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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

STATE OF IDAHO,)
Plaintiff-Respondent,) NO. 43545
) Ada County Case No. CR-2015-308
V.) CR-2015-308
ANDY DEMOSTENES GALLEGOS,)
Defendant-Appellant.) RESPONDENT'S BRIEF
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<u>Issue</u>

Has Gallegos failed to establish that the district court abused its discretion, either by imposing consecutive unified sentences of 15 years, with 12 years fixed, for one count of attempted rape, and 15 years, with eight years fixed, for a second count of attempted rape, or by denying his Rule 35 motion for reduction of his sentences?

Gallegos Has Failed To Establish That The District Court Abused Its Sentencing Discretion

Gallegos pled guilty to two counts of attempted rape, committed on two separate dates against two separate victims, and the district court imposed consecutive unified sentences of 15 years, with 12 years fixed, for the first count, and 15 years, with eight

years fixed, for the second count. (R., pp.25-27, 96-97,101-05.) Gallegos filed a notice of appeal timely from the judgment of conviction. (R., pp.108-11.) He also filed a timely Rule 35 motion for reduction of his sentences, which the district court denied. (Motion for Reconsideration of Sentence; Order on Defendant's Rule 35 Motion to Reconsider Sentence (Augmentations).)

Gallegos asserts his sentences are excessive in light of his abusive childhood, sexual abuse, substance abuse, purported remorse, support from family and friends, and that these convictions are his first felony convictions. (Appellant's brief, pp.6-9.) The record supports the sentences imposed.

The length of a sentence is reviewed under an abuse of discretion standard considering the defendant's entire sentence. State v. Oliver, 144 Idaho 722, 726, 170 P.3d 387, 391 (2007) (citing State v. Strand, 137 Idaho 457, 460, 50 P.3d 472, 475 (2002); State v. Huffman, 144 Idaho 201, 159 P.3d 838 (2007)). It is presumed that the fixed portion of the sentence will be the defendant's probable term of confinement. Id. (citing State v. Trevino, 132 Idaho 888, 980 P.2d 552 (1999)). Where a sentence is within statutory limits, the appellant bears the burden of demonstrating that it is a clear abuse of discretion. State v. Baker, 136 Idaho 576, 577, 38 P.3d 614, 615 (2001) (citing State v. Lundquist, 134 Idaho 831, 11 P.3d 27 (2000)). To carry this burden the appellant must show that the sentence is excessive under any reasonable view of the facts. Baker, 136 Idaho at 577, 38 P.3d at 615. A sentence is reasonable, however, if it appears necessary to achieve the primary objective of protecting society or any of the related sentencing goals of deterrence, rehabilitation or retribution. Id.

The maximum prison sentence for attempted rape is 15 years. I.C. §§ 18-6104, -306. The district court imposed consecutive unified sentences of 15 years, with 12 years fixed, for the first count of attempted rape, and 15 years, with eight years fixed, for the second count, both of which fall well within the statutory guidelines. (R., pp.101-05.) At sentencing, the district court articulated the correct legal standards applicable to its decision and also set forth its reasons for imposing Gallegos' sentences. (8/11/15 Tr., p.61, L.1 – p.69, L.2.) The state submits that Gallegos has failed to establish an abuse of discretion, for reasons more fully set forth in the attached excerpt of the sentencing hearing transcript, which the state adopts as its argument on appeal. (Appendix A.)

Gallegos next asserts that the district court abused its discretion by denying his Rule 35 motion for reduction of his sentences in light of additional letters of support from family and friends. (Appellant's brief, pp.9-13.) If a sentence is within applicable statutory limits, a motion for reduction of sentence under Rule 35 is a plea for leniency, and this court reviews the denial of the motion for an abuse of discretion. State v. Huffman, 144 Idaho, 201, 203, 159 P.3d 838, 840 (2007). To prevail on appeal, Gallegos must "show that the sentence is excessive in light of new or additional information subsequently provided to the district court in support of the Rule 35 motion."

Gallegos provided no new information in support of his Rule 35 motion. (Motion for Reconsideration of Sentence (Augmentations).) He merely reiterated his support from family and friends, which was not new information before the district court. (See 8/11/15 Tr., p.61, L.17 – p.62, L.1) Because Gallegos presented no new evidence in support of his Rule 35 motion, he failed to demonstrate in the motion that his sentences

were excessive. Having failed to make such a showing, he has failed to establish any basis for reversal of the district court's order denying his Rule 35 motion.

