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case # 4993.

File # 158

1	IN THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
2	WASHAKIE COUNTY, STATE OF WYOMING
3	
4	IN RE:
5	THE GENERAL ADJUDICATION)
6	OF RIGHTS TO USE WATER) IN THE BIG HORN RIVER) Civil No. 4993
7	SYSTEM AND ALL OTHER) SOURCES, STATE OF)
8	WYOMING.)
9	
10	FILED
11	Margaret V. Hamston CLERK
12	DEPUTY
13	
14	
15	VOLUME 51
16	Morning Session
17	Wednesday, May 6, 1981
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1	APPE	ARANCES
2		
3	FOR THE STATE	HALL & EVANS
4	OF WYOMING:	2900 Energy Center One Building 717 17th Street
_		Denver, CO 80202
5		BY: MR. MICHAEL D. WHITE and MR. JAMES MERRILL, Special
6		Assistant Attorneys General
		and
7		MR. SCOTT KROB
8	FOR THE UNITED STATES	MR. JAMES CLEAR and MR. JOSEPH MEMBRINO
	OF AMERICA:	Attorneys at Law
9		Land and Natural Resources Division Department of Justice
10		P.O. Box 7415
10		Benjamin Franklin Station
11		Washington, DC 20044
12		and
13		MR. THOMAS ECHOHAWK
		Attorney at Law
14		Land and Natural Resources Division Department of Justice
12		1961 Stout Street
15		Denver, CO 80294
16		
17	FOR THE SHOSHONE	SONOSKY, CHAMBERS & SACHSE
	TRIBE:	200 M. Street
18		Washington, DC 20006 BY: MR. HARRY SACHSE
19		
20	CLERK TO THE	MR. LEO SALAZAR
- -	SPECIAL MASTER:	Attorney at Law
21		701 Rocky Mountain Plaza Cheyenne, WY 82001
22		······································
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THE SPECIAL MASTER: Please come to Order. Mr. White.

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, pursuant to your order of last evening, I've collected some, but not all of what I believe to be copies of Dr. Mesghinna's program listing. I would like the permission of the Court to give these to The Court rather than the United States, and the reason for that is that some of our expert's work product, their comments and their thoughts about the program are listed on the exhibit.

So I would hand those to the Court with the request that the Court destroy them.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: How many copies?

MR. WHITE: I think there are 12, Your

Honor, let me check them.

(Brief pause.

MR. WHITE: Thirteen, Your Honor.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Thirteen. And you do represent that to the best of your know-ledge these are all, you believe, that are out floating around?

MR. WHITE: No, I don't represent that.

I know there are more, but I haven't been able
to get ahold of them overnight.

1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: You will continue
2	to look for them?
3	MR. WHITE: I'll continue to look for
4	them, and I should tell the Court that I
5	have one in my possession which I assume
6	responsibility for the purposes of the
7	litigation.
8	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right.
9	MR. CLEAR: Your Honor, as you recall in
10	that FM-2, there were two computer programs,
11	one which preceeded
12	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, six pages all
13	told, this is the two programs, isn't that
14	it?
15	MR. CLEAR: As I recall this part starts
16	Stetson Engineers and there was quite a bit
17	before that and as I understand, that's the
18	same computer program written in a different
19	language. I think Dr. Mesghinna
20	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, these are seven
21	pages of documents that beginning with Stetson
22	Engineers, 1282 AG, Wold.
23	THE WITNESS: Mesghinna, Woldezion
24	Mesghinna.
25	THE SPECIAL MASTER: The next page, what

 -	}
1	is the word, W-o
2	MR. CLEAR: That's his first name, Your
3	Honor.
4	THE SPECIAL MASTER: What?
5	THE WITNESS: That's my first name.
6	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Oh, that's your
7	first name, of course.
8	MR. WHITE: Woldezion.
9	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Then there was one,
10	two and then there are five numbered pages,
11	that makes up the entire printout that we're
12	concerned with.
13	MR. CLEAR: No, Your Honor. As I said,
14	FM-2, which is the entire document we're
15	talking about had two computer programs in it.
16	The part preceeding the printout saying
17	Stetson Engineers, 1282, AG, Wold Mesghinna
18	THE SPECIAL MASTER: You mean the page
19	that begins, "This program sets up and prints
20	out the determinants of the growing season
21	for various crops"?
22	MR. CLEAR: Yes, Your Honor. As I under-
23	stand, this is the same program written in a
24	different computer analysis.

THE SPECIAL MASTER:

You totally failed to

<u> </u>	
1	discuss any of that yesterday.
2	MR. WHITE: Your Honor
3	MR. CLEAR: I did.
4	THE SPECIAL MASTER: You did not. You
5	went right to the middle of this
6	MR. CLEAR: That's where
7	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Handed it in and said
8	let's begin with the two pages beginning with
9	Stetson Engineers. There was no
10	MR. CLEAR: No, Your Honor; no, Your
11	Honor.
12	MR. WHITE: Your Honor, I think the
13	record will reflect I asked Dr. Mesghinna
14	whether those earlier programs were his and
15	he said no. I got permission of the Court
16	and consent of Counsel to substitute another
17	FM-2, which did not include the work that
18	Dr. Mesghinna was unable to identify, and I
19	hereby tender to the Court that replacement
20	FM-2 which excludes the previous information.
21	It starts with the Stetson Engineering program
22	that Dr. Mesghinna testified to.
23	MR. CLEAR: Yes, Your Honor. We excluded
24	the two pages which were the printout, which
25	we think is proper for cross-examination, but

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the -- oral argument and order covers all the pages of that document FM-2 except those two or three pages which have the printout. THE SPECIAL MASTER: I didn't think --4 I did not intend to do that when I signed it because it was not brought to my attention 6 that that was what you wanted. I clearly 8 understood you to tell me that what you wanted 9 this order to apply to were the pages beginning with the names Mesghinna and the five pages 10 thereafter. 11 MR. CLEAR: No. Your Honor. 12 THE SPECIAL MASTER: .. With the cropping 13 season which was exactly the subject matter 14 of what this was all about. 15 MR. CLEAR: Not the cropping season. 16 think that is proper to stay in evidence, 17 that's the printout, we think that is proper 18 and there was cross-examination on that. 19 THE SPECIAL MASTER: It's not proper to 20 stay in their possession however. 21 22 MR. WHITE: Your Honor , --23 THE SPECIAL MASTER: You wanted copies of it because of the argument you gave to support 24 your order. 25

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MR. WHITE: I might point out, Your

Honor, you are exactly right. You'd already
given us permission to replace the FM-2 that
was tendered to include those portions of

FM-2 that he was able to identify.

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THE SPECIAL MASTER: Mr. Clear, if you want copies of that, WRIR FM-2, dealing with those pages prior to the Stetson Engineers, 1282, Ag, pages, you will have to make different efforts to get them. They have no bearing whatsoever upon the matters before this Court yesterday afternoon. They were --

MR. CLEAR: Your Honor ---

to by the Witness, they were not discussed by the Witness. His testimony dealt purely with the translation for me and for the Court of the matters on Page 2 dealing with which crops in which months and how much rain for each one.

MR. CLEAR: Yes, Your Honor, and we think that's proper. The stuff I'm -- the portion beginning on Page 2 is proper, that's the printout, and we think that's proper and the order was drafted so that will remain in the possession of the State and there can be

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to what's in his report. What we are talking about is the program which preceds that printout and the order as drafted covers all pages of Exhibit FM-2 except 13.59.38, Page 2, and the next two following pages which have been identified by Dr. Mesghinna as being a computer printout.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Can you get those, Mr. White?

MR. WHITE: I don't know if I can.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Can you try? The order states what Mr. Clear says it states. You shall immediately return to them all computer programs and computer listings contained in the document captioned State's Exhibit FM-2, and the Exhibit FM-2-- And the Exhibit, FM-2, we talked about splitting it in two, but we didn't get around to it.

MR. WHITE: Well, you gave me the permission to do it, and I just gave you the replacement FM-2.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: You gave me a portion of FM-2 that had relevance to what I thought was the entire document.

