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## Trial Transcript, Vol. 75, Morning Session

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case # 4993

File # 182

1	IN THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
2	WASHAKIE COUNTY, STATE OF WYOMING
3	
4	IN RE:
5	THE GENERAL ADJUDICATION OF )
6	ALL RIGHTS TO USE WATER IN )  THE BIG HORN RIVER SYSTEM )  Civil No. 4993
7	OF WYOMING.  OF WYOMING.  OF WYOMING.
8	Maryans D. Hampton CLERK
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15	VOLUME 75
16	Morning Session
17	Thursday, June 4, 1981
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	1	AP	PEARANCES
	2		
	3	FOR THE STATE	HALL & EVANS 2900 Energy Center Building
-6	4	OF WYOMING:	717 17th Street
	5		Denver, CO 80202  BY: MR. MICHAEL D. WHITE and  MR. JAMES MERRILL, Special
	6		Assistant Attorneys General
	7	FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:	MR. JOSEPH MEMBRINO Attorney at Law
	8	OF RIERLON:	Land and Natural Resources Division Department of Justice
	9		P.O. Box 7415 Benjamin Franklin Station
	10	•	Washington, DC 20044
	11		and
	12		MR. THOMAS ECHOHAWK Attorney at Law
	13		Land and Natural Resources Division Department of Justice
0	14		1961 Stout Street Denver, CO 80294
	15		
	16	FOR THE SHOSHONE and ARAPAHOE TRIBES:	SONOSKY, CHAMBERS & SACHSE 200 M. Street, N.W.
	17		Washington, DC 20006 BY: MR. HARRY SACHSE
	18		
	19	CLERK TO THE SPECIAL MASTER:	MR. LEO SALAZAR Attorney at Law
	20		701 Rocky Mountain Plaza Cheyenne, WY 82001
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to be seen a see

فعسن	Ji	
	1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Did George Radosevich stay or
التعسين	2	is he gone?
المصرين المام	3	MR. WHITE: He's gone. He said he had another trial
فيصين فيصرنه		down South today, or else he was getting ready for one,
گنفستن گنفستن	4	
المعان	5	I can't remember.
الصحاف	6	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Okay, Mr. White, continue.
	7	CROSS-EXAMINATION (RESUMED)
فعسني	8	BY MR. WHITE:
-	9	Q Mr. Vogel, you indicated previously that Gutthroat were
De la	10	a native species to the reservation, is that correct?
Circles 1	11	A. That's what I've been informed of.
فسن	12	Q Is that the only native species to the reservation?
وسي	13	A. That's the only native trout that I know of that on
العصول العراق	14	the reservation. There are other native fish species.
المصري المصري	Į.	Q Such as Whitefish?
فيسن	15	A. Right.
ومرا	16	
2	17	Q Now, have you made any determination as to whether
المعرف	18	Cutthroat were native to all of the reaches shown on
المسافق المسافقة	19	Exhibit 281?
المسلحة العد تعد	20	A. No, I have I was informed, as I said earlier, by
ایستان ایستان	21	Dr. Robert Behnke of Colorado State University, in his
	22	opinion, Colorado excuse me, Cutthroat were distributed
<b>3</b> -4	23	throughout the drainage up through at lease barrier falls
	24	or any structure within the streams that may inhibit
المرابعة		vogel - cross - white
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	1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Very well.				
المناسق المناس	2	MR. WHITE: That's a distinction he ought to be able				
	3	to make, Your Honor.				
-	4	A I couldn't tell. There is, like my attorney said, there's				
	5	literally hundreds and hundreds of lines of programming				
	6	in here and I couldn't tell if that was the same.				
	7	Q (By Mr. White) You don't have your program with you and				
هاستان	8	you can't tell whether this is the same, is that correct?				
هستنی	9	A That's correct.				
Charles of the Control of the Contro	10	MR. WHITE: Your Honor, we would move at this time				
	11	for an order asking the United States to produce the				
	12	program listing which they used. Since he does				
وست	13	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I would deny that at this time,				
0-3	14	Mr. White. This programming deals with fish preference				
	15	characteristics, is that correct?				
0-8	16	MR. WHITE: Well, its got the IFG I believe that				
	17	has IFG-2, IFG-4 as well as the subroutines that are				
0-0		associated with those particular programs as well as				
0-0	19	those that are necessary to develop habitat curves and				
مم	20	things like that.				
	21	I believe I would represent to the Court upon				
جسره جسره	22	representation and belief				
جستو جستو	23	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yeah.				
	24	MR. WHITE: that is the complete set of programs				
	25	vogel-cross-white				

Incremental Methodolgy library, but I believe we are entitled to know what program he used because they do differ, from day to day in some cases. And if we are to effectively deal with this area we are entitled to know that. There has been no suggestion of confidential information or trade secrets here.

examination, is it incumbent upon this witness to have to produce that which he used in these matters or is it incumbent upon you to show by something he testified on direct was not in keeping with his printouts. And I don't know whether the duty is on him to present it or not. I think if you've got something on a computer printout that will impeach his direct testimony or will put it into contradiction or disrepute, then I think you should bring that out yourself or bring it out in your case, one or the other.

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, I think that we are entitled to know what program he used.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, he told you that.

MR. WHITE: He's unable --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: He told you that. But, now you're saying that you want him to produce the printout.

MR. WHITE: No, sir, he's not able to tell us what

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program he used, and by program I'm talking about program listing.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, he's not able to identify what you handed him on FISH-30, a 285-page document, whether or not some of the printouts, some of the lines on that document whether he relied upon or not.

Is that correct?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

MR. WHITE: What I'm asking, Your Honor, is for them simply to provide us -- we'll pay the copying cost if necessary with the program listing, the program they used. It doesn't seem like that's much to ask.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, are you able to do that?

THE WITNESS: One thing I can point out, Your Honor,

I noticed here on the front page this printout is from

Colorado State University. I used the computer from the

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation in Denver, Colorado, so there

may be discrepancies just on that basis alone.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Uh-huh.

MR. WHITE: I think we are entitled to know, Your Honor, and that's what I'm asking is for them to provide us a copy of their listing.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Why don't you prepare specifically what it is you want and identify it with particularity, and then let us know and if it's something that can be

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complied with without any great detail, why we can see about that. MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor, Mr. White has suggested that the computer programs have changed frequently, if 4 not daily, and I think that's an allegation that ought 5 to be substantiated. Mr. Vogel has in the Courtroom the 6 printouts of his work. I believe they were produced at his deposition. If Mr. White wants to work with them, 8 perhaps he can pinpoint just precisely the time at which 9

which program is correct.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Is that so, Mr. White? Did you have access to his printouts during his deposition or have you seen them?

this work was done and he can decide which determination,

MR. WHITE: We have the results of his computer work, what came out of the black box. We have what went into the black box. We don't have the instructions to the black box -- what to do with the input data, that is what we are asking for. We are asking for the instructions to the black box, and I think it is absolutely fundamental. If we don't get it, I'll move to strike, and I think it is an excellent, absolutely clear motion.

MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor, we are not suggesting that Mr. White has -- is not free to examine in this case -that is a government program that's available for public

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with the University -- with the Instream Flow Group himself about that, and I'm sure he has. I think that's where he got the copy he's presenting to Mr. Vogel. All I'm saying is that if Mr. Vogel doesn't have his program listing in the Courtroom, it's no -- it's no basis for suggesting that his testimony is somehow deficient.

