claims be dismissed.
17	I'll follow it up
18	THE SPECIAL MASTER: That portion of the
19	claim be dismissed. I'd be happy to do that if
20	you tell me who those people are.
21	MR. WHITE: I think we can do it pretty
22	easily with a little bit of discovery and I'll
23	make a written motion to follow up on it.
23	THE SPECIAL MASTER: We're not going to

move on those things right now because you'll

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1	get those things active now. But I will get
2	back, George, to your
3	MR. RADOSEVICH: I'd like to make it as a
4	motion.
5	THE SPECIAL MASTER: You think some notice
6	is in order now?
7	MR. RADOSEVICH: I move
8	THE SPECIAL MASTER: How many people do you
9	feel are involved?
10	MR. RADOSEVICH: Your Honor, I don't know.
11	My representing private individuals
12	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Do you still represent
13	the City of Lander?
14	MR. RADOSEVICH: Yes, I do.
15	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, let me strongly
16	suggest and urge upon you, as a part of your
17	duties as an excellent member of the bar and
18	helper to the Special Master, as all of you are
19	to help do justice, you, see if you and Mr.
20	White and Regina and the counsel for the Tribes
21	can agree on what kind of an order, and I will
22	sign it and I will run it in the papers at your
23	direction.
24	MR. RADOSEVICH: Thank you, Your Honor.

25

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Thank you. Okay.

1	Do we want to continue for an hour or so, Mr.
2	White and Regina?
3	MR. WHITE: Could I have just a minute,
4	Your Honor?
5	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right.
6	(Brief pause.
7	MR. WHITE: Could we have about a five
8	minute recess, Your Honor?
9	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. I'll just
10	stay, we'll stay in session. You go ahead and
11	take your five minutes.
12	(Thereupon a five minute (recess was taken.
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V-v	1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. We will
•	2	stand in recess until 9:15 in the morning.
•	3	MS. SLEATER: Thank you, Your Honor.
end	4	(Recess at 4:08 p.m.)
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## REPORTERS' CERTIFICATE

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State of Wyoming

County of Laramie

We, Merissa Racine and Viola J. Lundberg, Registered Professional Reporters and Notaries Public, hereby certify that the facts as stated in the caption hereof are true; that we did at the time, date and place, as set forth, report the proceedings had before the Honorable Teno Roncalio, Special Master Presiding, in stenotype; that the foregoing pages, numbered 2243inclusive, constitute a true, correct and complete transcript of our stenographic notes as reduced to typewritten form under our direction.

We further certify that we are not agents, attorneys or counsel for any of the parties hereto, nor are we interested in the outcome thereof.

Dated this 12th day of March, 1981.

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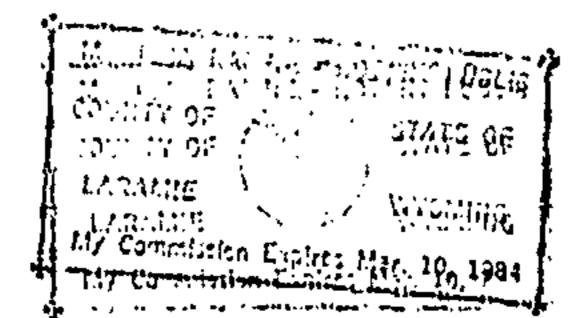
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