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, I asked Dr. Mesghinna about those earlier programs. He said no, they weren't his programs. MR. CLEAR: Why don't we ask him again, Your Honor, and we can clarify it. MR. WHITE: I'd like to point out this 6 was delivered voluntarily by the United States. THE SPECIAL MASTER: I know that. MR. WHITE: It was looked at by their 9 10 counsel before it was provided to me. This was sort of a big joke during the deposition, 11 by Mr. Toedter. He told Mr. Billstein he 12 13 could hardly wait until he gave me that big printout and watch my eyes fall out of my 14 cheeks. This has just gone far enough. 15 MR. CLEAR: I'm not accusing --16 THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let's just keep in 17 mind the goal in this matter, and if the 18 first half of the papers of FM-2 contain the 19 unique proprietary rights of Stetson Engineers 20 that is sought to be protected by my ruling yesterday in this matter, and by the order, 22 then you'll have to comply with it too, Sandy, 23 as best you possibly can. 24

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MR. WHITE:

Well, Your Honor, I will try

1	to comply with it, but if I can add, on
2	Page 4539, for example, I specifically asked
3	of the transcript I specifically asked
4	Dr. Mesghinna whether or not those earlier
5	portions were his program and he says: That's
6	not mine.
7	MR. CLEAR: Let's ask him again, Your
8	Honor, maybe he didn't recognize
9	THE SPECIAL MASTER: He was under oath
10	when he answered. I'd like to think he was
11	telling the truth.
12	MR. WHITE: If he can't recognize his own
13	THE SPECIAL MASTER: You can ask him again
14	if you want to.
15	MR. CLEAR: Well, Your Honor, I've been
16	saying it's his program in a different
17	language, and if there's some question about
18	my veracity I would like to ask him that.
19	MR. WHITE: That's proper for redirect,
20	Your Honor.
21	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, if you would
22	be good enough to gather them up because
23	obviously they're not, they have no bearing
24	on the what you were cross-examining on

yesterday, which was the cropping pattern and

	,
1	growing seasons and planting order.
2	MR. WHITE: Let me explain what they
3	do have bearing on, Your Honor Mr. Toedter
4	is scheduled to return to testify again
5	about a depletion analysis that he did.
6	He provided those programs to me as part of
7	a deposition on that depletion analysis. And
8	I think I'm entitled to at least keep those
9	until I have a chance to inquire about those
10	. programs as a part of his depletion analysis,
11	because that s what he provided them to me for.
12	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, I will order
13	you to gather them up and keep them and have
14	them ready to turn over after you've done
15	your cross-examination. You may keep one copy
16	for yourself as you have the other, if you
17	. wish.
18	MR. WHITE: Thank you, Your Honor.
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MR. CLEAR: Your Honor, I again appreciate it if -- I think we do have the assurances of the State that the one copy that they will retain will not be made available to their experts. THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yeah, I think they appreciate that. MR. WHITE: Your Honor, I'm not going to make any copies of the one I retain. THE SPECIAL MASTER: It is a proprietarial thing and it's been ordered that way. 10 All right. Let's proceed with the cross 11 examination. 12 MR. MERRILL: Your Honor, before we resume 13 the cross examination I wonder if I might bring 14 up a couple of preliminary matters with the 15 Court. 16 As you recall during the testimony of Mr. 17 18 19 20

Robert Toedter a couple of weeks ago concerning drainage, Mr. Toedter testified in essense that at the time of Mr. Kersich's testimony concerning the future arable base Mr. Toedter lacked certain facts and data upon which to reach conclusions concerning drainage, and at that time the State of Wyoming made a motion to strike Mr. Kersich's direct testimony. You denied that motion at the

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later in these proceedings. The State of Wyoming moves for the Special Master in August of this year to visit certain portions of the Wind River Indian Reservation in person to examine the historic and future areas that are claimed by the United States to be arable as well as to examine the drainage conditions of some of the livestock grazing areas and some --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I knew I was going to be denied an August vacation, but go ahead.

MR. MERRILL: Your Honor, what I'm simply proposing is a one or two day visit by helicopter of you and Mr. Salazar to view some of the areas which are in issue in this litagation. We will be more specific as to dates and times and specific areas to be visited in order to allow the United States and the Tribe to respond.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I would welcome that trip and let's figure the exact dates of August and let's make sure that we have present one or two counsels for the Tribes, one or two United States attorneys and one or two or three Wyoming attorneys.

MR. ECHOHAWK: Your Honor, if possible, I'm not sure how we can -- perhaps it would be more

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appropriate after Wyoming has put on their case after their evidence if you could see the lands so we can see what's in issue and what --THE SPECIAL MASTER: I think Wyoming will have their case completed by the end of July. MR. WHITE: That will be in the dead of 6 winter. THE SPECIAL MASTER: No, you didn't hear me. MR. WHITE: I understand, Your Honor. MR. SACHSE: Your Honor, on behalf of the 10 Tribes we would of course welcome your viewing 11 the reservation. I would like to see that not 12 done in August though. I think Your Honor ruled 13 last week that we would have a dead period in 14 this trial from the last week of July --15 THE SPECIAL MASTER: Mr. Merrill --16 MR. SACHSE: -- until September, from the 17 last week of July. That can be done, you know, 18 in September. 19 THE SPECIAL MASTER: I know one man here is 20 pretty concerned who is a family man, he has concern for family and that's you (directed to 22 Mr. Merrill). This has been hard work on the 23 part of all of us and it has been a strain on 24 all of us and we were hoping that, you know,

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August would be one month away from all of this.

Just -- I think your predecessor in the Attorney

General's office has done it the last two or three
years anyway, and I would like to scratch August
and take care of the family. My kids will be
getting back in school. We will have finished up
probably four weeks in July or three weeks of
hard trial and I would like to do what you suggested and I -- in fact I should do what you're
suggesting and I will, but maybe we can do it on
Labor Day weekend of September.

MR. MERRILL: Your Honor, my only concern is I think it would be very helpful for the Court to do it while irrigation season is still operating up in that neck of the woods, and therefore I would suggest if we don't do it in August we do it as early in September as practicable.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: We have seen diversion canal a couple of times during the irrigating season, we would be happy to see it again. If we are not going to meet Frontier Week of July, and I believe we --

MR. WHITE: Let's hope we don't. It was such a mess last year.

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1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: It may be the time to
2	slip up there, would be Frontier Week of July and
3	MR. MERRILL: That would be a great idea.
4	THE SPECIAL MASTER: What are we talking
5	about, three days at the most?
6	MR. MERRILL: At the very most, Your Honor.
7	We would propose you visit by helicopter so the
8	time factor ^
9	THE SPECIAL MASTER: For the time, why don't
10	you look at Frontier Week of the July period and
11	pick the three day period that you and Mr. Echo-
12	hawk could agree upon.
13	MR. MERRILL: All right.
14	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let's check with Tribal
15	officials and make sure everything is that we
16	might be welcome to stop there. We can stop by
17	wherever you want to maybe and whatever you two
18	want to show me.
19	This will be a non-on-the-record type of
20	visit. This is a visit to view and view only.
21	We are not taking testimony nor produce nor intro-
22	duce facts or anything of that kind.
23	MR. MERRILL: Thank you, Your Honor.
24	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right, Mr. White.
25	MR. WHITE: Excuse me, Your Honor, I'd better

1		get set here with some water.
2		CROSS EXAMINATION (RESUMED)
3	BY I	MR. WHITE:
4	Q	Dr. Mesghinna, I believe you indicated that an
5		analysis of climate was really the first step in
6		your work, is that correct?
7	A	Yes, sir.
8	Q	And your climatic investigation culminated in the
9		development of your climatic zones?
10	A	Yes, sir.
11	Q	Isn't it true that the aerial extent of those
12		climatic zones as well as the climatic data that
13		is associated with each one of those zones consti-
14		tutes the keystone of your entire effort?
15	A	What the climatic zone map shows is areas of simi-
16	 	lar crop evapotranspiration, and that's it.
17	Q	So if your climatic zones change, the rest of
18		your work would not change?
19	A	Of course there will be slight changes as I have
20		indicated in my testimony.
21	Ω	So a change in the climatic zones would effect the
22		rest of your opinion, is that correct?
23	A	You know, as I have said it again and again in my
		testimony all the things are interrelated so one
24		effects the other.
25	mes	ghinna - cross - white

1	Q	One of the elements of climatic data which you
2		were concerned with was solar radiation, was it not? Yes. And isn't it true that the solar radiation analy-
3		not?
4	A	Yès.
5	Q	And isn't it true that the solar radiation analy-
6		sis which you did was based on data from the
7		Lander airport?
8	A	That's true.
9	Q	And isn't it true that beginning in the early '70s
10		the Lander airport no longer kept records of solar
11		radiation?
12	A	I never received to start with I have never
13		received any solar radiation data from the Lander
14		airport.
15	Q	I didn't understand what you said.
16		THE SPECIAL MASTER: He said he had never
17		received any radiation data from that airport
18		station.
19		THE WITNESS: Never any solar radiation
20		data from the Lander airport. I received per
21		cent sunshine data, that is the ratio of the actual
22	!	to possible sunshine.
23	Q	(By Mr. White) Dr. Mesghinna, I hand you what has
24		been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit FM-5 and ask
25	mean	you if you can identify that? thinna - cross - white