MR. WHITE: It certainly is, Your Honor, and this is the reason why: --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well; I don't think so, Mr. White. But go ahead with your argument.

MR. WHITE: The reason is that by not producing, either unintentionally or intentionally the program listings, the essence of Mr. Vogel's work is shielded from cross-examination. And the reason it is shielded ---

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I don't understand how that can conceivably be. You have had depositions with this witness --

MR. MEMBRINO: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: -- you've had a clear latitude in asking him about every facet of the seven steps he takes in his work, and this business of incremental methodology and how you can now say that this man's testimony is shielded from your examination is beyond me.

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the computer.

MR. WHITE: Absolutely not.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: And what his totals were when he came out, every bit of information that he got from each of the cross-sections on each of these exhibits that went into the computer to give him his figures on habitat and the figures that he projected, his total area, whatever the devil it's called.

MR. WHITE: Weighted usable area.

MR. MEMBRINO: Weighted usable area.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: His weighted usable areas in square feet from each place and what came out of the computer. And I fail to understand why you can't feel that you have full latitude to his direct testimony on questions of that kind, of what it is you're seeking. I'm trying to keep this from getting into a perpetual exercise, and I'm afraid that's what it is when I look over the rooms now, if not the buildings that we're filling with exhibits and hundreds and hundreds of printouts every day of our lives.

MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor, if I may add as well, all this material that Mr. White was talking about, is inquiring of, was something that was the subject of Mr. Vogel's deposition. We shouldn't be continuing discovery two days into Mr. Vogel's testimony. We're not talking

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about work that's occurred since --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well --

MR. MEMBRINO: And also, which is a most important point, this is not to say that because the program listing for this work is -- is of a public nature available to practitioners in the field, that we are in any way suggesting that the other computer program listings that we've had some controversy that we had relating to our other witnesses would be available to the State. We certainly maintain that your ruling be proprietary and should stand. But I think the point here is Mr. White has some way he wants to impeach Mr. Vogel's testimony or his work. He had the opportunity at deposition to inquire into the assumptions, Mr. Vogel has discussed all those things, and now it's up to Mr. White to --

MR. WHITE: Your Honor --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: If the State's position is,

Mr. White, that the methodology is so inaccurate or so

uncertain or so unreliable that it should not be given

credence, that's fine, you have a right to any document

you wish to assert that, but the affirmative duty is

on you. That's not something to work out in any fur
ther inquiries on these printouts and computer activities

that we've already pursued, and I'm going to hold that way.

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MR. WHITE: Well, Your Honor --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: And you're welcome to make your Motion to strike his testimony, on which I will rule, or make your offer of proof, either one.

MR. WHITE: Before I do that, I've got to respond to something Mr. Membrino said. I don't think it is an accurate characterization of the deposition to say that the programs, the listings with which Mr. Vogel used were covered in that deposition at all, and I just don't think that that's correct.

I will now move to strike Mr. Vogel's testimony on the grounds that -- Let me start, and strike that.

We move to strike Mr. Vogel's testimony with respect to his flow recommendations on the grounds that his flow recommendations were derived by use of several programs, that while he has disclosed the data that was fed into the computer and the results which came out of the computer, he is unable to identify the -or to produce a listing of the program which was used to evaluate the raw data, he is unable to indicate whether or not Wyoming Exhibit FISH-30 is the program listing of the methodology which he used.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, I'm -- Go ahead.

MR. WHITE: Having the input data and output data, it would be quite possible to develop a computer program,

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but there's no assurance that that computer program would be the same that Dr. -- or Mr. Vogel used. As a result, the underlying assumption and analysis which went into Mr. Vogel's opinions are not allowed to be subject to cross-examination or careful scrutiny, and therefore we move to strike his testimony.

MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Well, if you haven't got into them with careful scrutiny, it's your own fault, not the Court's. You had him under deposition, you've taken massive depositions, which I see on his desk, and you had the two printouts, the one you have available now with which you're working and the one which he referred to which may contain his printout that was in the office of the USGS in Denver.

THE WITNESS: U. S. Bureau of Reclamation.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: U. S. Bureau of Reclamation in Denver, so I think my ruling will stand, Mr. White. I don't know how else to really rule it.

MR. WHITE: I know, Your Honor, but you don't agree with me.

MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor, may I make one addendum to that? Your Honor, Mr. White has repeatedly said these programs change all the time. All we have are his allegations, I don't believe there's any evidence in

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the record to show that that's the case, and he's using that as a lynch pin of his argument here. And I think if he's going to make such allegations, he's got to provide evidence of that.

MR. WHITE: The only --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: He probably will on his case.

MR. WHITE: The lynch pin of the argument is the witness doesn't know what program listing he used. He doesn't have it with him.

MR. SACHSE: Your Honor, may it please the Court, shall we, when the Court has ruled on an issue, that we then move on to the next issue?

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. Let's do that.

(By Mr. White) Mr. Vogel, if one were to contact the Bureau of Reclamation, whose computer I believe you testified that you used in developing your analysis, and if in that contact one were to ask for the precise program listing or the listing for the precise program which you used, specifically how would that be done?

Who would you talk to and specifically what would you ask for?

A. First of all, I'd probably find out how to do that through the Instream Flow Group, and I believe that they would probably give me the proper people to contact vogel - cross - white

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	1		and how to go about it.	
المستشرية المسيد	2	Ç.	Well, who did you contact, who did you work with in	
	3		the Bureaü?	
وسيتن	4	ħ.	As far as what?	
و المستمن	L'			
و ا	5	, tr	As far as	
	6	A.	I thought you were giving me a hypothetical situation.	
	7	Ç.	Now did you identify the program that you were going	
	8		to use?	
وسنان ا	9	A.	I used the information supplied to me by personnel	
3	10		Instream Flow Group, specifically Ken Bovee.	
-	11	ø	What information did he supply to you?	
والمستركين	12	A.	He told me the proper command words to access the	
والمستن	13		program listings to properly run the program.	
المستن	14	Q.	And what were those words?	
	15	A.	I'd have to look through my notes to answer that	
	16		question.	
	17		(Brief pause.	
6-3	18		THE SPECIAL MASTER: On Page 9 of your report,	ĺ
	19		I find PHABSIM. Of course, habtat, of which we're	
	20		familiar	
	21		MR. WHITE: That's sort of the over-all name of	
	22		the system, Your Honor.	
	23		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Sort of acronyms. I wonder	
	24		if that's what you had in mind.	
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	1	MR. WHITE: No, sir.
المسبئين المسبئين،	2	THE SPECIAL MASTER: CPUF, dealing more closely
المستندن	3	with what you had in mind?
السيستين	4	MR. WHITE: No, sir.
	5	(Brief pause.
	6	
-	7	* * * *
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المستحدث المستحدث	13	
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you used?

A I couldn't answer that.

vogel-cross-white

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Mr. Vogel, I'm going to hand you back your notes and I'm
going to mark very lightly in pencil on your original,
and we'll make copies and you can erase the pencil:
Exhibit FISH-31 and FISH-32. Would you identify those,
please?

A Before we do that, I would like to point something out that may or may not be of concern. These notes, Your Honor, give my specific account number. There is -- we have certain account numbers that are unique to each system. They have passwords and code numbers on it.

Giving this information here enables them to acess my personal account. Potentially, somebody could use that account and burn up the rest of the computer money in it.

MR. WHITE: We've got no problem --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Burn up the rest of your computer money?

THE WITNESS: Yeah. There's an account --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I see what you mean. You mean the meter on --

THE WITNESS: Right.