Conclusion

The state respectfully requests this Court to affirm Gallegos' convictions and sentences and the district court's order denying Gallegos' Rule 35 motion for reduction of sentence.

DATED this 21st day of April, 2016.

/s/ Lori A. Fleming
LORI A. FLEMING
Deputy Attorney General

ALICIA HYMAS Paralegal

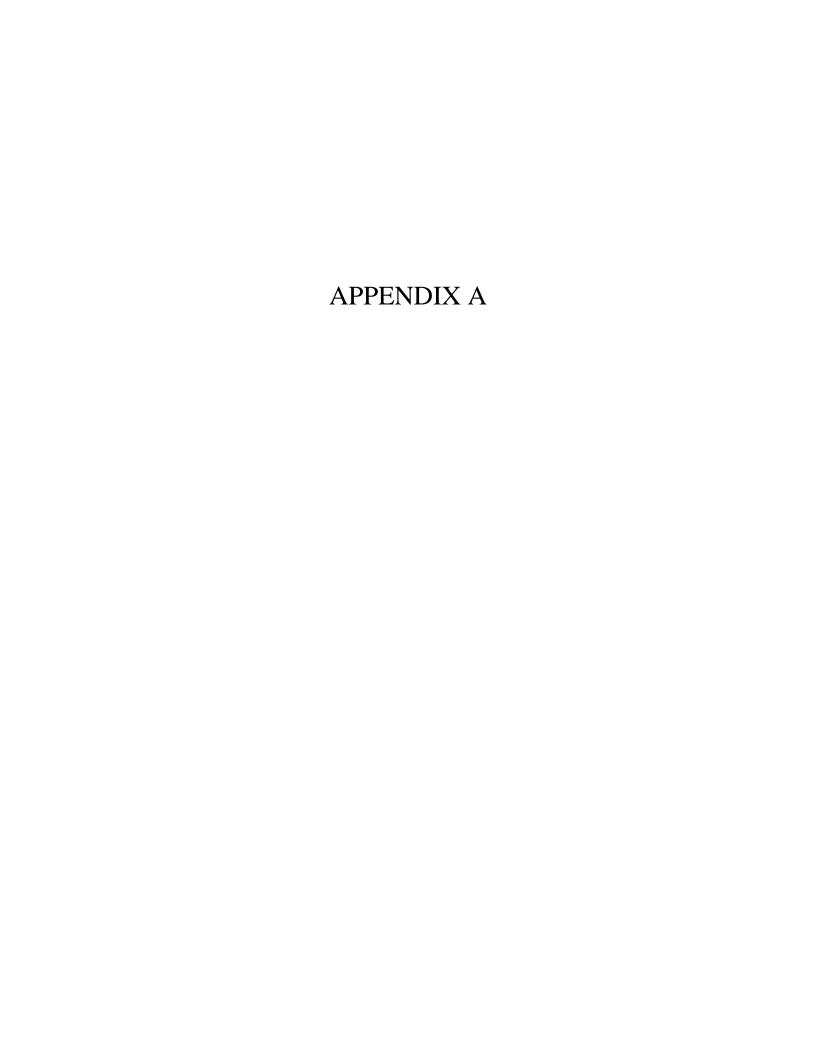
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have this 21st day of April, 2016, served a true and correct copy of the attached RESPONDENT'S BRIEF by emailing an electronic copy to:

REED P. ANDERSON DEPUTY STATE APPELLATE PUBLIC DEFENDER

at the following email address: briefs@sapd.state.id.us.

/s/_Lori A. Fleming
LORI A. FLEMING
Deputy Attorney General



THE COURT: Mr. Gallegos, on your plea of guilty, I find you guilty. In an exercise of my discretion in sentencing, I have considered the Toohill factors, including the nature of the offense, the character of the offender, the mitigating and aggravating circumstances and facts. In fashioning a sentence, I do so mindful of the objectives of, first and foremost, protecting society, the need for deterrence, the potential for rehabilitation, as well as the need for punishment or retribution.

I've reviewed the lengthy PSI materials, the psychosexual evaluation, the victim statements, the numerous letters of support for the defendant, and I have considered those, as well as the arguments of counsel today and the statement of the defendant in allocution.

In fashioning a sentence, while I consider all the objectives, those that in my mind are predominant are protection of the community and retribution. I've considered the mitigating factors in this case, some of which I'll mention, but I've considered all of the mitigation, not just those I've mentioned, including the defendant's age, including the fact that he has family that supports him, that want to be there for him, who believe that this conduct is out

of character for him and that support him ultimately.