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1	A	Well, on the top of it is written Meteorological
2		Data for the Current Year and on the middle part
3		of the paper is written normals, means and ex-
4		tremes.
5	Q	Isn't that the meteorological data for 1971 for
6		Hunt Field at Lander?
7	A	Yeah, it's on the right-hand side; it says 1971.
8	Q	And which of this data, the meteorological data or
9		climatic data did you use with respect to solar
10		radiation?
11	A	Well, I haven't used this one.
12	Q	You didn't use this?
13	A	I have never seen this paper before.
14	Q	You haven't?
15	A	I haven't.
16	Q	What was the source of your data then?
17	A	I've indicated it in my deposition I have received
18		the data of actual to possible days of possible
19		sunshine from HKM which they received it from
20		Lander airport.
21	Q	So you did not use the actual airport records, the
22		meteorological records, you relied on HKM to give
23		you that information?
24	A	They received it from Lander themselves.
25	mesg	hinna-cross-white

mesghinna-cross-white

1		MR. WHITE: I was asking him about this
2		general type of report, Your Honor.
3		MR. CLEAR: I think that's an ambiguous
4		question, Your Honor.
5		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well,
6		MR. WHITE: I think the witness can answer,
7		Your Honor, he is a competent engineer
8	A	It must be from NOAA.
9	Q	(By Mr. White) All right. Do you know how the
10		percentage of possible sunshine which HKM provided
11		to you and which you kindly furnished me was
12		derived?
13	A	Well, this is the measure that they have that
14		it has been measured in Lander airport and they
15		have received it from there, I believe.
16	Ω	Who measured it at the Lander airport, if you
17		know?
18	A	I don't know.
19	Ω	Do you know what agency measured it at the Lander
20		airport?
21	A	That's not of much interest to me. What I need is
22	<u>}</u> !	the data itself.
23	Ω	What you're interested in I'm sorry I didn't
24		hear the last.
25	mes	ghinna-cross-white
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1	A	I.w	interested	in	the	data	itself.
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1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right, that's
2	fine.
3	Q (By Mr. White) Is it true then with that
4	with some minor variations, the values which
5	you used which were provided to you by HKM
6	are displayed on FM-5-A?
7	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I wonder about the
8	admissability.of.this.document. It's like
9	the one he used, he said.
10	MR. WHITE: Well
11	. THE SPECIAL MASTER: I wonder if it has
12	any value.
13	MR. WHITE: My problem is I don't want to
14	get into a screaming match upon the facts and
15	data which he relied upon and if he says this
16	is close enough, then I wasn't going to ask
17	for the production of actual data.
18	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Is that document
19	close enough to what you relied upon?
20	THE WITNESS: It must be close enough,
21	but I don't exactly remember the dates. One
22	thing I remember is that it doesn't go to
23	1979.
24	Q (By Mr. White) So you used 1979 values?
25	mesghinna-cross-white

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1	A	I didn't use 1979.
2	Q	You did not use?
3	A	I did not use 1979. I think I have used up
4		to 1975, I am not sure.
5	Q	Let me make sure I understand, that you do not
6		know who collected the basic data which is
7		analyzed on the tabulation which now is marked
8		as Plaintiff's Exhibit FM-5-A?
9	A	It must be it must have been collected by
10		some kind of agency that collects meteorlogical
11		data. It says Lander Municipal Airport.
12	Q	Isn't: that Hunt Field?
13	A	Must be, I don't know.
14		MR. WHITE: Your Honor, at this time we
15		would offer FM-5-A for the purpose of showing
16	<u>.</u>	the type of information or facts and data of
17		relied upon by Dr. Mesghinna.
18		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I thought you were
19		going to make a copy and then offer it after
20		the break?
21		MR. WHITE: I will, Your Honor, when we
22		have a break I will make these copies.
23		MR. CLEAR: As I understand it though,
24		this is not in fact the final percentage of
25	mesq	ghinna-cross-white

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sunshine sheets, this is just a sample?
THE WITNESS: This is just a sample.
MR. CLEAR: Or initial copy?
THE WITNESS: Yeah, I received this one,
I believe very recently. The one I used for
my analysis is not with me.
THE SPECIAL MASTER: If the purpose of
the cross-examination is to put into doubt
the accuracy of the or validity of his
findings thereon, ought not we have the actual
document.he.relied.upon?
MR. WHITE: You're right, you're absolutely
right. I was trying to avoid the necessity
for getting that document, but based on Dr.
Mesghinna's indication as to sample, I think
I'm going to have to ask for the production of
, the original document then.
THE WITNESS: I have given you my
percentage of sunshine data before this time
in my deposition.
in my deposition. MR. WHITE: Excuse me for just a minute
MR. WHITE: Excuse me for just a minute
MR. WHITE: Excuse me for just a minute and let me check.

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1		right. We have that, we don't have it in
2		the Courtroom. I will withdraw my offer of
3	•	5-A for the moment until we can see if
4		if we have the original document. We may
5		not have the original document, we may just
6		have some printout of that data.
7		Let me ask a few more questions about
8		the original document.
· 9	Q	(By Mr. White). Is it true, Dr. Mesghinna,
10		that with respect to
11		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I should get you a
12		stand for that and I think I know how to do
13		it with Judge Brimmer's, but it will probably
14		cause you some troubles.
15		Off-the-record discussion.
16	Q	(By Mr. White) . Let's go back on the record.
17		Dr. Mesghinna, with respect to the actual
18		data which you did use for percentage of
19		possible sunshine, is it true that first it
20		was provided to you by HKM?
21	A	Yes, it was provided to me by HKM.
22	Q	Is it also true that you do not know the person
23		or agency who collected the basic data?
24		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I thought he answered
25	mes	ghinna-cross-white

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that and he said that it is true.

MR. WHITE: I was asking him about the original data now rather than 5-A.

THE WITNESS: Let me say this. I have used such kind of data before this time, not only on this but in other places. It is common to collect data at airports. One thing that I would like to cite is for example,

Salt Lake City Airport, they collect such data and we have used for our analysis. We don't have to question that because those datas are accurate and they have to be taken very carefully because they mean a lot to many things. So, it's no reason for me to question such a data.

In fact, the very fact that I found such a data was a very lucky on our side because it's extremely hard to find solar radiation data.

- With respect to the data which you used, however, isn't it true that you do not know either the person or the agency which collected the basic data?
- A I can't really recall at this time.
- 25 mesghinna-cross-white

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1	Q	Do you know whether or not the basic data
2		was expressed in percentage or whether certain
3		mathematical.differences.were.made.or.operations
4	,.	were made to come up with the percentages?
5		THE SPECIAL MASTER: He has testified that
6		that is not a concern of his. He accepted the

that is not a concern of his. He accepted the research figures from the airport people and other predecessors and is accurate governmental statistics and scientific computed data from the station and he stated that.

MR. WHITE: I think what he stated is that he got this information from HKM.

THE WITNESS: Let me answer it, sir.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: He's talking about the airport, gathering facilities at the airport.

THE WITNESS: Let me answer this; it's an easy question. The percentage sunshine data, as it says, percentage sunshine is the ratio of actual sunshine to possible sunshine, meaning bright sunshine, bright sunshine. So it should be easier if percentage, if it is a full number it is percentage, if it has a dot in front of the number then it is just a

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1		ratio, a fraction. So it's either in fraction
2		or it's either in percentage. So if you see
3		a full number like 67, 76 and so on, so that
4		.is in percentage.
4 5	Q	. (By Mr. White) . I understand that these values
· 6		are in percentage on Exhibit 5-A, but what
7	,	I'm asking you is whether or not HKM performed
8	,	the percentage calculations or whether someone
9		else performed the percentage calculations?
10		THE SPECIAL MASTER: If you know.
11		THE WIMNESS: I don't know who calculated
12		the percentage, but I don't think there is
13		any sophisticated calculation here, it's a
14		straight forward matter. It's just a atio.
15	Q	(By Mr. White) So you got the information
16		from HKM?
17	•	THE SPECIAL MASTER: He answered that
18		twice, he's answered that twice, Mr. White.
19		He said "Yes" both times. He needn't answer
20		it a third time unless you're dying to.
21	Q	(By Mr. White) Dr. Mesghinna, why did you
22		not use the meterological data provided
23		by NOAA rather than only the information which
24		HKM provided you in the form similar to
25	mes	ghinna-cross-white

1		FM-5-A?
2	A	Well, my understanding was this data is
3		summarized yearly and monthly basis and
4		.why would I go.through years.of.looking into
5		data if I have a summarized data.
6	Ω	Did you perform any check to see whether or
7		not the values represented on FM-5-A or the
8		original which you received, accurately
9		represented the values shown in the climatic
10		data or the meterological data by NOAA
11		such as FM-5?
12	A	I said that I haven't seen that paper, FM-5
13		before this time.
14	. Q	Did you perform any check to determine the
15		accuracy of these numbers?
16	A	Well, I have never measured any percentage of
17		possible sunshine.
18	Q	In addition to not making any measurements,
19		did you check any records to evaluate the
20		accuracy of the information you received from
21		HKM?
22	A	What I am saying is I have used those datas
23		and I relied on those datas.
24	Q	On FM-5, Dr. Mesghinna, isn't it true that the
25	mesç	ghinna-cross-white

1	last column, farthest column to the right
2	is the NOAA data for solar radiation?
3	MR. CLEAR: Objection, Your Honor, he
4	says he has not seen FM-5 before.
5	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, he can answer
6	what's on his last column. Of course he
7	hasn't seen it or used it and is irrelevant,
8	but we'll let it be answered. And I don't
9	know what else I can do, I don't want to
10	keep overruling Mr. White's questions. Go
11	ahead and answer it if you can.
12	THE WITNESS: Yes, average solar
13	radiation is shown on the last column in
14	Lander.
15	Q (By Mr. White) Isn't it true, Dr. Mesghinna,
16	that you are familiar with the type of format
17	and the type of information contained in the
18	NOAA, records such as FM-5? You may not have
19	seen FM-5, but you're familiar with that type
20	and source of information, aren't you?
21	A Well, there are many types, it's very hard
22	to remember which of which, you know.
23	Q I hand you what's been marked for identification
24	as FM-6, which is the same information
25	mesghinna-cross-white