MR. WHITE: I agree with Mr. Vogel, and I suggest we'll xerox these during a break and give Mr. Vogel a chance to blank out those items which he feels might compromise his funding.

vogel-cross-white



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الثر	1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. Very good.
المرا	2	THE WITNESS: Sure. That's fine.
	3	A FISH-31 is a copy of my notes. It gives various commands
استن ا	4	to the computer that were relevant to my work.
	<b>3</b> 5	FISH-32 is entitled Procfil that's spelled
	<b>₹</b>	P-r-o-c-f-i-1: A User's Guide for Utilizing The PHABSIM.
3	<b>3</b> 7	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Who prepared 32?
-	<b>3</b> 8	THE WITNESS: Sheree. That first name is S-h-e-r-e-e,
	- <b>3</b>	middle initial A. Last name Griffith, computer aide.
-	10	THE SPECIAL MASTER: And she works for whom?
	11	THE WITNESS: The Cooperative Instream: Flow Service
-	12	group in Fort Collins, and it is dated August,:1980.
	<b>-3</b>	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Very well.
أشن	~	
	14 	Please don't do that, Mr. White.
	15 <b>2</b>	MR. WHITE: I'm sorry
	16	THE SPECIAL MASTER: If you would speak louder
المستني المستني	<b>3</b> 17	MR. WHITE: I told the witness I was going to take
•		those to copy them and then I remembered our arrangement
مرابع مرابع	19	and I told him to keep them until we were ready to copy
بنشن منتش	OΛ	them. I appologize to the Court, Your Honor.
0		THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right.
•	22	Q (By Mr. White) Mr. Vogel, would you please get out
•	23	Exhibit FISH-1-A, that's the script for the slide show.
	<b>2</b> 4	A Okay.
	25	vogel-cross-white

Isn't it true, as you testified in your deposition, that you made no investigation with respect to watershed equilibrium?

I made no investigation to the level of degree of precision as I used the IFG incremental methodology where I actually went out and did real detailed measurement on actual velocities, Substrates, specific depths, streambed morphology. However, in the sense that I think I see what you're getting into in this question, is that the watershed before a study like this is conducted, one of the basic assumptions is that the researcher assumes the watershed is in equilibrium.

Now remember, relating this in terms to Instream flow studies using the IFG Incremental Methodology, we are speaking in terms of extreme effects on the watershed, adverse effects as they may effect the fish populations in the stream. It was not necessary for me, in my opinion, to do a high-level intensive study of the watershed, because as far as I was concerned, in the

vogel-cross-white

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study the watershed was in equilibrium as it related to the fish in the stream. In other words, there was no stream adverse effects. There wasn't any channels giving in or banks giving in or tremendous A grading of the stream bed or degrading of the stream bed. These were the factors that were important. Prior to the time I applied the methodology, I assume this was not the case.

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vogel-cross-white



i	reasons for it.
2	Q (By Mr. White) Is that the same as your answer now,
3	you did nothing?
4	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I think you're getting
5	argumentative, and I think you're hassling the
6	witness, and I will not permit it. You may move
7	on to the next issue, please, Mr. White.
8	MR. WHITE: Your Honor, may I ask the witness
9	whether he did anything about watershed equilibrium?
10	THE SPECIAL MASTER: No, because he explained
11	in detail what he did and what he did not do and
12	why he did what he did and why he did not do what
13	he did not do, that is why, Mr. White.
14	, Ω (By Mr. White) Isn't it true that you made no
15	investigations with respect to the availability of
16	food?
17	A. My answer will be similar to the previous answer.
18	Prior to making an investigation of instream flows
19	for fisheries, I made a detailed examination of the
20	specific velocities, depth and substrates in the stream.
21	It was not necessary for me to actually go in and do
22	a detailed food habits: as to what the trout are
23	eating, what the volume of food is that they're eating,
24	things like this. It's not necessary, in my opinion,
25	vogel-cross-white
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to go in and make a detailed investigation of this, if I assume prior to that it's not a problem.

In other words, if I believe that there's no problem for fish to exist in the stream, it's not necessary for me to go in there and examine to see what they're eating, do a detailed level or a high level investigation of food habits. Just by virtue of the fact that a fish is present in a stream may be satisfactory that he wouldn't be there if he didn't have food. So I did not make a detailed investigation.

During your deposition -- Well, strike that.

Isn't it true then that you assumed the availability of adequate food for the fish, having made no investigation of the food availability?

A. I guess I didn't realize that was a question.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Would you read the question, please, Merissa?

(Thereupon, the following (question was read back as (follows: "Q. Isn't it true (then that you assumed the (availability of adequate food (for the fish, having made no (investigation of the food (availability?"

THE WITNESS: Yes, I assume that food was adequate, in adequate supply for the fish present, and it would not be a limiting factor to the population.

vogel-cross-white

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I might just bring this up. When I was working for North Central Reservoir Investigations with the fishery biologist in South Dakota, the project leader 3 was giving me advice on my master's thesis, on what areas I should limit my master's thesis to, and which areas I should expand on and avoid. I brought up the 6 subject of food habits, food studies. I did some work with yellow perch, a species found in the Missouri River, and he told me, he said that, he said 9 in many cases it's not necessary to actually go out 10 11 and analyze exactly what the fish are eating, by virtue of the fact that the fish are there tells him that 12 they're eating something, it's not limiting. So I 13 applied it also to this. 14 I had no evidence to assume that food supply was 15 detrimental to the fish. In other words, it was a 16 limiting factor. So, I did not do a real detailed food habit study. 18 (By Mr. White) Wasn't it true that during your Q. 19 deposition that you indicated that you did no study 20 at all? I refer you to Page 47, Lines 3 through 5. 21

> "Answer: None."

respect to the availability of food?"

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"Question: What investigations did you make with

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A. Again, --

. . . .

THE SPECIAL MASTER: You don't have to elaborate, if that's just what you said, just say so.

THE WITNESS: Okay, that's it.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: That's fine.

- (By Mr. White) Isn't it true that you made no investigations with respect to water quality?
- A. My answer is still the same. I had no reason to believe that water quality would be a factor by virtue of the fact that the fish are present, by virtue of the fact that there is no, there is no physical reason apparent in the streams to give me concern that water quality would be a factor.

You must understand the context of what we are dealing with here. The IFG Incremental Methodology basically asks the researcher to keep these things in mind as he's going to conduct a study and look out for warning signs in the system, look out for things that may be very serious, detrimental damage to the system.

If there's a tremendous bank erosion going on, if there's pollution, a tremendous amount of pollution in the stream, we're looking for severe adverse effects that may affect the fish's environment. I had no evidence of this on the Wind River Indian Reservation.

vogel-cross-white



of the equilibrium, those effects on the fish in the environment of the fish that were present would be very apparent. There would be things such as a tremendous grading of the channel, or degrading of the channel or tremendous sediment load in the channel, anything that would, within a short period of time, would be obvious within the system.

Watershed equilibrium, as I understand it, is speaking in terms of equilibrium over time, over a long period of time. As it relates to the study, we're speaking in, we're not speaking in terms of geologic time, we're speaking in terms of relatively short time, historic time.

obvious on the streams on the reservation. There would be, as I described earlier, there would be obvious effects on the environment of the fish. I realize I made this more of a drawn out statement rather than a definition, but that's the best I could do.