I've considered also the defendant's indicated desire for treatment and help, although I do note, and I did note this -- and I think the prosecutor mentioned it also -- that the things that he said in his PSI this time in this case about his desire to change, his claim that alcohol increases his sexual need to act out and that he intends to never drink again. Quoting from the 2008 PSI it indicated that, "Mr. Gallegos identified alcohol as the problematic area that contributed to his criminal conduct. To mitigate this problem, Mr. Gallegos said that he would give up alcohol," end quotes.

The PSI goes on to state that Mr. Gallegos submitted the following statement to the court verbatim, quote, "I know what I did was wrong and I'm sorry for ever doing it. I can guarantee I won't be sitting in front of a Judge for any legal matters again," end quote.

And yet here you sit Mr. Gallegos. What you were being sentenced on in 2008, luckily for you and unfortunately, as it turns out, for the community and for these victims in this case, were two misdemeanors that you were convicted of of I think 13 or 15 felonies that were originally charged against you for effectively

groping women in public.

Your conduct in this case with the two victims for which you're being sentenced today, as well as in my mind is pretty clear the conduct with the other victim, Ms. Wright I believe was her name, who unfortunately the state was not able to bring charges in that case because of the statute of limitations is my understanding, but there certainly is strong evidence to suggest that you were responsible for that attack. It appears, by your statements and the investigation, that you broke into a number of other homes besides those for which we have information in terms of specific victims in this case. The information is pretty suggestive that you, in fact, are the BSU prowler responsible for at least some of those break-ins; although, frankly, in my sentencing today, the sentence that I'm going to give you today would not likely have been -- well, would not have been different, even if I were to believe your claims that you're not responsible for those break-ins. But I think there's some pretty strong evidence suggesting that you were.

At the end of the day, you are,
Mr. Gallegos, a dangerous, violence, sexual predator,
there's no other way to put it. You are a would-be
serial rapist. Your conduct has escalated and I have no

doubt that if not caught you would have continued to commit these types of crimes, you would have, in my mind, likely have committed additional rapes, and if unchecked, uitimately I would not be surprised if you would not have cost someone their life.

The damage that you have done to your victims is immeasurable, and the pain that they have endured is unsufferable. It is something that we would not wish on anyone's mother, sister, daughter. I think it appropriate to use in this case, because I could not state It better than the victim herself, one of the victims, the impact that you had on her, and I want to read what the victim said.

"What is not easy to express is how Andy's attack has affected my life and my emotional well being. I still pay for that. My family and my friends still pay too. This has haunted and horrified me and everyone close to me. I spent every day for nearly 4-1/2 years feeling alone and withdrawn. I spent 4-1/2 years going over and over the details of that attack in my mind, trying to put the puzzle pleces together. I had no answer and no hope of ever knowing who it was and why he did that. I suffered years of guilt for thinking I may have blamed the wrong person."

And I note that your conduct created another victim, in that the police focused in on the person who the victim thought had committed this terrible assault on her, and he had to face the fear and anxiety and the trauma of being falsely accused. She goes on:

"I suffered years of guilt and still blame myself for not running when I had the chances, for not calling the police when I had the chance, and now I live with the guilt that I let a stranger, a violent rapist, run only to attack another woman two weeks later."

And what I would want to say to her is that she's not to blame and she should not blame herself, and none of those victims should in any way blame themselves for what happened. You and you alone, Mr. Gallegos, are to blame for the damage that you have done that likely will never be remedied.

The damage doesn't stop there. There were many, many people in this community scared to death of this unknown, violent person attacking people at night in their homes while they slept. And even if you are not the BSU rapist, your conduct in this case magnified the fear of those in the community that were being victimized and were afraid of being victimized in that

series of crimes, knowing that the person that was perpetrating them may have been the person that violently assaulted people before. And so that is also a problem.

I am concerned that while you say you accept responsibility and that you want to apologize to your victims, it appears to me that you mitigate or try to mitigate in many ways your responsibility in this case, as I see it. In the interviews and in the PSI, you talk about only going into the victims' house wanting to steal something. I don't buy that for a second. I think you were stalking, I believe you were hunting and you were looking for victims.

You talked about the fact that you didn't think you were trying to force yourself sexually onto these victims, including the first victim whom you gave an Alford plea to, meaning you didn't admit to having the intent to try to rape her. And yet everything you did suggests that that is exactly what you tried to do.