1		but for the following year, 1972 in Lander,
2		and ask you if it isn't true that solar
3		radiation was .not .recorded in 1972?
4	A	Yes, it is not recorded in 1972.
5	Q	And isn't it true that the last footnote at
6	`	the bottom of the page in the right-hand
7		column shown by a double star or asterisk
8	<u>}</u>	says: That the National Weather Service
9		considers the accuracy of solar radiation data
10	•	questionable, therefore publication is
11		suspended pending determination os corrected
12		values?
	1	
13	A	Yes, I see that.
14	•	Yes, I see that. Were you familiar with the conclusion by the
	•	
14	Q	Were you familiar with the conclusion by the
14 15	Q	Were you familiar with the conclusion by the Weather Service that solar radiation values
14 15 16	Q	Were you familiar with the conclusion by the Weather Service that solar radiation values are suspect or questionable?
14 15 16	Q	Were you familiar with the conclusion by the Weather Service that solar radiation values are suspect or questionable? MR. CLEAR: Your Honor, again he testified
14 15 16 17	Q	Were you familiar with the conclusion by the Weather Service that solar radiation values are suspect or questionable? MR. CLEAR: Your Honor, again he testified he did not use this solar radiation data. If
14 15 16 17 18	Q	Were you familiar with the conclusion by the Weather Service that solar radiation values are suspect or questionable? MR. CLEAR: Your Honor, again he testified he did not use this solar radiation data. If he didn't use NOAA's solar radiation data and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q	Were you familiar with the conclusion by the Weather Service that solar radiation values are suspect or questionable? MR. CLEAR: Your Honor, again he testified he did not use this solar radiation data. If he didn't use NOAA's solar radiation data and NOAH says our radiation data is questionable,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q	Were you familiar with the conclusion by the Weather Service that solar radiation values are suspect or questionable? MR. CLEAR: Your Honor, again he testified he did not use this solar radiation data. If he didn't use NOAA's solar radiation data and NOAH says our radiation data is questionable, what's that have to do with anything?

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THE WITNESS: No.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. Next question.

- Q (By Mr. White) Upon what did you base your conclusion that you could develop solar radiation value which was -- or values which was accurate -- or were accurate, excuse me?

 A Okay. Let me tell you one thing about solar
- A Okay. Let me tell you one thing about solar radiation. I don't think there is anyone in the world who has complete accurate solar radiation data, not even in research I can make this statement.

So the researchers, scientists are not certain up to this point, and even if you measure it, the measuring instruments have shown some tendencies of not measuring good or well all the time. So the only source available up to now, if you have a solar — solar radiation measured at the site, try to use it.

If it is long-range, say many, many years, but that kind of data, we don't have it in the Reservation. So what method we have, how do we calculate our evapotranspiration because mesghinna-cross-white

this solar radiation is needed, it's an input in the computation of evapotranspiration. So what we did is we used all the available equations for determining solar radiation so that we'll be sure that we are doing it to the most exact we can.

We did not use only one equation. We would have used one equation, but we want to be certain enough that we are not missing the solar radiation, so I used four different equations and I determined the average of the four different equations from four different researchers. So that's how I came to the determination of solar radiation.

mesghinna-cross-white

1	Ĉ.	(By Mr. White) Isn't it true, Dr. Mesghinna
2		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Mr. White, I've got to
3		let you know that I think you have made a thorough
4		and complete probe of the solar radiation differences
5		between his testimony and that which you seek to
6		prove regarding the fact that it was held by NOAA
7	•	to be a subject matter that is inaccurate and,
8		therefore, they questioned it and suspended publi-
9		cation pending determination of more corrected values.
10		To continue your probe, in my opinion, any more you
11		are jeopardizing your time for the remaining subject
12		matter areas you have for cross-examination.
13		MR. WHITE: I have two more questions.
14		THE SPECIAL MASTER: You be the judge, however,
15		of that.
16		MR. WHITE: I have two more questions, Your
17		Honor.
18	Q	(By Mr. White) Isn't it true, Dr. Mesghinna, that
19		there are methods for determining evapotranspiration
20		which do not require the use of solar radiation?
21	A.	Yes, there are.
22	Q.	Isn't it true that you applied the values for solar
23	-	radiation which you developed based on the HKM data
24		from Lander to all the climatic zones, not just the
25	mes	ghinna - cross - white

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1		Lander climatic zone?
2	A.	Yeah. Because I can answer that because solar
3		radiation, as I have indicated it before, it's hard
4		to get it in any other place, so we have sort of
5		averaged solar radiation for all of the climatic
6		stations.
7	.Q.	Your calculations of solar radiation were based on
8		percentage of available sunshine or days of sunshine,
9		is that correct?
10	A. Q.	Yes.
11	Q	And isn't it true then that your assumption is that
12		the same percentage applies throughout the Reserva-
13		tion?
14	A.	Yes.
15	Q	Dr. Mesghinna
16		MR. WHITE: Your Honor, could I shut that door?
17		I'm having trouble hearing mostly because of traffic
18		in the hallway.
19		THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right.
20	Q.	(By Mr. White) Dr. Mesghinna, in developing your
21		units which are described in your report as well as
22		in Exhibits C-249 through 255, you must have spent
23		substantial time in the field, isn't that correct?
24	A.	Well, first of all, the fieldwork is to be done by
25	mes	ghinna - cross - white
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1		HKM. They have done what you call the soil classifi-
2		cation, you know, all the things that we have dis-
3		cussed before me here. What we did is, based on
4		their data, we designed our system, but we have also
5		been there and we have checked, as I have indicated
6		in my direct testimony.
7	.Q.	Okay, roughly how many days did you spend in the
8		South Crowheart area?
9	A.	Well, I can't really remember how many days I spent
10		in the South Crowheart area.
11	Q.	Do you recall how many days you spent in the Arapahoe
12		area or unit?
13	A.	Well, let's say after we put our systems there to see
14		whether we are in the right location for, you know
15		to see with the map and the grounds there, let's say
16		I spent a day in South in Arapahoe or three quarters
17	<u> </u>	of a day. I wouldn't exactly remember.
18	Q.	Isn't it true that your field in some instances con-
19		tained people's houses?
20	A.	Well, if it is classified as irrigable land, we might
21		have missed it. You know, it is easy to miss a small
22		spot if it is not exactly shown on the maps or it
23		is a possibility, there is no question about it.
24	Q	When you did encounter someone's house in one of your

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1		preliminary field layouts, did you attempt to exclude
2		preliminary field layouts, did you attempt to exclude it? If we see a house? Uh-huh. Yeah, we try to eliminate I mean, try to exclude it. And what about cemetaries, did you try to exclude those? Well. I don't recall cemetaries in an area
3	A.	If we see a house?
4	Q.	Uh-huh.
5	A.	Yeah, we try to eliminate I mean, try to exclude
6	•	it.
7	.Q.	And what about cemetaries, did you try to exclude
8	,	those?
9	A.	Well, I don't recall cemetaries in an area
10	Q	Isn't it true that on your Plate 7 for the Big Horn
11	<u> </u>	Flats Unit, which was marked as U.S. Exhibit C-252,
12		which is also before you here as Plaintiff's Exhibit
13		FM-1252-A, that there is a cemetary right on the
14		boundary between Fields 9 and 10, the Bawling Bull
15		Cemetary or maybe Wallowing Bull, I can't read it
16		very clearly.
17		Do you want to look on your quad sheet?
18	A.	No, this is the only one that I have.
19		Yes, as I can see it from Plate No. 7, there
20		is a small area that contains cemetary.
21	Q	In the costs which you developed for your project,
22		did you include any costs for removing houses or
23		cemetaries or gravel pits or dumps or things like
24		that that might be located in your fields?
25	mes	ghinna - cross - white

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1	A.	To start with, these areas are newly classified
2		lands, they are future lands. And we have assumed
3		5 percent for farmsteads, cemetaries, roads and
4		other things, and that's what it is. So we have,
5	·	in a sense, we have excluded 5 percent. If you
6		see in our claim for water in our claim of
7		water our acreages are reduced by 5 percent, and
8		that includes all these things.
9	Q.	Those are the acre-foot values at the bottom of
10		Page 42 in your report?
11	Ā.	Yes.
12	Q.	They have been reduced by 5 percent?
13	A.	The acreages have been reduced. For example, if
14		we see North Crowheart, we have, I believe, 38,773
15		acres net acreage. We have designed for 40,814
16		acres, so we have reduced it by 5 percent to take
17		care of all of these problems.
18	Q.	What happens when you have a water tank or a house
19		or a cemetary or a dump or a gravel pit right in the
20		middle of one of your fields, doesn't that affect
21		the operation of that field as well as the costs
22		associated with it?
23	A.	I think I know which area you're talking about. In
24		Arapahoe there is a dump area and we think that thing
25	meso	hinna - cross - white