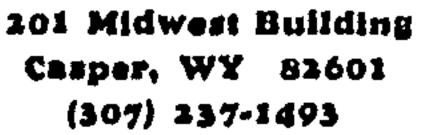
- Q Well, isn't it true that there are bank stabilization efforts throughout the reservation?
- A. In some areas there are bank stabilization efforts.
- If the watershed's in equilibrium, why are those stabilization efforts in progress?

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1	В.	Okay. Again, I refer you to the context, referring
2		to watershed equilibrium as it relates to the study.
3	}   	We're not speaking in terms of some efforts by an
4		irrigator, because the stream is is he wants
5		to build the water supply up into his headgate. The
6		cases I'm familiar with, this is probably the most
7		familiar case on the reservation, is the irrigator
8		is simply trying to get water into his irrigation
9		headgate so he channelizes a section of the stream
10		to make the stream go over to a certain portion, either
11		a left bank or right bank of a stream.
12	Ŭ	Mr. Vogel, I direct your attention to what's already
13	[] ]]	been admitted as United States Exhibit C-28, and ask
14		you whether or not you consider the effects of the
15		mineral development suggested by that exhibit and
16		reflected in the United States' Statement of Claim
17		when you assumed that the watershed was in equilibrium?
18	A.	No, I didn't. Again, remember the context we're
19		talking about here. I'll refer you back to your slide
20		show, the specific slide I believe when they started
21		to talk about watershed equilibrium, it showed a culvert
22		with eroded banks and tremendous sediment load, mud
23		being thrown in the stream. This is the type of thing
24		that we are concerned with, looking at in terms of
25	voge	l-cross-white

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THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let me ask a question, Mr. White.

Then when Mr. White brings up which is a natural and understanding doubt that arises from all of this, if on the one hand at a given time in the trial the United States says we have need for water because of mineral deposits and processing that will accompany that mineral processing, which is inevitable, and they say the water will be used and then you come along a few months later. and you say we have assituation of a fishery here in order to maintain the fishery here, we will need so much water for this when it is obvious, and it is becoming more obvious in this case, there is an incompatibility in these two roles being fulfilled, either simultaneously or consecutively. Something has to give.

MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Just a minute. Let me finish my observation.

Either the requirement for mineral deposit and processing will have to be limited and restrained or qualified by waters required for fisheries, or either the waters for fisheries will have to be qualified and limited to -- otherwise affected by the requirements for mineral deposits or the mineral processing. You can't have both.

Now, I think I have solved about three hours of

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questions, Mr. White, have I not? That's what I'm --

MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor, I think we can say even more.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I would be happy to have you now comment.

MR. MEMBRINO: I think --

MR. WHITE: If I have the right of cross-examination, Your Honor, why I would be delighted.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Go ahead.

MR. MEMBRINO: I'm not testifying, I'm only reporting what's already in evidence and that's Mr. Page's testimony when he testified about water availability for these mineral deposits. As I recall, he said all the mineral deposits but I believe one, and I'm not sure where that was --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yeah.

MR. MEMBRINO: -- was going to be supplied by groundwater.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'm not so much concerned about the source of the mineral deposits. The Indians have, and they are going to have, continue to have an unlimited supply of groundwater and the deep water in aquifers that's there. It is on the Reservation. But what about this flow? What about the return to the surface after mineral processing and wastes? What does that do to the

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fish and wildlife quality? That's my point. And that's not just an Indian problem, that's everybody's problem.

We are polluting the fish of the earth with this problem, with toxic waste disposals, places to put the toxic waste, places — this is the biggest, most troublesome problem in America, after inflation, and it's going to be here if not in our lifetime, pretty soon after our lifetimes. So how can you maintain the fish habitat you want in an ideal situation, the optimum to which you have testified, when you know this is going to impinge upon your area, your fisheries? That's what I would like to hear you make some comments on, if you studied it or thought it through that far. Now, if you haven't, just say so.

THE WITNESS: Okay, Your Honor, I have not. I'm not aware of what development they have planned for the future. That was not within my areas of expertise.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Okay.

(By Mr. White) Mr. Vogel, I would direct your attention to what's already been admitted as United States Exhibit C-276 --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: What was that first one that you're covering up now, Jim -- Mr. Merrill?

MR. MERRILL: It is C-28, Your Honor.

MR. WHITE: I think it was admitted for illustrative

vogel-cross-white

11	_il	
-	1	purposes.
	2	MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor, I believe that that
	3	exhibit hasn't been offered.
	4	THE SPECIAL MASTER: But has it been identified.
1-3	5	276? Okay. Very good.
	6	MR. MEMBRINO: We're not offering it now either. It
	7	is not in evidence. I'm not sure it's appropriate for
10	8	it to be considered.
3	9	MR. WHITE: Well, I can change my question
	10	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Do you mind if he looks at it
	11	and asks a question based on it?
	12	MR. MEMBRINO: I think
	13	MR. WHITE: I can change my question and solve the
هشانه	14	problem, Your Honor.
	15	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I would like to say you can't,
	16	but how straight do you want to be, Mr. Membrino?
المستري	17	MR. MEMBRINO: I want him, if he's going to be
المنتشتر	18	asked to testify about something that's in evidence, that
	19	isn't in evidence, I think that's a serious matter. We
المستشرني المستشرر	20	have not offered this.
المستعدين	21	THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. Do you want C-276
المنفيدي	22	pulled from the easel?
	23	MR. MEMBRINO: If we could know what Mr. White's
	24	question is first
	25	vogel-cross-white
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THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let's take a ten-minute break and you find out. Let us take a ten-minute break and you find out. (Recess, 10:14. 14 18 19 22

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THE SPECIAL MASTER: Shall we resume? Mr. White.

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, Mr. Membrino suggested that Exhibit C-276, the U.S. exhibit had never been in evidence; he is right, and I was wrong. I apologize to the Court and Counsel.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Direct that to him, not to me.

MR. WHITE: The fact of the matter, however, it was used during Mr. Stetson's direct examination on Page 5224 of the transcript, lines 15 through 18. Jim Clear said, "Your Honor, I have marked for identification U.S. Exhibit C-276, which we will use for illustrative purposes during the course of Mr. Stetson's testimony." And I apologize, I thought it had been admitted for illustrative purposes, but since it was used during Mr. Stetson's testimony, I'm going to ask the next question.

Q (By Mr. White) Mr. Vogel, I'd like you to assume that the areas in black on U.S. Exhibit C-276 amount to approximately 55,000 acres and require, of irrigated land, and irrigated diversion requirements, of approximately 216,000 acre-feet.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Annually?

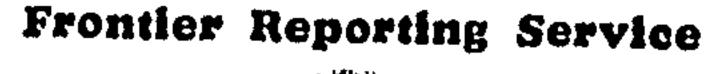
MR. WHITE: Excuse me?

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Annually?

MR. WHITE: Annually.