And oddly, and inexplicably, you seem to suggest that somehow in many ways you're not responsible for the victim who mistook you for her boyfriend and engaged in sexual intercourse with you. You seem to think that somehow women would wake up in the middle of the night to find you, a stranger, at the foot of their

bed and think, oh, yeah, I want to have sex with him. I don't understand that mentality, not for a second. And I think it is excuse-making and justifying.

The psychosexual evaluation paints a frightening picture of you. It concludes that you are a high risk to reoffend, that you are predatory, as opposed to being opportunistic; although it notes that if given the opportunity you would be opportunistic in your crime and your victimization, if possible, as well. It concludes that you have a number of severe sexual disorders, a full-fledged antisocial personality disorder, which as much as counsel would indicate can be addressed, personality disorders, particularly antisocial personality disorder is a very difficult thing to address, in fact, and it conflates the other disorders and diagnoses that you have.

The recommendation continues that you should be treated in a structured environment, meaning prison. And that's not treatment begun in a structured environment with treatment continuing to the community after some period of time, that means treatment in total in prison. The Static and Stable evaluation scores indicate you are, in fact, a very high risk.

In consideration of all these factors, as well as having considered the mitigating factors, and as

I indicated in order to protect the community from you, because all best intentions aside that you have, that you tell me, I believe you continue to pose, if in the community, for a long time to come a very serious risk to the community, and also for punishment, I sentence you as follows:

I sentence you to the custody of the Idaho State Board of Correction under the Unified Sentencing Laws of the State of Idaho for an aggregate term on Count II of 15 years and on Count III of 15 years. I'll tell you, Mr. Gallegos, because of some circumstances that arose in this case, the state had to amended one of the counts from rape to attempted rape, which then limited my ability to sentence you to a total of 30 years down from an otherwise potential total of a life sentence. Had I had the opportunity to sentence you to a life sentence, I would. I believe you are that big of a risk to the community.

The court specifies on Count II a fixed period of confinement of 12 years fixed, with a subsequent indeterminate period of custody of three years; and on Count III, the court specifies a fixed period of confinement of eight years fixed, and a subsequent indeterminate period of custody of seven years. Those sentences will be consecutive to one

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another for a total unified sentence of 20 years fixed followed by ten years indeterminate.

I remand you to the custody of the sheriff of this county to be delivered to the proper agent of the State Board of Correction in execution of the sentence. The bail is exonerated. Credit will be given for 216 days served prior to entry of this judgment.

It is the further order of this court that the defendant shall provide a DNA sample, an HIV blood sample for HIV testing, a right thumbprint impression to the Department of Correction, and that the defendant shall also comply with the sexual offender registration requirements of Title 18, Chapters 83 and 84, and will register as a sex offender for the balance of his life.

I order that the defendant pay court costs, public defender reimbursement of \$500; a fine on Count II of \$15,000; and a fine on Count III of \$15,000. Restitution will be left open for 90 days. I am going to provisionally order that you pay, as a civil judgment, to each victim, the victim in Count II and the victim in Count III, a civil judgment in the amount of \$2,500 each,

I say provisionally because I'm going to give counsel seven days from today's date to submit briefing on whether the attempt carries with it the

potential for that civil judgment the way that the actual completed rape would, and if I conclude that the statute does allow that, then I will sign those orders for those civil judgments in those amounts.

Mr. Gallegos, you have the right to appeal. If you cannot afford to hire an attorney, you can request to have one appointed at public expense. Any appeal must be filed within 42 days of the date of this order or the entry of the written order of judgment of conviction and imposition of sentence.

I hope, Mr. Gallegos, that you are sincere about your wanting to change, and I hope that you use the time, considerable time that is available to you now to work on yourself, and I hope that the victims that you have created can find peace. I have signed the no-contact order.

MS. GUZMAN: The state is returning the PSI. your Honor.

> THE COURT: Thank you. MR. FUISTING: As has the defense, (Proceedings concluded.)

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

STATE OF IDAHO) COUNTY OF ADA)

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I, CHRISTIE VALCICH, Certified Court Reporter of the County of Ada, State of Idaho, hereby certify:

That I am the reporter who transcribed the proceedings had in the above-entitled action in machine shorthand and thereafter the same was reduced into typewriting under my direct supervision; and that the foregoing transcript contains a full, true, and accurate record of the proceedings had in the above and foregoing cause, which was heard at Bolse, Idaho.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 30th day of October, 2015.

CHRISTIE VALCICH, CSR-RPR Ada County Courthouse 200 West Front Street Bolse, Idaho

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