1		can be cleaned quite easily and the sprinklers or
2		the side rolls or hand-move sprinklers can make it
3		quite easily through those areas.
4	Q	How would you deal with the house and farmstead if
5		you know it exists that's located on Field 2-10
6		South Crowheart?
7	A.	If we know it exactly if it exists there, pro-
8		bably there we would have bypassed it, but we are
9		making allowances for it. We are decreasing our
10		acreages by 5 percent; that is a big, big, what you
11		call, area. I mean, if you have in North Crowheart
12		alone, if we have 40,814 acres and if we go down to
13	3	38,773 acres, we are excluding over, how many, 1,000,
14		over 1,000 acres just for this matter. So it's
15		really taken care already. But all our costs are
16		based on the gross irrigable lands, not on the net
17		irrigable lands. Our claim of water is on reduced
18		acreages.
19	Q.	Have you made investigation to determine whether or
20		not the 5 percent value is sufficient?
21	A.	Yes, we have made a great deal of research on this.
22	Q	What have you done within your project areas or
23		within your units to determine that 5 percent is
24		sufficient?

mesghinna - cross - white

1	A.	Well, from our experience, from the company's ex-
2		perience, the reduction goes from about 2 even
3		we have seen 2 percent reduction, from about 2 to
4		5, or even 6 percent. One thing we have to say is in
5		here we have been, in fact, very conservative. The
6		reason why I am saying this is the reason why I'm
7		saying this is these areas are undeveloped as such,
8		and one can pre-plan to put the housing and farm-
9		steads outside of the irrigable areas and reduce to
10		even 2 percent or 3 percent. So we are on the safe
11		side. We have taken some studies also. In the Mid-
12		vale Irrigation District, we have taken some areas
13		and which have, you know, farmsteads and roads and
14		so on. We came up with about 4 percent, that is
15		our estimation. But one thing that we have to say
16		there is they are not sprinkler irrigation like us
17		- sprinklers - most of the things are hidden.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: By what?

THE WITNESS: You don't have canals, you know, which bisect areas that reduce the acreages and so on, like gravity irrigation. So really on this 5 percent we are highly on the conservative side and it takes care of all the problems that you mentioned before like cemetaries and so on.

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1	Q.	(By Mr. White) Well, you have indicated that this
2	•	land was considered to be undeveloped, is that cor-
3		rect?
4	A.	Yeah, these future lands are areas that are newly
5		classified lands.
6	Ď	Well, isn't it true that your units are liberally
7		sprinkled with individual allotments?
8	A.	Could you say that question again? I'm not sure
9	Q	Well, do you know what an individual allotment is?
10		An allotment to an individual Indian?
11	A.	To Yeah, you mean there are areas that are irri-
12		gated within two allotments
13	Q	No, I'm not talking about irrigation for the moment,
14		I'm just talking about the status of the land being
15		contained in the allotments
16		MR. SACHSE: Your Honor, I object to this line
17		of questioning on the same grounds and objection as
18		I made yesterday. Dr. Mesghinna is not an expert on
19		land tenure in Indian reservations.
20		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'll sustain the objection,
21		but I think Mr. White can frame his question by
22	‡ ‡	merely asking within the units are there areas where
23		there's presently some people living and some irriga-
24		tion will be taking place, some pasturage

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1	Ω	(By Mr. White): Of your knowledge, are there
2		aren't there, in fact, areas where people
3		are living where people are conducting
4		businesses, where there are cemeteries, where
5		there are dumps, where there are gravel pits
6		and other types of cultural, manmade cultural
7		features within your units?
8	A.	Well, these units, the areas that we have put
9		our system are classified as irrigable lands
10		arable lands, sorry, okay. And we base our
11		work from there. And if anything comes, if
12		there are houses as you said, or there are
13		dumps and the dumps that I have mentioned it
14		before, that I have seen there and checked it,
15		we have made allowances for this and I just
16		can't see what the point we are in this.
17	Q	So once again you relied on the information:
18		given to you by HKM, isn't that correct?
19	A	I have relied on it and I have also seen it
20		myself as much as I can, you know, but it
21		doesn't mean that I have seen it as what HKM
22		has seen it, you know.
23		I think you can understand what kind of
24		works, what kind of assignments we have.
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Q I understand that, I want to make sure the Court does.

In developing -- excuse me, in working up your costs, particularly your operation and management costs, you must have assumed that those persons in possession of the land covered by your fields would cooperate, isn't that true?

- The areas that we have designed are trust lands, and we have those units there, and of course, everyone will cooperate -- you have to assume that belongs to -- that is a trust land, belongs to the Tribe and the management will be in cooperation. And I have indicated and I have given it to you, my -- the professional duty of different persons who are going to work in the operation and maintenance, and you have the list, number of people and so on for the matter.
- Q Did you assume the individual allottees of lands within your projects would cooperate in the operation of the project when you developed your cost?

MR. CLEAR: I think the question is mesghinna-cross-white

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irrelevant.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'll sustain the objection.

MR. WHITE: On what basis, Your Honor?

THE SPECIAL MASTER: It has nothing to
do with his professional work.

(By Mr. White) Did you make any assumptions with respect to the cooperation of allottees?

THE SPECIAL MASTER: He answered that question when he said he was doing professional work for the Tribes, that he presumes they have jurisdiction over their trust land, and he presumed the cooperation forthcoming, and he just answered it just a moment ago.

MR. WHITE: I'd like to inquire into
that, Your Honor, because you may recall that
when the subject of the Wyoming's visit to
the Reservation came up, the United States and
the Tribes quite clearly said that they could
not provide consent for the State to even go
on the lands held by individual allottees. A
consent has to be obtained from those allottees
themselves, and I'd like to make it absolutely
clear that contrary to the position announced

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by the United States and the Tribes, Dr.

Mesghinna has assumed that that consent and
cooperation would be automatically forthcoming.

MR. CLEAR: Your Honor, one thing, the question here is what are the practicably irrigable acres and what are the water rights for those acres. And an allottee, if he has practicably irrigable acres has a water right whether he cooperates or not. He does not lose a water right if he does not cooperate, and that's all we're talking about here is if these acres are practicably irrigable. They have a water right whether the allottee, he has that water right whether he cooperates with any project that's ever built or not, and he still has the water right and we're measuring that water right.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Generally what you say is true, but the mere fact that an allottee is there doesn't preclude that he is automatically entitled to a water right.

MR. CLEAR: That's what we're trying to measure. There are allottees that we are not mesghinna-cross-white

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assuming water for.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I generally approve of what he said.

MR. WHITE: I'd like to say --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Make your offer.

MR. WHITE: -- that we're here to determine p.i.a. or practicably irrigable acreage, but as we've heard time and time again, p.i.a. is not only a question of arable lands base, but engineering and economics and also unless there is cooperation shown by the people in possession of the lands, what is practicably irrigable is an economic matter, is open to dispute.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I fail to follow the logic of your statement, Mr. White. I simply fail to follow the logic of that statement, whether or not practicable or economic, whether it's an allottee's land or someone elses, it has nothing to do with the water right. It involves the Indians, and we welcome them too and hope they'll face it in a few years.

MR. WHITE: If I happen to be an allottee,
Your Honor, and Dr. Mesghinna's project comes
in and I say that I want nothing of it

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because there may well be allottees out there
that say that, then all of the costs and all
of the values which are used by Dr. Mesghinna
as well as Mr. Dornbusch, the economist -THE SPECIAL MASTER: When you're talking
about allottees, you're talking about Indians
only, are you?

MR. WHITE: Yes, sir.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. I will sustain the objection.

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, I would make an offer of proof at this time that if allowed to pursue the question of existence of allottees within the units planned by Dr. Mesghinna.—

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All the units?

MR. WHITE: Yes, sir, I would show by

comparison of his Exhibits, C-249 through

255 with the Exhibit M-1, all of which have already been admitted for the truth of their contents, that the following fields in the indicated units are contained within Indian

allottments; Big Horn Flats -- and these are

as numbered on Exhibit FM-1249 through 1255.