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(By Mr. White) And I'd like you to further assume that Q those are historically irrigated lands, and ask you whether or not you took into consideration the diversion requirements for the historically irrigated lands when you adjusted your flow recommendations downward so as to not exceed natural or native flow? 6 Native flow? THE SPECIAL MASTER: MR. WHITE: The Keene flow, let's call it the Keene flow or virgin flow. THE WITNESS: Would you rephrase the question about 10 adjusting my estimates downward? I lost you there. 11 (By Mr. White) Well, let's back up. Isn't it true that Q 12 you reduced your optimum flow recommendations in some 13 cases in order to redirect the unavailability of water, 14 of enough water to meet the total optimum or flow for 15 optimum habitat which you had derived? 16 It's just a very simple point. We wanted to make sure we 17 18 weren't asking for water that wasn't available in the stream. 19 Now, in determining the amount of water which was Q 20 available, do you know whether that amount includes or 21excludes the amount of water that other United States 22 witnesses have testified is required to be diverted for 23 the service of historic lands? 24 vogel-cross-white 25



1	A	I've done no work dealing with the supply of water for
2		irrigation, things like this.
3	Q	Isn't it true then that if the diversion requirements
4		for historic lands were not subtracted from the virgin
5		flow figures, which you used or the native flow figures
6		natural, I guess that's the word you use, if those
7		historic diversion figures were not subtracted from the
8		virgin flow figures, that your instream flow recommendations
9		are higher in some cases
10		MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor
11	Q	(By Mr. White) than the amount of water maybe I
12		could finish my question than the amount of water
13		available after diversions had been made for the benefit
14		of those historic lands?
15		MR. SACHSE: Your Honor, I object. I've been
16		listening to Mr. White use the term "Historic lands", and
17	,	I'm aware of the rather technical definition that's been
18		given to historic lands in this case, in that it sometimes
19		refers to lands actually in irrigation, sometimes refers
20		to lands that have been irrigated at some time and could
21		be irrigated again. And Mr. Vogel has testified that he's
22		been dealing with current situation in the streams.
23		I think for his question, for the answer to the
24		question to have any meaning, that Mr. White had best make
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clear to Mr. Vogel what he means when he says historic lands. Is he referring to the water being diverted right now to take care of the irrigation on the streams so that it forms part of what could be called the equilibrium of the present moment or is he talking about something to be done in the future?

MR. WHITE: It's a fair objection.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let me hear the question again.

What did you say, Mr. White?

MR. WHITE: It's a fair objection, Your Honor. I'll rephrase the question.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I know it is, and I'm almost afraid to --

MR. WHITE: Because I can take it bit by bit without any problem.

having to reread it, and then also you prefaced your questioning, you're asking for these assumptions to be made, which would remove some of your objections. It's based on assumptions, and he said, no, he did not take them into consideration. If he didn't take them into consideration, any facet of irrigation waters I doubt he took into consideration any facet of their releases back into the main stream.

vogel-cross-white



1	Go ahead and take it again step by step, if you
2	can.
3	Q (By Mr. White) Mr. Vogel, I'd like you to assume that
4	the areas blackened on Exhibit C-276 contain, but are not
5	limited to, what Mr. Billstein testified to were 34,427
6	acres of lands presently in use, unadjudicated lands in
7	use, and for which Mr. Stetson testified a diversion
8	requirement of 22,915 acre-feet would be required. In
9	making that assumption, I ask you whether or not you
10	reduced the recommended instream flows in order to insure
11	that those unadjudicated lands presently in use continue
12	to receive water diverted from the streams?
13	A I did not reduce the figures for the reasons you described.
14	Q I'd like you to assume that the United States has
15	asserted there is 17,411 acres of adjudicated lands, which
16	would require diversion of 97,404 acres pursuant to
17	Mr. Stetson's testimony, to serve them. Making those
18	assumptions, or based on those assumptions, have you
19	reduced the amounts of your recommended instream flows in
20	order to insure that diversions may be made in the amounts
21	to which Mr. Stetson testified in order to serve those
22	adjudicated lands?
23	A I did not reduce my recommended flows for the reasons
24	you described.
25	vogel-cross-white
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Would the same answers -- or would you give the same Q answers if I asked you the same question about what are known as Type 7 lands, lands previously irrigated and now idle? 5 6 10 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 + 21 22 23 24 vogel-cross-white 25



	1	Q.	Or do you want to have a full question?
	2		THE SPECIAL MASTER: No, I think he understands.
3	3	A.	Yeah. No, I did not adjust my figures to take into
3	4		account those.
3	5	Q.	(By Mr. White) Mr. Vogel, I would like you to assume that
3	6		there has been previous testimony in this case by Dr.
	7		Mesghinna as to certain future projects which have or
9	8		will have, according to Dr. Mesghinna, 53,760 acres of
	9		irrigated land requiring 209,372 acre-feet of diversions
9	10		to serve them. Making that assumption, have you reduced
	11		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Same question.
-	12	Q	(By Mr. White) have you reduced your instream flow
-	13	}     	recommendation by an amount which ensures that the diver-
	14	 	sions for those future projects may be made?
والما	15	A.	No, I have no idea what the effects on my recommendations
	16		would be with those future developments.
	17	Q	Now, let's go back to watershed equilibrium for a moment,
	18		and let me ask you whether you took into consideration
	19		the irrigation activities on either the historic lands
	20		we have referred to or the future projects that I have
A STATE OF THE STA			previously referred to in determining whether or not the
	21		watershed was or will be in equilibrium?
	22	A.	As I stated earlier, as far as it related to my study, I
	23		considered the watershed in equilibrium in relation to
	24		constrained the maretshed the adult the In Letalion to
	25	vog	el - cross - white
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		what the fish was the fish environment in the stream at
	2	the present time at the present time, meaning within
		the last several years. I did not take into consideration
	4	future development. That's far beyond my capacity to know
	5	what would be development on the Reservation.
	- <b>6</b>	Q Mr. Vogel, in developing your recommended flows, what
	7	species preference values did you use; in general, where
حت ا	8	did they come from?
منت	9	A. Oh, they came from the Instream Flow Group's Fishfil,
	10	that's spelled F-i-s-h-f-i-l, program part of the PHABSIM
	11	developed from the Incremental Methodology.
4	12	Q And that was rainbrows, browns and brookies?
3	13	A. Right. And I believe there was at least one case I used
	14	cutthroat also.
شنه .	15	Q With respect to rainbow habitat preference information, you
المتناس	16	used, isn't it true that none of that habitat preference
مريع مريد	17	information was developed in either Wyoming or the Wind
	18	River Basin?
تم س	19	MR. WHITE: I think I've got what you're looking for.
9	20	Let me have a little pause here, Your Honor, and I'll
Grand.	21	Q In order to assist you in the answer to that question,
	22	Dave, I hand you what has been marked for identification
<b>G</b> erra	23	as Plaintiff's Exhibit FISH-4 and ask you if you can
· Province	24	identify that, and use it to answer the question?
-	25	vogel - cross - white
<b>)</b>		

This is an instream flow -- excuse me, this is Instream A. Flow Information Paper No. 4, entitled "Probability of Use Criteria for the Family Salmonidae", written by the Cooperative Instream Flow Service Group in Fort Collins, Colorado. 6 By use of Exhibit FISH-4, are you able to determine by referring to Page 35, as well as the references, the source of the habitat preference data which you used? Yes, I believe I can. 10 Isn't it true that the values for the velocities, depth 11 and substrate which you used for rainbow adults is based 12 on unpublished data from Oregon and unpublished data from 13 Washington? 14 That's correct. A. 15 Isn't it true that by referring to Page 57 of Exhibit Q. 16 FISH-4, as well as the references, the data or habitat --17 excuse me, the species preference data which you used for 18 brown trout adults is unpublished data from Idaho and Utah? 19 20 That's true. And I would add one more to your list. 21 Okay. It's some information that was developed by the project 22 leader or my boss at the Lander U.S. Fish and Wildlife 23 Service Station. 24 25 vogel - cross - white