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1	Big Horn Flats Field No. 7-6, -7, -10, -12,
2	-11 and -8.
3	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Is the acreage given
4	of the allottee's land?
5	MR. WHITE: I don't know the acreage out
6	of those individual tracts. We'll get to that
7	later in the cross-examination, Your Honor.
8	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Why don't we get to
9	it now, it's something that's squarely before
10	us.
11	MR. WHITE: Well, I can't ask him about
12	it, it's an offer of proof.
13	THE SPECIAL MASTER: You're making an offer
14	of proof, but I thought you knew the acreage.
15	MR. WHITE: No, I don't. I'm going to
16	ask him about the acreage later on. I thought
17	I'd just get the offer of proof out of the
18	way.
19	Also in Big Horn Flats on Plate 6, 1B-A,
20	1B-9, 1B-10, 1B-11.
21	South Crowheart, this is all Plate 8;
22	1-4, 2-10, -2-12, 3-15, 2-11, 2-13, 2-14, 2-17;
23	4-1, 5-2, 7-5, 7-6, 9-10.
24	H-18, H-19, H-20; 12-20-A, 12-22, 14-26,
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1	15-28, 15-30, 15-31, 15-32, -33, 16, -36, -35,
2	-36, and 16-39.
3	And Arapahoe Unit, 1-1, -6, -7, 4-17,
4	5-19, -20, 6-1, -2, -3, 7-6, -7, -8, -9, -10
5	excuse me, should be 8-10, -11, -12, -13, -14;
6	9-16, -17, -18, -19, -20, -22, -23, -24,
7	-25, -26, -28.
8	Riverton East Unit, Fields 10-1, -2, -3,-4,
9	-5, -6, -7, -14, -15, -28, -29, -30, -31, -39,
10	-40, -40 and 41.
11	MR. SACHSE: Your Honor, at this time I'd
12	like to request the Court, for completeness,
13	to ask Mr. White to present the data on the
14	amount of allotted land in the existing and
15	operating Federal Indian Project which operates
16	over allotted lands and lands owned by the
17	Tribes. If this is relevant at all as to
18	where the land is allotted, it certainly would
19	have been relevant there too.
20	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'm holding that
21	it's irrelevant.
22	MR. SACHSE: Thank you, Your Honor.
23	MR. WHITE: It's an offer of proof, Your
24	Honor. I'm not going to do Mr. Sachse's work
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1	Q.	(By Mr. White) Okay, is it also set out and des-
2		cribed inconsumptive use of water and irrigation
3		water requirements, American Society of Civil
4		Engineers?
5	A.	I donAttknow whether it is exactly the same way
6		that I have it in my report. It could be in here.
7	Ž.	I haven't checked it in here.
8	Q.	Isn't it true that the consumptive use methodologies
9	!	contained in the ASCE Manual are those which are
10		generally accepted by people of your expertise?
11	A.	Consumptive use equations different people have
12		different preferences, so I can't say who pre
13		you know
14		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I presume that you're
15		not familiar with what the authorities are that your
16		competitors use and can testify and answer that ques-
17		tion, is that probably true?
18		THE WITNESS: It is probably true. Really, I
19		mean, this orange book, it has several equations
20		there. They have some summary equations.
21	Q.	(By Mr. White) They do list limitations for their
22	 	use, isn't that correct?
23	A.	Oh, yeah.
24		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Gentlemen, we've been at
25	mes	ghinna - cross - white

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1	it for an hour. Shall we take a ten-minute break?
2	MR. WHITE: Fine, Your Honor.
3	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Okay.
4	(Recess, 10:27 a.m. to 10:40 a.m.
5	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I think Can we begin
6	without Tom Echohawk?
7	MR. CLEAR: Yes, Your Honor.
8	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right, let's resume,
9	Mr. White.
10	Before you ask May I ask the witness: On
11	what page of 245 are the formulas contained that
12	you referred to just before the recess?
13	THE WITNESS: Okay.
14	MR. WHITE: The Jensen-Haise evapotranspira-
15	tion.
16	THE WITNESS: Okay, it's on Page 3.
17	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Page?
18	THE WITNESS: Three.
19	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Three. Thank you.
20	Q (By Mr. White) Dr. Mesghinna, do you know whether
21	or not that's the same formula that's described in
22	the ASCE orange book, Consumptive Use of Water and
23	Irrigation Water Requirements?
24	A. Well, I didn't check that formula there, but I'm
25	mesghinna - cross - white

1		sure they will be the same.
2	Q,	Okay. Isn't it true that the Jensen-Haise equation,
3		as is true with the other equation for the determina-
4		tion of consumptive use, is a method of estimating
5		consumptive use?
6	A.	Yes, it is a method of estimating.
7	δ	So that the values of potential evapotranspiration
8		set forth in Table 1 on Page 4 of your report are
9		estimates, is that correct?
10	A.	Yes, they are estimates.
11	Q.	Isn't it true that the only way to make a direct
12		measurement of evapotranspiration is with a lysimeter?
13	A.	I wouldn't say that. There are other methods, too,
14		but lysimeter is a measure of direct measurement of
15		evapotranspiration.
16		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Spell that, would you for
17		me, someone?
18		MR. WHITE: It is l-y-s-i-m-e-t-e-r-s.
19		L-y-s-i-m-e-t-e-r-s.
20	Q.	(By Mr. White) Dr. Mesghinna, I hand you what has
21		been marked for identification as Plaintiff's
22		Exhibit FM-8, as well as a copy of the orange book,
23		and ask you whether or not FM-8 is an accurate copy
24		of the cover, the fly leaf and Pages 64 and 151 from
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1	***	the orange manual?
2	A.	Yeah.
3	Q.	Isn't it true that on Page 64, under Paragraph
4		Heading (b), small (b), Tanks and Lysimeters
5	A.	Uh-huh.
6	Q.	the first sentence describes what a lysimeter
7		is and the methodology to measure ET, and the
8		second says, "This method provides the only direct
9		measurement of ET and is frequently used to study
10		climatic effects on ET and to evaluate estimating
11		procedures"?
12	A.	Yes, it is saying that.
13	Q	How many lysimeter tests did you run for each of
14		your climatic zones?
15	A.	I don't intend to run lysimeters on our work and
16		I have never done it on our climatic zones, and it
17		is not necessary to use them.
18	Q.	Isn't it true that without running a lysimeter, you
19		cannot verify the accuracy of your estimate of evapo-
20		transpiration - I mean, actually verify that that's
21		what's happening on the ground?
22	A.	Let me tell you one thing about lysimeters. Lysi-
23	·	}
24		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Lysimeters what?
25	me	sghinna - cross - white

1	A.	Lysimeters themselves are not accurate measurements.
2	•	How can you make the distinction between estimated
3		data and lysimeters? Plus the evapotranspiration
4		calculation by Jensen-Haise is derived from actual
5		data based on actual data that lysimeters and also
6		by this other although in this publication it
7		says that lysimeters are the only direct measure-
8		ment method of evapotranspiration, there's also
9		another way of measuring evapotranspiration directly
0		from moisture.
1	Q.	(By Mr. White) Is that a neutron probe?
2	A.	Yeah, a neutron probe; gravimetric studies and so
3		on.

- Q Did you conduct any neutron probes within your climatic zones to verify the accuracy of your estimates?
- A I have said it earlier in such -- in this, let alone in this kind of work, the things are seldom used in research because the amount of finds necessary to run suchaa thing and the timing necessary to go to verify this will take years and years and an enormous amount of money to do so. However, what I would like to suggest on this matter is since we have done, I believe, a

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very accurate work on this matter, I would suggest if anyone would give funds to the universities related who are working on the areas to verify our studies, that's the only way you can do. Otherwise, you can't verify by lysimeters. First of all, lysimeters are not 100 percent correct themselves because there are effects on them, I can explain, if necessary; and, secondly, with the level of work that we are doing, you can't go on and do university, what you call, type research. And the other thing 10 is we have, you know, when you have lysimeters, if 11 you have a lysimeter, you have to have the area 12 completely shaded with the kind of crop that you 13 want to plant there. For a big area, there shouldn't 14 be any interaction of other climatic weather and so 15 on. You know, there are many things that you have 16 to take care before you do any lysimeter test. So, 17 on this, because of these reasons, I wouldn't go 18 and use lysimeters to verify our data -- I mean, 19 our calculations. 20 Is it true then that you have conducted no verification of your evapotranspiration estimates by 22 actual measurements in the fields within each of 23

24

25

your climatic zones?

1	A.	What I'm trying to say, I don't find it necessary,
2		but I have checked my results with other works that
3		have been done within the state in the area.
4	Q.	How about within those climatic zones?
5	A.	I'm talking within the area; that includes the
6		climatic zones, which means there are I'm talk-
7		ing, if I am talking within the area, I'm talking
8		like Riverton and so on, you know.
9	Q	What
10		THE SPECIAL MASTER: The other projects around
11		the Reservation?
12		THE WITNESS: Yeah.
13	Q	(By Mr. White) What actual measurements on the
14		ground did you use to check your lysimeters in,
15		for example, the Diversion Dam climatic zone?
16	A.	Let me bring some publications that discuss this
17		problem. These will end up our discussion on this.
18	Q.	Well, can you answer the question whether or not
19		Did you have a field measurement within the Diversion
20		Dam climatic zone which you used to check ET, your
21		ET estimates?
22	1 1 2 1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'm not sure I understand
23		the question.
24	<u> </u>	MR. CLEAR: I think there are two different
25	mes	ghinna - cross - white

		
1		questions.
2		THE SPECIAL MASTER: What does that have to do
3		with this?
4		MR. WHITE: Well, one, there is a climatic
5] 	zone called Diversion Dam, Your Honor, on the cli-
6		matic zone map.
7		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yeah.
8	,	MR. WHITE: And I'm asking him whether or not
ġ		he conducted what field tests
10		THE SPECIAL MASTER: For his accuracy?
11	<u>.</u>	MR. WHITE: Yes, to verify the accuracy of
12		his estimates made within the Diversion Dam cli-
13		matic zone, if there were any.
14		THE WITNESS: I think I have answered that
15		question before. We haven't done any field tests
16		and
17	Q.	(By Mr. White) Okay
18	A.	And these sort of studies, you don't do that kind
19		of test.
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from NOAA?

deposition.