But not in the Wind River Basin, is that correct? 2 That's correct. Isn't it true by reference to Page 68 of Exhibit FISH-4, 3 Q. as well as the references in that exhibit, that the species peference data which you used for brook trout were derived 6 from Idaho and Colorado? I believe that's correct. A. Isn't it true that by reference to Page 24 of Exhibit FISH-Q. 4, the species preference data which you used for cut-9 10 throat adults came from Oregon? 11 A. Yes. Isn't it true that the Instream Flow Group evaluates the 12 Q. 13 quality of the data that you used and isn't it true that the Instream Flow Group or IFG evaluations run from 14 excellent down through good; fair and reconaissance grade? 15 That's correct. 16 Isn't it atrue that none of the data which you used was Q. 17 evaluated as excellent? 18 No, that's not true. A. 19 Q. Okay, which ones were evaluated as excellent? 20 Brown trout adults, the evaluations for their preference 21 for substrate. 22 0 You are right, I apologize. Q 23 Isn't it true that, with that exception, none of them 24 25 vogel - cross - white

1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	were classified as being excellent?
2	A.	Yes.
3	Q.	Isn't it true that the remainder of the brown trout data
4		upon which you relied was classified as being good?
5	A.	Yes.
6	Q.	Isn't it true that both the rainbow and cutthroat data
7		that you relied upon was classified or evaluated as being
8		of fair quality?
9	A.	Yes.
10	Q	And isn't it true that the brook trout information upon
11		which Yourelied was classified as being reconnaisance
12		grade?
13	A.	Yes.
14	Q	Mr. Vogel, did you excuse me. Isn't it true that you
15		did not use temperature as a variable along with the
16		velocity, depth and substrate in your analysis?
17	A.	That's correct. I would like to say though I thought you
18		were going to continue the same line of questioning on
19		these curves. I would like to point out in that my study,
20		rainbow trout and brown trout were the two species upon
21		which I based my recommendations. You mentioned the use
22		of cutthroat trout and brook trout. I simply examined
23		them for use in the study. I didn't necessarily base my
24		recommendations on their curves.
25	vog	el - cross - white

	1	Q.	Okay.
	2	A.	I'll further point out that the IFG in so rating these
3	3		curves is doing so to call attention to the investigator
-	4		that excellent is based on the absolute best available
	5		data. Good in their rating is it is good data, it is
	6		powerful data. It can be used. If it's fair, that's an
	7		indication to the researcher to research. He should
	8		examine his curves and make sure it applies to his
	9		situation. It doesn't necessarily mean it is bad data.
	10		I did so by consultation with my boss, the Fish and Wild-
	11		life management biologist in Lander. And, in his opinion,
	12		these curves for rainbow trout and brown trout were per-
	13		fectly applicable to the reaches that we used with the
	14		exception of the Big Wind River. Now, the IFG also makes
	15		the stipulation that if the investigator has reason to
	16		believe that his preference curves that he wants to use
	17		in analyzing his data may be different, he should make an
	18		adjustment to those curves to reflect that difference.
	19		I did so for the those curves of the Big Wind River.
ود	20	Q.	Isn't it true that the Instream Flow Group does not sup-
	21		port the data that's contained in 'ishfil that you used?
	22	A.	Does not support in which way?
	23		
	24		* * * *
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- (By Mr. White) Well, isn't it true that when you used FISHFIL, you were required, or understood, at least, that the instream flow group curves are based upon data obtained from the literature and various other sources and thus are not supported by the Instream Flow Group?
  - What you're referring to is the -- they tell the investigators, as I've previously stated, not to accept the curves basically as gospel, he should be aware of the fact how these curves were developed and if they applied to this situation. It would be hard for anybody to lay out the facts and say this is the way nature exists, and we know that a hundred percent positively.

They're simply passing on to the investigator and saying be aware of these curves. This information is available for your use, but prior to your use, make sure it applies in your situation.

- When you determined that these curves applied in your Q. situation, what sort of investigation or study did you do, such as that which was described in the slide show, to insure that these curves or species preference information were applicable to the various claim reaches upon which you testified?
- I relied on the opinions of other personnel in my field A. vogel-cross-white

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such as -- more specifically, my project or the project leader at Lander, my boss, Dick Baldes. I also got the opinion from Ken Bovee, who helped develop these curves. In his opinion -- he's also a Wyoming native in that area. In his opinion the only curves that may have been of concern are the cutthroat trout in that area. As far as rainbows and browns and in some of the tributaries in the Big Wind, I also thought they would be satisfactory. Do you know what investigations Mr. Baldes made in 10 determining whether or not the preference information 11 in FISHFILE or FISHFIL was applicable to the Wind 12 River or any of the reaches which you have studied? 13 No. Λ. 14 Are you sure that Mr. Bovee is a Wyoming native? 15 I believe he's lived in Wyoming for a substantial A. 16 number of years. 17 He's not from Montana? 18 He lived in Montana at one time. I understand he went A. 19 to school there. I believe his parents or mother and 20 father still have a farm up by Cody. 21 Well, let's go to temperature, where we are headed. 22 Is it true that you didn't use temperature as 23 a variable in your study? 24 vogel-cross-white 25

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25	vogel-cross-white
24	A. First of all, at the time of the study, I did not
23	didn't you use it?
22	Q If you had species preference data for temperature, why
21	A. That's correct.
20	temperature?
19	7 in your report, actually has four graphs including
18	velocity, depth and substrate graphs appear, your Page
17	Q Isn't it true that the page from FISH-4 for which the
16	A. Okay.
15	Q Would you please turn to Page 37 of FISH-4?
14	A. Yes.
13	Exhibit FISH-4?
12	Q Isn't Bovee, 1978 also what's been identified as Plaintiff's
11	Q. And you indicate that the source of Page 7 is Bovee, 1978?  A. That's correct.
10	A. That's correct.  Q. And you indicate that the source of Page 7 is Bovee, 1978?
9	adults; is that correct?
8	Q You show no temperature preference curve there for rainbow
7	A. Okay.
6	
5	Exhibit C-280.
4	Q (By Mr. White) Would you turn to Page 7 of your report,
3	answered that.
2	MR. WHITE: I'm sorry, I didn't realize he'd
1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: He's answered that.

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believe temperature would be a limiting factor to the trout on the reservation. As you're aware, the tributaries and Wind River itself lie in the valley of the foothills of two mountain ranges. Those species are presently existing there now, and I didn't believe it would be a concern.

- Isn't it a fair assumption that temperatures over roughly eighty degrees are not, or water temperatures over eighty degrees are not particular hospitable for the trout species which you've investigated?
- A. Yes.
- Did you do any temperature sampling particularly in the lower reaches of the Wind above Boysen to determine actual water temperature?

(Brief pause.

MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor, may I object to the question, in that Mr. White's description of the Wind River above Boysen River --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Boysen Reservoir.

MR. MEMBRINO: -- Boysen Reservoir is an awfully long stretch, the sum of which was shown on Exhibit 281 as being within the study conducted by Mr. Vogel.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Yes, you may object, but no,
I wouldn't sustain it because I think he can qualify
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1	A.	done studies relating to that subject.
2	Ú.	Then it must be true that you've made no analysis of the
3		effect on temperature on the historic and future irri-
4		gation development which we've previously discussed?
5	A.	That's correct.
6		MR. WHITE: Excuse me for a minute, Your Honor,
7		I'm looking for my next
8		THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right.
9		(Brief pause.
10		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Shall we go on through, ladies
11		and gentlemen, till about 11:45 and then quit without a
12		break? Anybody want a break?
13		Okay, let's go through.
14		MR. WHITE: That's fine with me, Your Honor.
15		(Brief pause.
16	Q.	(By Mr. White) Mr. Vogel, how many of your claim reaches
17		were analyzed by the use of IFG-2? I don't need the names,
18	31 <b>3</b> 1	I just need the number, and I believe it's ten.
19	A.	I'll double check that.
20	Q.	Maybe it's eleven.
21		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Ten out of sixteen, total?
22		MR. WHITE: Maybe it's eleven. I've just quickly
23		looked through.
24		THE WITNESS: I used IFG-2 on eleven reaches.
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1	Ç.	(By Mr. White) Would you turn to Page 22 of Exhibit	
2		FISH-lA, which is the script of the slide show.	
3	A.	Okay.	
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1	Q	And I refer you to the narrative beside slide Number 70
2		which reads: "The IFG-2: version of the water surface
3		profile subprogram can be used with very limited data
4		for reconnaisance or area wide planning studies". Do you
5		see that there?
6	A	Yes.
7	Q	Isn't it true then that the program or methodology which
8		you used for 11 of your 16 claim reaches can be used not
9	{	for the type of purposes associated with IFG-4 but for
10		reconnaisance and area wide planning purposes or studies?
11	A	First of all, I have to know who wrote that statement.
12		I looked at who wrote the script on this and it was
13		it said the script writing directed and edited by Jeannine
14 3		Kline and Barry Koob, K-o-o-b. I'm not aware of who
15		these people are. I don't know, it is one single
16		statement. To give a proper answer to that I would have
17		to know more about what it is referring to.
. 18	Q	It is true, however, that you are an employee of the
19		Fish and Wildlife Service of the U.S. Department of
20		Interior, isn't it?
21	A	That's correct.
22 i	Q	And isn't it true that this document was published by
23		that agency?
24	A	Yes.
25	vog	el-cross-white

1	Q	And isn't it true that this document is a Guide to the
2		Use and Operation of the Incremental Approach to the
3		Study of Instream Flows?
4	A	Please restate that.
5	Q	Isn't it true that this document is a Guide to the Use and
6		Operation well, of an 18-minute slide-tape overview of
7		the Instream Flow Incremental Methodology?
8	A	Yes, it is simply that, a guide to the use of an 18-minute
9		overview of the Instream Flow Incremental Methodology.
10	Q	Do you know why your agency would publish a document that
11		indicates that IFG-2 is used for reconnaisance or area wide
12		planning studies if that were not in fact true?
13	A	Again, that's a limited statement. I would have to know
14		more about the context it's used in.
15	Q	Do you know, or are you aware of any other documentary
16		sources discussing IFG-2, which indicates that it may be
17		used, reliably used for more detailed purposes aside from
18		reconnaisance or area wide planning studies?
19	A	I was trained and taught through the personnel of the
20		Instream Flow Group in Fort Collins, who developed the
21		Incremental Methodology, that it could be used for
22		situations such as I have used it on the Reservation.
23		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Mr. White.
24		MR. WHITE: Yes, sir.
25	vog	el-cross-white

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	1	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Does this statement carry an
	2	ambivalence in it? I read and what I read is "The IFG-2
	3	version of the water surface profile program can be used
***	4	with very limited field data for reconnaisance or area
14 A	5	wide planning."
***	6	MR. WHITE: Uh-huh.
-	7	THE SPECIAL MASTER: It doesn't limit its use to
Y	<b>8</b>	those two things only.
	9	MR. WHITE: It doesn't expand it either.
	10	THE SPECIAL MASTER: No, it doesn't. But, I was
	11	wanting to make sure we were reading what we were reading.
	12	Q (By Mr. White) Mr. Vogel, when did you take the course
-	<b>2</b> 13	from the Instream Flow Group?
	14	A Which course?
2	15	Q The course to which you just referred:
-	<b>1</b> 6	A I took two courses. The formal courses were taught in
	<b>2</b> 17	approximately March of 1979 and October of 1979, I believe.
-	₹ • 18	Q Isn't it true that the document which has been marked
-	§ 19	FISH-1-A is dated September, 1980?
-	20	A Yes.
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12000	À	very well guess what the next few moments will be about.
7	23 4	Q (By Mr. White) Mr. Vogel, I direct your attention to
-	24	what's been marked for identification as Plaintiff's
-	<b>25</b>	vogel-cross-white

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1	Exhibit WRIR FISH-M-1-A, which is an acetate overlay
2	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Oh, oh.
3	Q (By Mr. White) of what has been admitted as Tribes'
4	Exhibit M-1 and, I first ask you whether or not the
5	annotations on the overlay illustrate, it may not be
6	precisely correct, but generally illustrate the claim
7	reaches, the numbers of those reaches and the study areas
8	or study stretches, which are also reflected on what has
9	been admitted as U.S. Exhibit C-281?
10	MR. WHITE: I'm sorry. I was trying to let him see
11	both of them, Your Honor.
12	Excuse me. Dave, let me move this for a second to
13	make it a little steadier, if I don't break the Master's
14	tripod.
15	A Okay. What was the question again?
16	Q (By Mr. White) Does the acetate overlay, which has been
17	marked as FISH-M-1-A, generally illustrate the reaches,
18	numbers and study sites shown on what has been admitted
19	for illustrative purposes as U.S. Exhibit C-281?
20	A Yes, I believe it does.
21	Q Mr. Vogel, was it your intention to develop flow
22	recommendations for the benefit of trust lands within
23	the Indian Reservation?
24	A I'm not sure I understand your question.
25	vogel-cross-white
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1	Q	Do you know what the term trust land means?
2	A	No.
3		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'm surprised I allowed the
4	 	question, but go ahead.
5		MR. WHITE: I am too. Especially when you looked
6		around like that.
7	A	No. Would you please explain to me what trust lands are?
8		THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right. He needn't do that.
9		Just go ahead and ask the question without throwing a
10		curve.
11		MR. WHITE: I didn't mean to throw a curve, Your
12		Honor.
13		THE SPECIAL MASTER: I know that.
14	Q	(By Mr. White) Let's try it a different way: Did you
15		intend to develop instream flow recommendations for the
16		benefit of privately owned fee lands within the exterior
17		boundaries of the Wind River Indian Reservation?
18		MR. SACHSE: I object to the question, Your Honor,
19		on the grounds that the witness
20		THE SPECIAL MASTER: Objection sustained. You
21		may ask him what was the purpose of his work. I'm not
22		aware that developing and requiring a minimum flow was
23		accomplished for any particular land pattern or identity
24		of land, or anything to do with land. If it did, then
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the witness may say so.

MR. WHITE: It has a lot to do with the admissibility of evidence though, Your Honor.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: I know. You can bring out what you wish, Mr. White. I think I touched on this myself yesterday with the fee ownership touching the banks of these areas, the fee lands within the Reservation, the uses to be put by people on the fisheries. So go ahead.

(By Mr. White) Isn't it true that in approximately the middle of Reach No. 7, if, assuming that red land on Exhibit M-1 is private land, that roughly two or more river miles of that stretch have on one side, lands outside of the Indian Reservation, and on the other side, fee or privately owned lands?

MR. SACHSE: I object --

MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor, I object --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Now, we are in chorus and in unison.

MR. SACHSE: -- to this question on the basis that the witness has already testified that both his expertise and the purpose of his study was to make recommendations about how much water should be in which streams, to have reasonably better or optimum fish life. It has nothing to do with the ownership of land. The fish swims the same

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way whether fee land adjacent to it belongs to an Indian or a non-Indian or the United States.