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gross precipitation values which you received

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Q	Let
	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I was about to ask
	before, what you're asking for you have
	already obtained in a deposition, so I would
	observe that it does not behoove you well
	to ask for it in the trial if you already
	have it.
	MR. WHITE: Well, there's a difference,
	you can't look at the deposition, Your Honor.
	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I know I can't. I
	know you're asking for something you already
	have in your possession and it will not be
	looked upon kindly as we have found out
	yesterday regarding those printouts.
Q	(By Mr. White) Dr. Mesghinna, what form did
	you receive the information from NOAA? I guess
	I should have said in what form did you
	receive the information from NOAA?
A	NOAA has a publication that comes out,
	Precipitation Average.
Q	When you determined effective rainfall, was it
	necessary to establish the net depth of
	application?
A	Yes.
mes	ghinna-cross-white
	Q

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1	Q	What was that value which you used?
2	A	You mean how did I determine it?
3	Q.	What value did you use?
4	A	Used different values for different areas,
5		depending on what the estimation comes up,
6		but net depth of irrigation or NIR is the
7		consumptive use minus the effective rainfall.
8		(Brief pause.
9	Q	Dr. Mesghinna, isn't it true that you have
10		something in excess of 700 fields in your
11] 	units or projects?
12	A	Yes, that's possible, sir.
13	Q	For each of those fields did you determine
14		the number of .acres.within the field?
15	A	Yeah, we have acreages for each field.
16	Q	Do you have that in tabular form?
17	A	I am sure I might have it.
18	Q	Would you please check.
19		THE SPECIAL MASTER: In view of the
20		testimony of earlier witnesses on their
21		parametering for those field acreages, is
22		there something to be What is the purpose
23		for questions of this Witness on that
24		particular area?
25	mes	ghinna-cross-white

1	MR. WHITE: I'd like to find out if
2	the acres for each field that he used, Your
3	Honor, not only to derive his cost per acre
4	but also to derive the total number of acres.
5	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Very good.
6	MR. WHITE: And I'd point out that I
7	believe that this Witness measured his fields
8	off a USGS quad sheet which is scale rectified,
9	and therefore I'm not going to inquire into
10	that area.
11	THE WITNESS: Yeah, I have the acreages
12	of each field.
13	Q (By Mr. White) Do you also have your
14	measurements of width and length of each
15	field from which you calcualted the acreage,
16	is that also set out in the tabulation?
17	A We have two kinds of measurements. One
18	measurement is in order to determine the acreage
19	The other measurement is a more rigorous
20	measurement which determines the maximum
21	length.
22	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Maximum length?
23	THE WITNESS: Yes, maximum length of
24	field, in order to determine the length of
25	mesghinna-cross-white

1	:	the pipe. And the other is the maximum width
2		of the field in order to determine the length
3		of the lateral. So we have
4	Q	(By Mr. White). You have those for each field;
5		is that correct?
6	A	Yes, but if you are interested in the acreage,
7		I have the acreage for each field.
8	Q	But you also have your widths and lengths
9		measurements; is that correct?
10	A	Yes. Those by making a distinction between
11		those widths and lengths because they have
12		different purposes.
13	Q	One's for the measurement of pipe length, the
14		other is for the calculation of acreage?
15	A	Yes, because the computer uses length and width,
16		so even though you have a triangular shape
17		field you use rectangular shapedin order to
18		come up with that acreage.
19	Q	Sure. Do you or have you determined for each
20		field the number of acres within that field:
21		by class of arable land?
22	A	No, I don't need that.
23	Q	You didn't make that determination?
24	A	That's not necessary in my analysis.
25	mes	ghinna-cross-white

1	Q	Did you make a determination, you represented
2		in tabular form, of the drain spacing for
3		each field?
4	A	Not for each field.
5	Q	Excuse me just a minute.
6		(Brief pause.
7	Q	Dr. Mesghinna, referring to what's already
8		been admitted as U.S. Exhibit C-257, which
9		is your drainage plan for the North Crowheart
10		Unit, and you have a similar drainage plan
11		for each of your units, how are is one able
12		to tell without access to some tabulation the
13		precise drain spacing for each of the fields
14		for which you have drainage illustrated on your
15		map?
16	A .	Well, one can calculate from what I have given
17		in the methodologies of Exhibit WRIR C-245.
18	Q	But haven't you determined those drain spacings,
19		and haven't you based your professional opinion
20		on those determinations of drain spacings?
21	A	Not by field.
22	Q	Okay. What did you do it by, by pump or by
23		what?
24	A	Well, let me say it again because I have said
25	mes	sghinna-cross-white

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it in my direct testimony, and I'll have to say it again. As you know, the hydraulic conductivity and depth to barrier are given for certain areas, and within those areas you will have almost the same drain spacing depending on natural drainage conditions and also on adjacent areas where you have to somehow average their drainage spacings in order to have alignments of the drains.

And I believe I have given you for each project, the length of each pipe required in each of the units.

- Q But you haven't given that information to us by field, have you?
- No, we don't -- I am trying to make this clear.

 We don't work -- When it comes to drainage,

 we don't work field by field because the nature

 of the data that is given to us, if you

 remember from Mr. Toedter, the hydraulic

 conductivity and depth to barrier were for

 certain areas and within those areas you will

 find the same drainage spacing except there

 might be -- there could be some adjustments

 due to natural drainage occurring in the areas.

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1		And also whereby adjacent areas could have
2		almost the same drainage spacings, and then
3		lump up as average.
4		So we can't go field by field on this.
5	Q	Well, let me ask you then on Exhibit C-257, is
6		there a group in the fields for which, as
7		you've described, there is the same drain
8		spacing within that group of fields?
9	A	Well, for example, if we see these fields in
10		here, I mean in Township 3 North, Range 1 West,
11		I beleive Section 2, you can see the drainage
12		spacing is equal.
13	Q	Yes.
14	A	I mean the distance between the drains is
15		equal although there are, how many fields,
16		one, two, three, four, five, six, in essence
17		six fields.
18	Q	What would that drainage spacing be then?
19	A	One can measure the drainage spacing if
20		necessary.
21	Q	What drainage spacing did you use?
22	A	You mean for that particular place?
23	Q	Yes. How would you know that?
24	A	Well, what you can do is try to find out from
25	mes	ghinna-cross-white

1		Mr. Toedter's exhibit of hydraulic conductivity
2		and depth to barrier, once you enter that
3		equation you'll find the drainage spacing
4		in here.
5	Q	Let me ask you whether or not the fields which
6		you indicated are
7	A	Yes.
8	Q	Fields 2380, 2379, 24103, 24104, 24105?
9	A	Yes, up to 24105.
10	Q	And those are the five fields that you've been
11		describing?
12	A	Uh-huh.
13	Q	As they're numbered on FM-1245-A?
14	A	Yes. They look like they have the same drain
15		spacing.
16	Q	In establishing your drainage cost, didn't you
17		determine the drain spacing?
18	A	That's why we have them in here. You see,
19		you can see the drainage spacing between a
20		certain area and another area is quite different.
21	Q	My question is what drain spacing did you
22		establish for that area upon which you based
23		your cost?
24		THE SPECIAL MASTER: How much distance
25	me	sghinna-cross-white

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1	between each of the drainage canals, drainage
2	pipe?
3	THE WITNESS: Well, one can measure this,
4	if you have a scale I can approximately
5	measure it, anybody can measure this distance.
6	Q (By Mr. White) Did you derive a value for
7	drain spacing upon which you based your costs?
8	A Of course I derived it, how can I put this
9	without deriving the drainage spacing?
10	Q What is that value for drain spacing for those
11	fields?
12	A Well
13	MR. SACHSE: Objection, Your Honor, he's
14	already testified he didn't do it field by
15	field.
16	THE SPECIAL MASTER: What Mr. White wants
17	to know and so do I, you establish the
18	drainage spacing in that given area to which
19	I'm pointing, what is the distance between each
20	of the drainage canals?
21	THE WITNESS: The drainage
22	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Drainage pipe.
23	THE WITNESS: Between this?
24	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yes.
25	mesghinna-cross-white

1	THE WITNESS: I have to go through a
2	long way to look through.
3	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'm sorry, I didn't
4	mean to inconvenience you. I thought that
5	was 200 fields or a given minimum area.
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1	A No, I have to go through a long thing.
2	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Is that what you wanted
3	to know?
4	MR. WHITE: Yes, sir. I would like to get
5	an idea of how from a specific example, how that
6	drain spacing was calculated and then from that
7	drain spacing how we got to drainage costs, and
8	I would like to use a specific example to make
9	it clear in my mind, Your Honor.
10	THE WITNESS: We have to go through a long
11	way. We have to look
12	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Can you
13	THE WITNESS: I can calculate this.
14	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Can you make an educated
15	guess?
16	THE WITNESS: Yes, I can.
17	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. Do you know
18	if measurements of the area
19	THE WITNESS: Yeah
20	THE SPECIAL MASTER: You know, you have eight
21	or nine parallel drainage installations in that
22	area and each an equal distance from the other.
23	I assume that those were that that drainage
24	network was pipe and not some natural channel or
Λ#	some drainage ditch, Dr. Mesghinna.

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1	THE WITNESS: Yes.
2	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'm assuming that those
3	lines drawn across the field there are pipe and not
4	an existing drainage ditch or an existing outlet.
5	THE WITNESS: Yes, these are new pipes pro-
6	posed by us.
7	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Okay.
8	THE WITNESS: I have this in front of me.
9	Q (By Mr. White) What are you looking at, Wold?
10	A It is the first part of can we use another one
11	because that thing is not there, I guess. I mean
12	you want an example.
13	Q Well, I was asking about that group of fields.
14	A Okay.
15	Q Can we just follow through with that example?
16	A Sure. Let me see.
16 17	Q Do you want me to give a legal description from
18	the
19	THE WITNESS: This is the one.
20	MR. WHITE: This is the one right here.
21	THE WITNESS: Okay. Could you hold this for
22	me?
23	(Off the record discussion.
24	THE SPECIAL MASTER: If I had known that this
25	mesghinna-cross-white

1	q۱	uestion was based upon a formula so complicated as
2	t	he formula that I find on page 36 of your report
3	I	wouldn't have asked it.
4		MR. WHITE: Well, let me just ask another
5	ď	uestion, it may simplify
6		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I would rather wait until
7	h	e answers the one I have pending. One shot at
8	a	time, so to speak, Sandy.
9	•	MR. WHITE: Okay.
10		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'm talking about, Leo,
11	h	aving a look on page 36 and you can see what I
12	r	an into.
13		I thought it was going to be 200 feet.
14		(Brief pause.
15	A I	think it will be about 300 feet.
16	Q (By Mr. White) 300 feet?
17	A A	bout 300.
18	Ω 0	kay. What size did you use?
19	A F	or those?
20	Q F	or those in coming up with your costs, 300 feet?
21	A T	he spacing is 300 feet, yes.
22	Q N	ow, your drainage costs are really a function of
23	p	ipe length and pipe size, are they not?
24	A A	nd spacing, of course.
25	mesghi	nna-cross-white

1	Q	Right. And spacing.
2	A	Uh-huh.
3	Q	Let's see if I can get at it this way: do you
4		have the drain spacing value, the pipe size value,
5		and the pipe length values all three for which you
6		derive your drainage costs for each of the units
7		set up in such a way as or to allow a person
8		to go to a group of fields such as you have des-
9		cribed and see what pipe length, pipe size and
10		pipe spacing or drain spacing you used for that
11	İ	group of fields?
12	A	That's exactly what I did. Now, I determined the
13		drain spacing and anybody can determine it.
14		THE SPECIAL MASTER: But he was asking you,
15		do you have that for the rest of the fields.
16		THE WITNESS: For all, everything, do you
17		mean?
18	Ω	(By Mr. White) Uh-huh.
19		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Uh-huh.
20	A	Of course. How would I come up with this?
21	Q	(By Mr. White) May I see it, please?
22		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Was that the sum of your
23		entire file?
24		THE WITNESS: Yeah, that was the
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1	MR. WHITE: I think I'm entitled to see the
2	facts and data upon which he based his opinions,
3	Your Honor, and I would like to see it.
4	THE WITNESS: The facts and data upon which
5	I came up with this I have already given it here.
6	It is on the record. The depth to barrier and
7	hydraulic permeability is given by Mr. Toedter.
8	It has been given. It is here. I think you
9	have this, don't you?
10	MR. WHITE: One minute, Your Honor, if we
11	could go off the record.
12	(Off the record discussion.
13	MR. CLEAR: May I talk with the witness for
14	a minute?
15	THE SPECIAL MASTER: May he talk to the
16	witness for a minute?
17	MR. WHITE: I have no objection.
18	THE SPECIAL MASTER: It is 11;15. Let's
19	take a five minute break.
20	(Recess, 11:15 a.m.
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- Q For each climatic zone?
- A Yes.

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- Q On-farm application efficiency?
- A Yeah, because that's what you need in your analysis.

When you get for each climatic zone and let's assume, let's take North Crowheart, it has three climatic zones; Burris, Diversion Dam and Pavillion, all of the three climatic zones somewhere or another are in North Crowheart. So if we get, for example, 68 percent of application efficiency in Burris, North Crowheart and 67 percent in Diversion Dam, North Crowheart, and 66 percent in Pavillion, North Crowheart, you take the weighted average of all this and determine the weighted, what you call application efficiency for the whole North Crowheart Unit, which is about 67 percent. And the application efficiency for all the units are 67 percent for North Crowheart, 67 percent for South Crowheart, 67 percent for Arapahoe Unit, 66 percent for Riverton East and 67 percent for Big Horn And those are the ones that we have Flats. mesghinna-cross-white

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1		used for our estimation.
2	Q	In other words, the on-farm application
3		efficiencies contained on Page 12 of your
4		report are weighted averages based on the
5		climatic zones within each of those units;
6		is that correct?
7	A	Yes, sir.
8	Q	Okay. What were the on-farm application
8 9		efficiencies which you determined for each
10	1	of your seven climatic zones?
11	A	I can try to find them out if you want me.
12		But what they'll give you, they'll give you
13		those application efficiencies. Thereis not
14		really much difference, you know, on the
15		application efficiencies, it's just between
16		66, 67, 68.
17		THE SPECIAL MASTER: That's your range?
18		THE WITNESS: That's the range really,
19		more or less.
20	Q	(By Mr. White) Is that also true with the
21		climatic zones?
22	A	Yeah, I mean between the climatic zones.
23	Q	So they range from 66 to 68?
24	A	Approximately, yes, plus or minus five percent.
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1	Q	It could be 65 to 69?
2	A	Possibly.
3	Q	Did you make any determination of the number
4	 -	of laterals which would be used for each
5		field?
6	A	Yes. As I have indicated it in my report I
7		have summed up the number of laterals necessary
8		for each unit.
9	Q	I'm talking about each field now.
10	A	Yeah.
11 ;	Q	Have you
12		THE SPECIAL MASTER: He answered your
13		question by saying what he did, and he did not
14		do what you said, he did it by the unit.
15		THE WITNESS: Let me say it again.
16		Probably I was not clear on this matter. We
17		have determined for each field, but within
18		a pumping station let me make it clear again,
19		When I say pumping station, laterals in a
20		pumping station can rotate, this is the
21		assumption we make, meaning that in a given
22		pump station if we have a we have some
23		laterals which are idle, then we can transfer
24		them to other fields which don't have enough

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1		laterals. But we made sure that there will be
2		equal or more laterals then is necessary in a
3		given, what you call pumping station.
4	Q	(By Mr. White) So you do have You did
5		determine the number of laterals per field
6		but only on a per pumping station basis; is
7		that right?
8	A	Yes.
9	Q	Did you make a determination on of on-farm
10		system costs for each field?
11	A	The on-farm pumping cost is You see, if we
12		go back to what we said before, that the laterals
13		are exchangeable from field to field so you
14		cannot exactly have a specific cost for a given
15		field, but you have given cost for the pump
16		stations.
17		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Then you divide that
18		by the total number of acres in it and you get
19		your acreage cost?
20		THE WTNESS: That's it.
21	Q	(By Mr. White) That's for on-farm systems?
22	A	That's for on-farm systems. You have to add
23		something else though.
24	Q	I"m sorry, I didn't hear you.
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1	A	We add something to it, you know, because
2		on-farm system includes other items too, not
3		only the laterals.
4	Q	Did you make any determination of pipe network
5		costs on a field by field basis?
6	A	Now, it's very hard to make it on a field by
7		field basis, pipe network, because there is no
8		way that one can determine pipe network cost
9		for a given field. It's for a given pumping
10		station for a given unit.
11	Q	So you made that determination by pumping
12		station; isn't that correct?
13	A	Yeah, and I have given it to you.
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1	Q	(By Mr. White) Right. You made a similar deter-
2		mination with respect to pump and pumping plant
3		costs, didn't you?
4	A	Yes, sir. And I have also submitted to you last
5		the week before last.
6	Q	Okay. The same thing is true of canals and re-
7		lated structure costs?
8	A	Yes. In fact, I gave it through the telephone.
9	Q	To Henry?
10	A	Huh?
11	Q	Is that the information you gave to Henry over the
12		telephone?
13	A	Yes, sir.
14	Q	Did you make any determination of energy costs or
15		demand costs on field on a field by field basis
16		or was that done on a pumping station basis?
17	A	That one again I have given it to you by pump
18		station.
19	Q	Okay. But you didn't make any other breakdown,
20		you just did the pump station breakdown, is that
21		correct?
22	A	Because if you see it physically there is no way
23		that you can make a breakdown from that. You
24		know, you have a pumping station, you have energy,
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the energy is from the pump itself so you count it there. You can't go to the fields -- it is hard. MR. WHITE: Your Honor, I would like to suggest that if it's convenient for you we might break now and say come back at 1:00. 6 THE SPECIAL MASTER: That's a good idea because we have to maybe break up a few minutes before three. I wish to announce that we will break up 10 now and we will convene about 1:00. I wish to 11 also announce that about five minutes to three 12 we will have to move our things out of here and 13 it may not be for more than a half hour, and we 14 may be using the time to confer on something 15 else. And I wish to announce that tomorrow morn-16 ing at 9:00, we will be in Judge Ewing T. Kerr's 17 courtroom which is next door so it might be wise 18 to put our things in there at the end of today 19 and have it ready for the morning. 20 Okay. 1:00 instead of 1:30 today. (Recess, 11:25 a.m. 24

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