MR. WHITE: Let me respond, if I might, Your Honor.
THE SPECIAL MASTER: I'll sustain it.

Go ahead, Mr. Wnite.

MR. WHITE: It has everything to do with it, because what's happening here is: Let's take "Reach No. 7, for example. Right in the middle of it and again up at the top for about another mile and a half of stream, there is private land or nontrust land on both sides of the bank. And what's being asserted here is an instream flow for a reach, the majority of which is bounded on both sides by other than trust lands. Less than half of it --

that's why I asked my questions yesterday. I'll take judicial notice of that. But, it is also why I asked questions really about: Is the duty really on the Tribes to assure that there is a minimum -- an optimum stream flow for fisheries? Is it the duty of the State of Wyoming? Can we be turning this around and arguing the other side of this same point: Is the duty on the United States or is the duty on all of us to make sure that there is an optimum flow there? And I don't think we can separate our respective interests in seeing that the fish

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1	life of that Reservation be maintained, and it is a duty
2	not just on all of us. So, I don't know. I can't
3	really believe you wanted to strike any of his testimony
4	based upon the fact there is that fee land there. But
5	you may want to impose the duty upon others to make sure
6	that flow is there.
7	MR. WHITE: But, Your Honor
8	MR. SACHSE: Your Honor,
9	MR. WHITE: Let me complete my statement
10	THE SPECIAL MASTER: Let him complete his statement
11	then, Mr. Sachse
12	MR. SACHSE: I thought you already sustained the
13	objection?
14	THE SPECIAL MASTER: I have sustained the objection,
15	but let him make his offer of proof. That's what he
16	wanted to do.
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MR. WHITE: Well, I want to continue with my explanation, Your Honor, and the explanation is that in stretch Number 7. for example, the claim is being made for over half of stretch Number 7, not for the benefit of trust lands, but for the benefit of fee lands. Now, this is --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Mr. White, it's not for the benefit of any land, it's for the benefit of people.

MR. WHITE: Let me continue.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Who's to fish and know the joy of fishing, the quality of life which we're losing in America. That's what it's for. I don't care who owns the land on either side.

MR. MEMBRINO: Furthermore --

MR. WHITE: Let me ask you this: If you own a large block of land under Number 7 --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Which I wish I did.

MR. WHITE: We all do. And if you had an irrigation water right under state law for that land with a 1910 priority date, and if an in-stream flow is imposed on the water, on the stream going by your land with an 1868 priority date, then your perception might be a little bit different simply because in order to maintain that stream flow which the United States is asking you to decree for the stream that goes past your land, in order to maintain

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that flow, you may not -- will not be able to divert in priority. And that's the point of this general area of inquiry, is that the United States is here claiming instream flows for areas or stretches of river which they have no trust ownership of, they're imposing an instream flow on people who do not appear nor concent to the imposition of that instream flow.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right.

MR. WHITE: And as a result I think it's perfectly appropriate.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Mr. White, you can make that objection to the claim when your case comes up and your segment of the case deals with fisheries. I think you pursued this with this witness on his direct case and the evidence.

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, I'd like to make an offer of proof.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right, please do. I want you to do so, but you, before you do, I want to state that the owners of the fee land, whether they're Indian or nonIndian --

MR. MEMBRINO: Your Honor --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: -- must recognize that maintenance of a fish habitat that may border their land, shall have a value that may be far in excess to them of the value

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of a short water year every eight or ten years, because the 1910 right might have to have some diminution in order to sustain a fish life on the banks of their property. I'm not sure they're being damaged at all. I think you balance in some equitites --

MR. WHITE: I hope you'd reserve ruling on that.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: -- on the land, but we'll get to that when you bring your case on.

MR. WHITE: I hope you reserve on the question of impact, Your Honor, because --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: That comes later in the case.

Mr. Membrino.

MR. MEMBRINO: I'd like to understand a little bit more clearly the grounds on -- My point is this --

THE SPECIAL MASTER: You want to wait for the offer of proof to hear what he has to say before you make that?

MR. MEMBRINO: I would like to get it in before the offer of proof.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: All right, go ahead.

MR. MEMBRINO: First of all, Mr. White seems to be arguing under some fierce riparian right related to water which is novel in the State of Wyoming.

Second, what we're talking about is a tribal resource which we believe is entitled to a water right for its maintenance. That is a fishery resource within the

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boundaries of the Reservation, and it's irrelevant —
it's irrelevant to know whether or not the land is
abutted by private or other land. This is a Reservation,
this is an Indian Reservation, the Reservation of fish
resource has not been alienated, not been affected by any
legislation or any other act of Congress that we know of,
so Mr. White's inquiry in this regard is irrelevant for
that reason.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: Make your offer, Mr. White.

MR. WHITE: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, if allowed to continue with the inquiry begun with Mr. Vogel, the State would develop the following evidence as testified to by — or as would be testified to by Mr. Vogel: That within the claim reaches shown by Numbers.1 through 16, I believe, on Exhibit, U.S..C-281, there are a total of over 42 miles, river miles of claim reaches which have nontrust land, be it fee or government owned or outside the Reservation, on both sides of the stream. With respect to Reach Number 1, two and a half miles; Number 2, 4.4 miles; Number 3, 2.5 miles; Number 4, 4.8 miles; Number 5, 3.3. miles; Number 6, a quarter of a mile; seven —

THE SPECIAL MASTER: A mile?

MR. WHITE: Three miles, 3.1 miles; 8, none; 9, 1.5 miles; 10, 1.6 miles; 11, none; 12, 4.6 miles; 13, 9 miles;

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14, 4.4. miles; 15, a quarter of a mile and 16, none.

That concludes the offer of proof, and I might also --Well, we'll address those in our brief, Your Honor.

Could I have just a moment to find my next area?

THE SPECIAL MASTER: You bet.

(Brief pause.

THE SPECIAL MASTER: This is an excellent observation Mr. Salazar has made. Read it in the record just the way you asked it to me, Mr. Salazar.

MR. SALAZAR: My query was if the State contends that it does not represent the private landowners in this case and if this line of questioning only concerns cases where privately held land or nontrust lands abutts the river, does the State even have standing to raise that argument unless they can prove that they own that land?

MR. WHITE: Of course it has standing, it has standing to attack any aspect of the federal claim, that's the very nature of a general adjudication. Everybody gets in there, interesse, as the Courts say, and battles it out. The only -- There's only one rule of standing in a general adjudication where you have priorities involved, appropriative rights, and that is a question of relative priorities in a general adjudication where the senior most or the priority being sought is the -- purported to be the most senior priority of the stream,

everybody has a standing. And finally, it's not the burden of the State of Wyoming to show whether or not the claims of the United States can be supported, it's the burden of the United States to show that their claims are appropriate. And simply because, because of that, the State is entitled to raise any issue which affects the validity or the prima facie nature of the United States' claim. If the United States came into this adjudication totally unopposed, I mean there wasn't a sole here to oppose them, then these very questions would be appropriate to be asked by the Court, and if the Court can ask them, so can any other party to a general adjudication.

touched this subject matter this morning sustains my ruling last night to Mr. Radosevich; there is no need for any published notices no place to nobody owning land -- pardon my English, let's clean that up. There is no need for any notice in the newspaper around the Reservation to alert fee owners of land within the Reservation that their rights aren't being pursued in this litigation, and on that little self-flattering -- on that note, let's just end up and go to lunch and be back at one thirty.

MR. WHITE: Okay, Your Honor.

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